

Evening News Review.

18TH YEAR. NO. 118.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901—TWELVE PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

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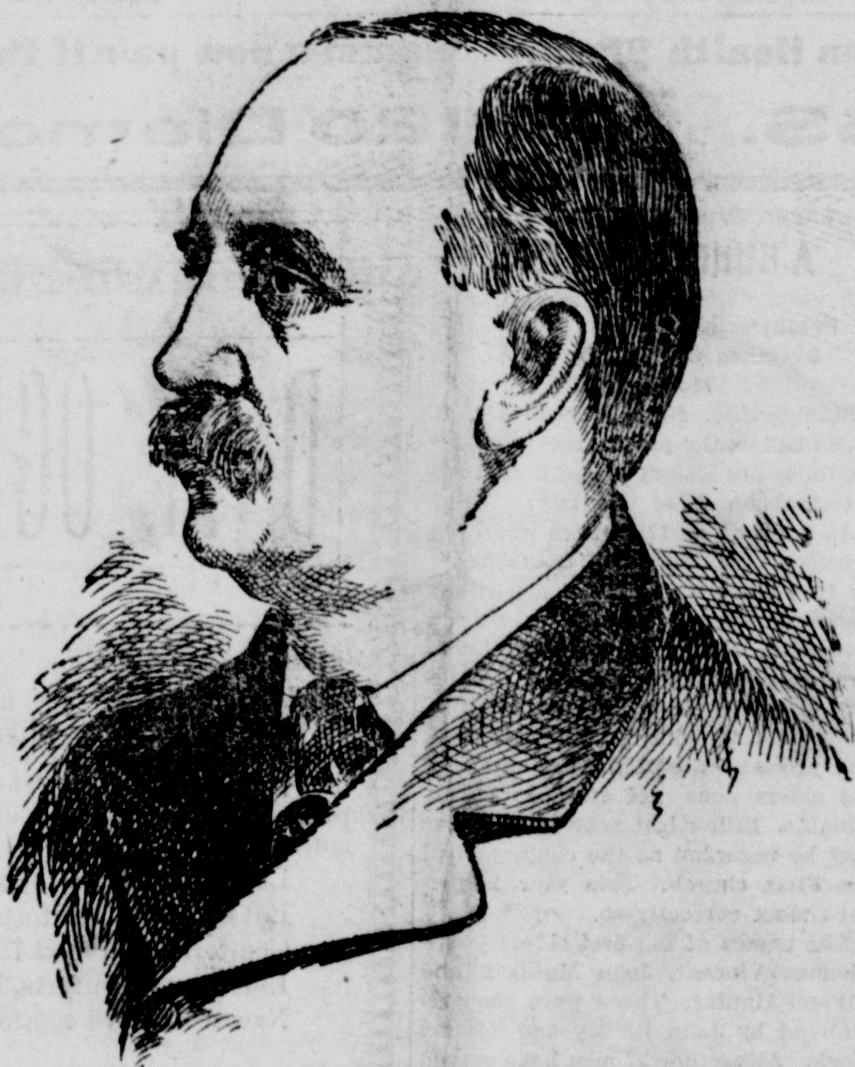
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Fletcher Watson was 20 years of age, and had been ill since last June. Colonel Watson left for Pittsburg this morning and brought the remains to this city today.

The young man is survived by his father and mother and three sisters.

I. O. O. F. HELD A SOCIAL

Largely Attended And Thoroughly Enjoyed—Some Amusing Contests.

The Ceramic lodge No. 286, I. O. O. F., held a Hallowe'en social in the rooms of the order last night, which was largely attended and very enjoyable. In addition to the usual pleasantries of such an occasion two amusing contests were held. One was that of a hanging apple which the contestants were compelled to eat without using their hands in holding it. Thomas Pickard won first prize in this event.

The second was an apple eating contest, in which the fruit was placed in a tub of water. Mrs. Hannah Bloor won first prize, she having consumed the apple before her competitors were fairly started. A bounteous supper was served.

HALLOWE'EN SOCIAL AFFAIRS.

Fred Kent, at his home in West End, entertained a large number of his friends.

Miss Edith Koch entertained her friends at her home on Fourth street. Miss Alice Sutemeyer, at her home on Walnut street, entertained her friends.

Leetonia Tool Company.

Columbus, November 1.—(Special)—The Leetonia Tool company, of Leetonia, capital \$3,000, was incorporated today by Harry T. Collin, John A. Flodding, Frank Trotter, Cassius M. Day and Harry S. Wilson.

Earl Hill and Wife Offered the Estate of a Wealthy Farmer.

THE BRIDE'S AGED UNCLE

Asks His Favorite Niece to Come and Make Home With Him.

MARRIED ONLY LAST MARCH

Fortune Smiles Upon a Pair Whose Prospects Were Not Particularly Brilliant at the Outset of Their Wedded Life.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hill, of this city, are voted by their friends to be the luckiest young couple in the city.

On the evening of March 16, 1901, young Hill and Miss Jennie Hanlon were married here. Their prospects in life were not different from those of many other young couples. The husband had a lucrative position with W. M. Foutts, West Market street, and the start in life was made under very ordinary circumstances.

Miss Hanlon's family hailed originally from Pleasants county, W. Va., and when they moved to East Liverpool a few years ago made the first break in the line of relatives to leave the home community.

Among the relatives left behind was an uncle of Mrs. Hill, James Hanlon, by name, who had always been very fond of his little niece. Mr. Hanlon is past the four score and ten mark, and was considered one of the wealthiest farmers in the district.

His farm, with the minerals underlying, is estimated to be worth in the neighborhood of \$5,000, and in addition to this is understood to have ready money to the amount of at least as much more.

Three weeks ago Mr. Hanlon's wife died, leaving him without a companion or a near relative. He soon tired of the loneliness and thought of sending for Jennie. He no sooner conceived the idea than he determined to put it into execution.

His proposition was received by Mr. and Mrs. Hill this week, and was substantially to the effect that if they would come at once and make their future home with the aged relative, all his property should be theirs at his death.

Mr. Hill and his young wife left for St. Mary's yesterday morning, and from there will travel 15 miles overland to the Hanlon farm, which is near Murphy postoffice. In leaving this city Mr. Hill stated that they had not decided to accept the offer, but had intended paying the old man a visit, anyway, and would look over the ground and make a decision later.

PROBATE MATTERS

Will of Mrs. Ann Baker—Sale of Property Confirmed.

Lisbon, November 1.—(Special)—The will of the late Mrs. Ann Baker, of Elkrun township, has been filed for probate. The property is left to Susan Baker, a daughter, during life, then to be divided among the surviving children of the decedent, except John, who gets, nothing, having received his portion.

Judge Boone has confirmed the sale of certain property in Lisbon belonging to the estate of Levi McCaskey. The property was sold to Perry A. McCaskey for \$3,000.

WANTS INFORMATION

Expert Hill Seeks More Data About the Broken Reservoir.

Water Works Superintendent Morley has received a letter from Engineer John W. Hill, of Philadelphia, the expert who has been consulted in regard to the repair of the reservoir break. Mr. Hill says he wants a statement of the weight per cubic foot of sand and other material in the natural basin. This information supplied, he will be able to report on the best way to repair the break.

The information will be furnished and an effort made to hasten the report.

Advertising in these columns brings returns every time.

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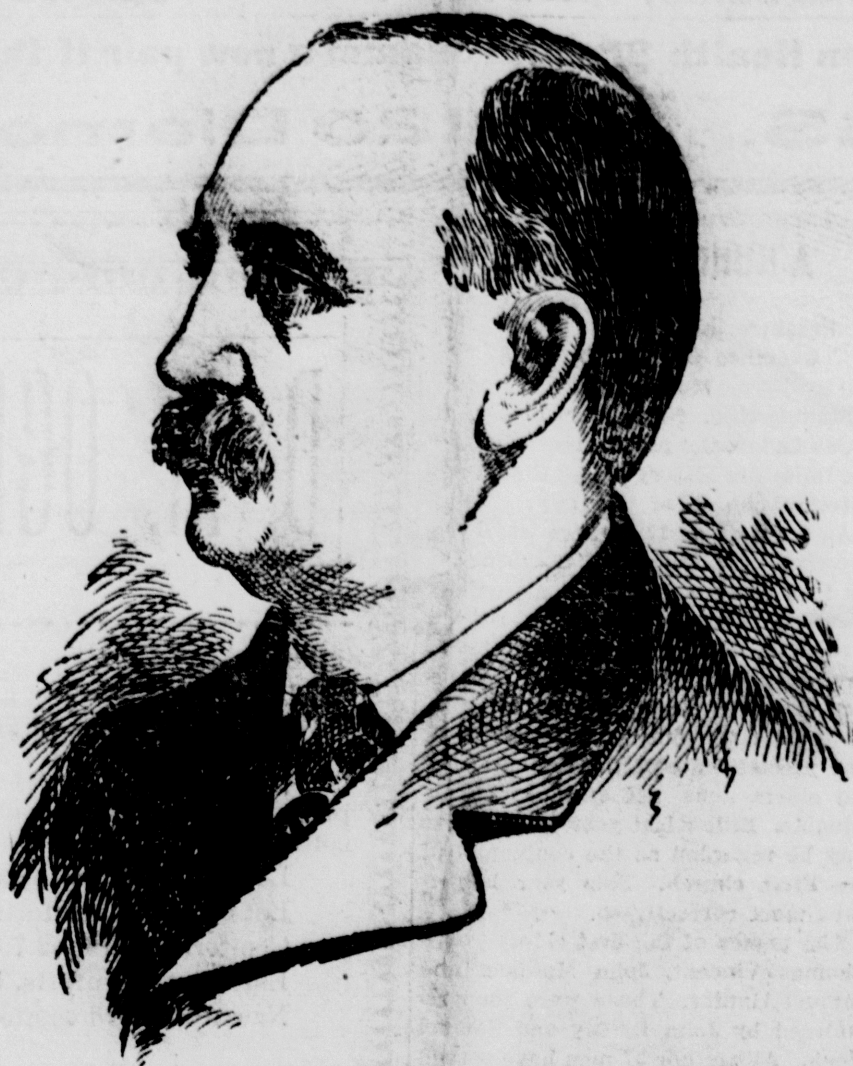
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Largely Attended And Thoroughly Enjoyed—Some Amusing Contests.

The Ceramic lodge No. 286, I. O. O. F., held a Hallowe'en social in the rooms of the order last night, which was largely attended and very enjoyable. In addition to the usual pleasures of such an occasion two amusing contests were held. One was that of a hanging apple which the contestants were compelled to eat without using their hands in holding it. Thomas Pickel won first prize in this event.

The second was an apple eating contest, in which the fruit was placed in a tub of water. Mrs. Hannah Bloor won first prize, she having consumed the apple before her competitors were fairly started. A bounteous supper was served.

HALLOWE'EN SOCIAL AFFAIRS.

Fred Kent, at his home in West End, entertained a large number of his friends.

Miss Edith Koch entertained her friends at her home on Fourth street. Miss Alice Sutmyer, at her home on Walnut street, entertained her friends.

Leetonia Tool Company.

Columbus, November 1.—(Special)—The Leetonia Tool company, of Leetonia, capital \$3,000, was incorporated today by Harry T. Collin, John A. Flodding, Frank Trotter, Cassius M. Day and Harry S. Wilson.

Earl Hill and Wife Offered the Estate of a Wealthy Farmer.

THE BRIDE'S AGED UNCLE

Asks His Favorite Niece to Come and Make Home With Him.

MARRIED ONLY LAST MARCH

Fortune Smiles Upon a Pair Whose Prospects Were Not Particularly Brilliant at the Outset of Their Wedded Life.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hill, of this city, are voted by their friends to be the luckiest young couple in the city.

On the evening of March 16, 1901, young Hill and Miss Jennie Hanlon were married here. Their prospects in life were not different from those of many other young couples. The husband had a lucrative position with W. M. Foutts, West Market street, and the start in life was made under very ordinary circumstances.

Miss Hanlon's family hailed originally from Pleasants county, W. Va., and when they moved to East Liverpool a few years ago made the first break in the line of relatives to leave the home community.

Among the relatives left behind was an uncle of Mrs. Hill, James Hanlon, by name, who had always been very fond of his little niece. Mr. Hanlon is past the four score and ten mark, and was considered one of the wealthiest farmers in the district.

His farm, with the minerals underlying, is estimated to be worth in the neighborhood of \$5,000, and in addition to this is understood to have ready money to the amount of at least as much more.

Three weeks ago Mr. Hanlon's wife died, leaving him without a companion or a near relative. He soon tired of the loneliness and thought of sending for Jennie. He no sooner conceived the idea than he determined to put it into execution.

His proposition was received by Mr. and Mrs. Hill this week, and was substantially to the effect that if they would come at once and make their future home with the aged relative, all his property should be theirs at his death.

Mr. Hill and his young wife left for St. Mary's yesterday morning, and from there will travel 15 miles overland to the Hanlon farm, which is near Murphy postoffice. In leaving this city Mr. Hill stated that they had not decided to accept the offer, but had intended paying the old man a visit, anyway, and would look over the ground and make a decision later.

PROBATE MATTERS

Will of Mrs. Ann Baker—Sale of Property Confirmed.

Lisbon, November 1.—(Special)—The will of the late Mrs. Ann Baker, of Elkrun township, has been filed for probate. The property is left to Susan Baker, a daughter, during life, then to be divided among the surviving children of the decedent, except John, who gets, nothing, having received his portion.

Judge Boone has confirmed the sale of certain property in Lisbon belonging to the estate of Levi McCaskey. The property was sold to Perry A. McCaskey for \$3,000.

WANTS INFORMATION

Expert Hill Seeks More Data About the Broken Reservoir.

Water Works Superintendent Morley has received a letter from Engineer John W. Hill, of Philadelphia, the expert who has been consulted in regard to the repair of the reservoir break. Mr. Hill says he wants a statement of the weight per cubic foot of sand and other material in the natural basin. This information supplied, he will be able to report on the best way to repair the break.

The information will be furnished and an effort made to hasten the report.

Advertising in these columns brings returns every time.

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THE NEGRO VOTE.

The party which gains a large share of its representation in the electoral college, and in congress, through a shameless disfranchisement of voters, has but small claims to public endorsement. The census of 1890 gave Louisiana a voting population of 130,748 white, and 119,748 colored; yet a constitutional convention practically disfranchised the colored voters of that state—the Republican vote being only 21,627. The voting population of Mississippi was: White, 120,611; colored 150,469, yet the Republican vote in that state in 1896 amounted to only 4,849. Formerly the Democracy resorted to fraud and intimidation to "eliminate" the colored vote. Now it resorts to disfranchisement under forms of legal enactment.

TRIUMPH OVERWHELMING.

The present indications are that the recent events will help the Republicans rather than harm them. In Mr. McKinley's own state the assassination is certain to diminish the Democratic vote and enlarge that of the Republicans. The intemperate abuse of the late president in the past four years will react now on the party responsible for it, and increase the lead of the Republican candidate. The Republicans were tolerably sure to carry Ohio in any case this year, but the assassination will make their triumph overwhelming.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

SALE OF These are not like the ordinary comforts
COMFORTS offered—different in style of coverings used,
better cotton and good size—and best of all they cost very
little, if any more, than the less desirable kind. Whether the
price is \$1.00 or \$5.00 you'll find these filled with clean, pure
cotton and the coverings, new styles and pretty.

Lot of 72x72 comforts, \$1.00.

Lot of ruffled comforts 72x72 \$1.75.

Comforts 72x78, \$2.75 and 72x84, \$3.50 to \$5.00.

Eiderdown comforts, beautiful styles, \$7.50 and \$10.

New wool filled comforts, \$9.00.

BLANKETS—Cotton blankets, 45c, 50c, 75c up to \$1.75.

Special lot of all wool blankets, \$2.45.

Buffalo blankets, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 to \$5.00.

Lot of fine all wool 11-4 blankets, \$5.00.

St. Mary's blankets, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$11.00.

CLOAKS—New ones coming in every day now. Good as-
sortment of gray raglans this week, \$15, \$18 and \$22.50.

New lot of children's raglan style, full length coats, cas-
tor and red, kersey with velvet collar, \$9.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

CARPETS

We show them in rolls and you see just what they
will look like on your floor. We also show
you more of them than you will
find elsewhere.

FURNITURE

No matter what room you may want to furnish, or
what particular piece you may want, we
have all the latest designs and
patterns.

Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Lace Curtains,
Portiers or anything for any
room in the house can be
found at

Frank Crook's

NEWS REVIEW "Wants" ARE BEST

Because They Bring Quick Results.

How About
The Future?

It doesn't pay to live
as though your income
were as certain as a
government pension—
Better save something
out of every pay and
put that something
where it will be safe.
All money deposited in
this bank is on demand
and may be withdrawn
without notice.

The Potters National
Bank.



Spare Yourself
Care and Worry
By opening a bank
account. It will
keep your money
safe, and every check
which you issue is a receipt to be returned
to you every time your bank book is bal-
anced.

Citizen's National Bank,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

MAKE KNOWN
YOUR WANTS

Inform the public of what
you have For Sale, For Rent
or For Exchange; what you
have Lost or found. The
cheapest and Best Way to
place a small ad. in the
Favorite Home Newspaper.

The Evening
News Review

Real Estate Offices, Drug
Stores and News Stands
throughout the city will
supply you with cards on
which to write your ad.
Pay 25 cents for a card,
write it and mail it, and

You Will Get
What You Want

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Tim
In Effect May 26, 1901.
From East Liverpool.

Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No.	Time	No.	Time
*302	8:56 a. m.	*301	12:36 p. m.
*340	6:51 a. m.	*339	7:05 a. m.
*386	11:21 a. m.	*385	9:00 a. m.
*380	5:06 p. m.	*379	2:50 p. m.
*316	5:40 p. m.	*315	6:33 p. m.
*264	7:30 a. m.	*263	9:06 a. m.
*262	8:25 p. m.	*261	6:48 p. m.

From Chester.
Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No.	Time	No.	Time
*250	8:52 a. m.	*251	6:07 a. m.
*252	8:40 a. m.	*253	11:55 a. m.
*254	2:27 p. m.	*255	7:45 p. m.

*Runs Daily. †Daily, except Sunday
**Sunday only.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301
and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 310
between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Tel-
low Creek and Alliance. No. 395 connects
at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown,
Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashland and
intermediate stations; No. 396 for Erie, Ash-
land and intermediate stations; No. 397
for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie
and intermediate stations.

Nos. 395 and 396 connect at Bayard for
New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscar-
awas Branch.
For time cards, rates of fare, through tick-
ets, baggage checks, and further infor-
mation regarding the running of trains, apply
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T. B. Murphy & Son will have new radishes, new green onions, new parsley and watercress for Saturday. 118-h

THE NEGRO VOTE.

The party which gains a large share of its representation in the electoral college, and in congress, through a shameless disfranchisement of voters, has but small claims to public endorsement. The census of 1890 gave Louisiana a voting population of 130,748 white, and 119,748 colored; yet a constitutional convention practically disfranchised the colored voters of that state—the Republican vote being only 21,627. The voting population of Mississippi was: White, 120,611; colored 150,469, yet the Republican vote in that state in 1896 amounted to only 4,849. Formerly the Democracy resorted to fraud and intimidation to "eliminate" the colored vote. Now it resorts to disfranchisement under forms of legal enactment.

TRIUMPH OVERWHELMING.

The present indications are that the recent events will help the Republicans rather than harm them. In Mr. McKinley's own state the assassination is certain to diminish the Democratic vote and enlarge that of the Republicans. The intemperate abuse of the late president in the past four years will react now on the party responsible for it, and increase the lead of the Republican candidate. The Republicans were tolerably sure to carry Ohio in any case this year, but the assassination will make their triumph overwhelming.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

SALE OF COMFORTS These are not like the ordinary comforts offered—different in style of coverings used, better cotton and good size—and best of all they cost very little, if any more, than the less desirable kind. Whether the price is \$1.00 or \$5.00 you'll find these filled with clean, pure cotton and the coverings, new styles and pretty.

Lot of 72x72 comforts, \$1.00.
Lot of ruffled comforts 72x72 \$1.75.
Comforts 72x78, \$2.75 and 72x84, \$3.50 to \$5.00.
Eiderdown comforts, beautiful styles, \$7.50 and \$10.
New wool filled comforts, \$9.00.

BLANKETS—Cotton blankets, 45c, 50c, 75c up to \$1.75.
Special lot of all wool blankets, \$2.45.
Buffalo blankets, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 to \$5.00.
Lot of fine all wool 11-4 blankets, \$5.00.
St. Mary's blankets, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$11.00.

CLOAKS—New ones coming in every day now. Good assortment of gray raglans this week, \$15, \$18 and \$22.50.
New lot of children's raglan style, full length coats, castor and red, kersey with velvet collar, \$9.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

CARPETS

We show them in rolls and you see just what they will look like on your floor. We also show you more of them than you will find elsewhere.

FURNITURE

No matter what room you may want to furnish, or what particular piece you may want, we have all the latest designs and patterns.

Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Lace Curtains, Portiers or anything for any room in the house can be found at

Frank Crook's

NEWS REVIEW "WANTS" ARE BEST
Because They Bring Quick Results.

How About The Future?

It doesn't pay to live as though your income were as certain as a government pension—Better save something out of every pay and put that something where it will be safe. All money deposited in this bank is on demand and may be withdrawn without notice.

The Potters National Bank.



Spare Yourself Care and Worry By opening a bank account. It will save you the necessity of keeping accounts, as every check which you issue is a receipt to be returned to you every time your bank book is balanced.

Citizen's National Bank,
East Liverpool, Ohio.

MAKE KNOWN YOUR WANTS

Inform the public of what you have For Sale, For Rent or For Exchange; what you have Lost or found. The cheapest and Best Way is to place a small ad. in the Favorite Home Newspaper.

The Evening News Review

Real Estate Offices, Drug Stores and News Stands throughout the city will supply you with cards on which to write your ad. Pay 25 cents for a card, write it and mail it, and

You Will Get What You Want

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time in Effect May 28, 1901.
From East Liverpool.
Cleveland and Pittsburg Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No.	Time	No.	Time
382	3:56 a. m.	301	12:36 a. m.
380	6:51 a. m.	295	7:05 a. m.
378	11:21 a. m.	289	9:06 a. m.
376	3:06 p. m.	283	2:50 p. m.
374	5:40 p. m.	277	6:23 p. m.
372	7:30 a. m.	271	9:06 a. m.
370	5:25 p. m.	265	6:48 p. m.

From Chester.
Pittsburgh (Pan Handle) Division.

EASTBOUND.		WESTBOUND.	
No.	Time	No.	Time
350	5:52 a. m.	351	6:07 a. m.
352	8:40 a. m.	353	11:55 a. m.
354	2:27 p. m.	355	2:45 p. m.

*Runs Daily. +Daily, except Sunday and Sunday only.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 301 and 302 and Parlor Cars on Nos. 303 and 310 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 306 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations; No. 350 for Youngstown, Niles, Jamestown, Erie and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 336 connect at Bayard to New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch.
For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to ADAM HILL, Passenger and Ticket Agent, East Liverpool, Ohio.

CONTRADICTS SCHLEY

Chadwick Says Admiral Wasn't Given Precautionary Dispatches.

CAPT. BORDEN PRAISED SCHLEY.

Testified That the Admiral Bore Himself Honorably During the Battle of July 3—Captain Sigbee on the Stand Again.

Washington, Nov. 1.—In the Schley court of inquiry a number of witnesses were introduced by Judge Advocate Lemly to testify in rebuttal of the evidence given in Admiral Schley's behalf. The court decided that no witnesses could be introduced at this stage of the proceeding to give testimony on immaterial points. This announcement was made in connection with an effort to prove a conversation on board the Massachusetts, in which Lieutenant Sears, who was Admiral Schley's flag lieutenant, was represented to have said:

"For — sake don't discourage him (meaning Commodore Schley); it is all that we have been able to do to work him up to this."

It had the effect of relieving Lieutenant Commander Grant, Lieutenant Commander Potts and other officers of the Massachusetts, who had been called to testify concerning this conversation with Mr. Sears, which is said to have occurred on the Massachusetts just before the reconnaissance of May 31.

Not Like Civil Court.

On the other hand, the court held that it was not bound by the ordinary proceeding in civil courts as to the time when testimony can be taken and that witnesses might be called or recalled any time for the purpose of making additions to former statements, but that none of them could reiterate testimony previously given. This decision was rendered upon an objection raised by Mr. Rayner to allowing Captain Sigbee to give new testimony when called as a witness for rebuttal purposes.

The witnesses recalled in rebuttal were Captain Charles D. Sigbee, Captain French E. Chadwick, Captain Joseph G. Eaton, Lieutenant John H. Koyes and Chief Quartermaster Neil Anderson, all of whom testified to incidents connected with the campaign of 1898.

Captain Chadwick in his statement said that the precautionary dispatches from the navy department in regard to attacking the Spanish shore batteries had not been communicated to Commodore Schley. This statement is regarded as of great importance by Admiral Schley's opponents; as it distinctly contradicts the admiral's own statements.

Captain Sigbee testified concerning his interview on the Brooklyn with Commodore Schley. Captain Eaton was the commander of the dispatch boat Resolute during the war and his testimony largely related to and just after the battle of July 3. Lieutenant Koyes served on board the Eagle and his statement bore upon the Eagle's meeting with the Brooklyn when the latter was en route to Cienfuegos and again while the flag ship lay off that port. He stated that Commodore Southerland had asked not to be sent to Port Antonio for coal and had asked to be allowed to coal from the Merrimac. Mr. Anderson was chief quartermaster of the Brooklyn during the Spanish war and was at the wheel during the battle of July 3. He said that Commodore Schley had given the order of "hard aport," but that when the order was given the vessel was then hard aport.

Borden Praised Schley.

Before these witnesses were introduced for the department the court heard Captain T. S. Borden, of the marine corps, who served on the Brooklyn, in Admiral Schley's behalf. He was the last of the admiral's witnesses and he testified that the admiral had borne himself honorably during the battle of July 3.

Captain Sigbee, in his testimony, said in part:

"I desire to state that I informed Commodore Schley on the occasion of my visit to him on the 26th, first, that I thought that the St. Paul had been chased by a torpedo boat on the night of her arrival or the subsequent night; second, that I detailed to him the communication between Captain Goodrich, of the St. Louis, and myself on board the St. Paul as we passed each other, when I was bound from Cape Haitien to Santiago, and the St. Louis was bound from Santiago to Cape Haitien."

The witness said that since he was formerly on the stand he had recalled that he did see the press boat Somers N. Smith on May 28, and he also recalled, he said, that on that evening he had seen the press boat Premier and had warned those aboard against remaining where they then were, because of the danger of being attacked by torpedo boat destroyers.

Continuing, he said that in his interview with Commodore Schley on board the Brooklyn he was told by the commodore that the St. Paul (Sigbee's boat) was to go with the flying squadron to Key West and on the following day was to take the Texas in tow. The witness remarked: "There was almost no catechism at that time on the part of Commodore Schley. I volunteered almost everything that I said about Santiago and the Spanish fleet. His whole conversation was on the subject of coal, and nothing but coal, and so far as I could judge he already had made up his mind to return to Key West. He told me that he was going to Key West."

Questioned by Rayner.

On cross-examination Mr. Rayner asked about the statement that the Premier had been warned against torpedo boat destroyers, and the witness said that he had given this warning because he believed from his information from the navy department that the Spaniards were in the harbor.

"You believed they were there, notwithstanding that on the 29th you thought, as you have heretofore testified, that they were going in there? Is that correct?"

"Quite so. I thought it possible they might not have gone in."

Mr. Rayner—Let me get that right. You thought on the 29th they might be there, although on the 29th, in your official report, you say you thought you saw them approaching that port?"

"That is quite so. They might have been out or they might have been in. I was prepared for either event."

Referring to his testimony concerning Captain Goodrich, Captain Sigbee indicated a desire to go into greater detail, indicating that if permitted to do so he thought he could show that Mr. Graham, the Associated Press correspondent, had been mistaken in his statement as to his (Sigbee's) conversation with Commodore Schley on board the Brooklyn. Mr. Rayner, however, declined to interrogate the witness upon this point, but after he had concluded his examination Mr. Hanna asked Captain Sigbee whether he had not carried an Associated Press dispatch upon leaving the Brooklyn, to be forwarded by him.

Said He Carried Dispatch.

"Yes," said the witness, "I carried an Associated Press dispatch handed me by Commodore Schley and read by him in my presence, and he asked me to send it from the Mole. There was but one Associated Press agent

DON'T GRUMBLE; GO TO WORK



IN HEAVEN THERE ARE NO GRUMBLERS, AND THAT MAKES HEAVEN. IN HELL THERE IS NOTHING ELSE, AND THAT MAKES HELL.

By the Rev. P. S. HENSON Of Chicago

In this world things are greatly mixed, thorns and flowers, thanksgivings and complainings, with a large proportion of the latter. If there is any place on earth where the voice of the grumbler ought not to be heard, it is in the sanctuary of the home, but that is where it is heard most loudly. When a man is at his place of business, he has to be a gentleman, but when he goes to his own home he has not got to be anything in particular, and so he lets out the pent up fury of the day. He comes in like a howling cyclone. "What's the reason dinner isn't ready? What's the matter with that beefsteak? It isn't fit for a dog. I'll go to a hashhouse." Poor little woman! She has had her troubles and has been wishing for sympathy. That is the kind she gets.

Somebody says we need wideawake men. There is more need for fast asleep men. THIS WORLD IS GOING MAD FOR WANT OF SLEEP. Every now and then I get too cross for anybody to live with, and I know what is the matter. What I need is sleep.

Then get in the habit of looking for sweetness and light. We get what we look for. Here is a bee in the neighborhood of Chicago. There are a great many things to smell of in Chicago—stockyards, our unspeakable rivers, a lot of decayed aldermen, though there are not so many of them as there were. A bee has no nose for things like these, but a mile away is a rose with honey in its heart, and he makes a bee line for the rose, covers himself with honey and returns to his hive. He got what he went for. Here is a buzzard. There are thousands of flower gardens in and about Chicago. A buzzard has no nose for flowers, but a mile away is a dead rat, and so he goes for that.

NOW, IF YOU WANT TO SMELL A ROSE YOU JUST WANT TO FIND A ROSE, AND IF YOU WANT TO SMELL A RAT YOU CAN COME ONLY FIND THAT.

Look for sweetness and light, and you will find them every day and everywhere. Paul and Silas found them in the dungeon at midnight.

LET ME GIVE YOU ONE MORE PRESCRIPTION—IF YOU WANT TO BE CURED OF GRUMBLING, GO TO WORK.

on board the Brooklyn, and there was but one such dispatch sent by me. That dispatch stated that during that period covering the retrograde movement Commodore Schley had acted on his own information and judgment."

In response to further questions, Captain Sigbee said that this dispatch did not state that the Spanish fleet was not in the harbor of Santiago. He also said that the dispatch had been given him on May 29, and not on May 26.

M. E. BISHOPS' CONFERENCE.

Bishop Hamilton Recommends Joint College With Church South, in Oklahoma.

Cincinnati, Nov. 1.—Bishop Fowler presided yesterday at the biennial session of the Methodist bishops. The work of hearing reports from the bishops on their respective fields occupied the session.

The following new committees were appointed: On Episcopal Plan of Visitation—Warren, Walden, Fitzgerald and McCabe.

On Law and Administration—Merrill, Andrews, Foss and Goodsell.

At the afternoon session Bishop Joyce presided and the time was devoted to general discussions. The annual report of Bishop Fowler was made Wednesday and those of Bishops Goodsell, McCabe and Hamilton yesterday. The report of Bishop Hamilton included a recommendation for a college to be built in Oklahoma jointly with the Methodist Church South. Bishop Keyes, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, and Bishop Hamilton have been co-operating in that territory and have received propositions jointly for the establishment of an institution in charge of the two branches of the church. All of the reports of the bishops have been referred to the committees, but it is thought that the recommendation of Bishop Hamilton for the institution in Oklahoma will be adopted.

Last night Bishop Fowler delivered a lecture on Abraham Lincoln. Bishop Earl Cranston was expected to be here with his report this morning.

The King in Good Health.

London, Nov. 1.—The Lancet says it has official authority to announce that the recent rumors regarding the health of King Edward are entirely without truth or foundation. The Lancet further says the king is in good health and has undergone no operation whatever.

Jumped on a Ten-Penny Nail.

The little daughter of Mr. J. N. Powell jumped on an inverted rake made of ten penny nails, and thrust one nail entirely through her foot and a second one half way through. Chamberlain's Pain Balm was promptly applied and five minutes later the pain had disappeared and no more suffering was experienced. In three days the child was wearing her shoe as usual and with absolutely no discomfort. Mr. Powell is a well known merchant of Portland, Va. Pain Balm is an anti-septic and heals such injuries without maturation and in one-third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, druggist.

Extra Special

Fifty walking skirts with deep flounce, cheap at \$4.00, for

\$2.98

STAR BARGAIN STORE

Extra Special

Black peau de sole waists, beautifully made, the best \$5 value, will go for

\$3.98

A Great Showing and Sale of Jackets and Raglans

We have been very busy getting in every day new coats in 27, 42 and 58 inch, new raglans, and new newmarkets, in the latest styles which we put on sale at prices you can not match any place in town. We have sold now 3 times as many jackets as we ever did before, our stock and prices are what is doing the business.

Jackets

At \$5.98

All wool kersey jackets in castor, black and red, with storm collars and large lapels, worth \$8 for \$5.98.

At \$7.50

Fine kersey jackets, yoke effects, worth \$9.50, our price \$7.50.

At \$10

25 more for tomorrow's selling of our fine kersey jackets in tan and castor, fur trimmed, will go for \$10, better come at once if you want one.

At \$12.98

Another lot of our kersey jackets, with fur collars and revers, the best \$16.50 garment shown, our special price \$12.98.

Many other styles in ladies' and misses' 27 inch jackets from \$3.98 up to \$15, every one matchless values.

At \$7.98

Ladies' and misses' 42 inch coats, in castor and black, cheap at \$10, for \$7.98.

At \$10.98

Fine kersey jackets 42 in., lined with storm collars, a \$14.50 value, our special price \$10.98.

Beautiful styles in 42 inch jackets at \$15, \$16.50, \$18 and \$20 in ladies' and misses', every one worth fully from \$3 to \$5 more.

Children's Jackets

We are getting in new children's jackets right along and they are selling very fast, our prices being away below others.

We are showing a great line from \$1.69 up to \$9.50.

Special values in children's jackets at \$2.75, \$3.98, \$4.98 and \$6.50.

A full line of children's walking coats from 1 to 5 years old, at saving prices.

Raglans

We are getting them in every day and selling them as fast as they come in. A new lot for tomorrow's selling.

At \$7.98

58 inch raglans, yoked back, cheap at \$10, will go for \$7.98.

At \$10.98

Good quality raglans in grey, black and brown, worth \$14.00, for \$10.98.

A great line of full length coats in tight fitting and raglan back, at \$14.50, \$18, and up to \$25.00, which you cannot match in town.

Capes

A great line of black and castor capes in different lengths at great saving prices.

A full line of plush capes at matchless low prices.

Silk Waists.

At \$2.49

Black taffeta waists, worth \$3.50, for \$2.49.

At \$3.49

Colored taffeta waists in all shades cheap at \$4.50, for \$3.49.

At \$3.98

Best quality taffeta waists, beautifully made, the best \$5 grade, our special price \$3.98.

At \$4.98

Colored taffeta waists, tucked all over front and back, hemstitched and button back, a \$6.50 value for \$4.98.

A great line of black silk waists at \$4.98, \$5.98 and \$6.50.

Skirts

Whether you want a dress or a walking skirt we can suit you as to style and price.

We are showing the greatest line you will find in town and our prices are away below others.

Millinery

Another new line of the latest styles in trimmed hats and turbans which we put on sale at fully 1/2 less than you will find anywhere in town. A new line of street hats, shapes and hat trimmings at great saving prices.

Flannel Waists

Several new numbers in this week

At 50c

Flannelette waists in Persian patterns for 50c.

At 98c

All wool cloth waists, nicely made for 98c.

At \$1.75

Fine cloth waists, tucked front and back, also flannel waists, buttoned back, \$2.50 values for \$1.75.

At \$2.98

Beautiful French flannel waists, in pastel shades, cheap at \$4, our special price \$2.98.

Other styles in French flannel waists at \$2.49, \$3.49 and up to \$4.50.

Fur Scarfs

200 new scarfs in this week which we put on sale at surprising low prices. All we want you to do is to look at our line before buying.

Special values in scarfs at \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.49, \$4.98 and \$6.98.

We have them from 98c up to \$20.

A great line of new waist cloths, new dress goods, new heavy skirtings, a beautiful line of new trimmings, a full line of fur trimmings, new kid gloves, new veillings, new ribbons, new belts, new chiffon neck pieces, new umbrellas, new brooch pins, new chatelaine bags and many other new things at great saving prices.

STAR BARGAIN STORE

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

The purchasing of a site for a home for aged is being agitated by Steubenville citizens.

Mrs. Sarah Brown, aged 87, of Salem, fell down stairs and was badly hurt, though no bones were broken.

Amos Whitacre, a lad, ran away from the Fairmount children's home, but was found at Salem and returned.

R. V. Hampson has been chosen president of the Farmers' National bank, Salem, succeeding the late J. T. Brooks.

Becoming enraged at the pranks played on him by boys a Mingo saloon keeper pursued them with a buggy whip, giving several a severe beating.

Joseph Mehaffey, of Frankfort, Pa., and Miss Emma Chambers were married at the home of the bride's parents in Clay district, Hancock county, W. Va.

James Stewart, a prominent farmer of Belmont county, dropped dead in his wagon while driving home from St. Clairsville. He fell backward into the wagon, cutting his head on a barrel.

Paul Miston was dangerously hurt in the Mingo mill by falling from a trestle with a wheelbarrow loaded with cinders. The handle of the barrow penetrated his chest above the heart, breaking three ribs.

The Lake Erie, Alliance & Wheeling Railroad company is buying equipment to enable it to handle the coal and ore business to the lakes next season. Within the next few days it will receive 200 new coal cars from Detroit.

Roland Maltby, a deserter from the United States army, tired of dodging, walked into the mayor's office at Steubenville and gave himself up. He was taken to the lockup while army headquarters at Columbus were communicated with.

Eye Doctor's Examination Free!



The Children's Eyes—Neglect your own if you will, delay and suffer if you please, but DON'T neglect the eyes of the little ones. Don't open the way for a life of eye misery. Money no longer a barrier.

you may have the examination, the advice of a graduate physician with long experience, and superior skill as an Eye Specialist, and not one penny to pay. Come any day.

Oldest House in the city. Optician. Quick Repairing.

J. M. McKINNEY.

New Fall Goods



now in stock. A special line of Children's School Shoes

at exceedingly low prices. See our line before you buy, we can

save you money.

251 West Market St.

A. PETERSON.

HOWARD H. BEAN, M. D.

Practice limited to diseases of the

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Cataracts removed, cross eyes straightened without cutting or pain. Deafness cured. Discharges from the ears stopped. Expert in fitting glasses. Office corner sixth street and Diamond, East Liverpool, O. Open evenings.

THERE ARE MANY ROADS

The Finger Posts Marking the Many Byways of Present Day Troubles All Seem to Point the Same Way—Lack of Nerve Force.

Day by day the columns of this paper bring new evidence from East Liverpool people of the great work being done by Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. Why they accomplish so much is easily explained. They are prepared with an eye single to restoring nerve force. They accomplish this object which no other medicine in the world has ever been able to do. That's why hundreds of East Liverpool people offer their testimony.

Mr. Cyrus Hanselman, of 279 Sugar street, East Liverpool, Ohio, says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are a fine medicine. It has done more for me to cure my old rheumatism than anything I ever took. The rheumatism had hung on for five or six years and was all in the legs and shoulders. I could not sleep, and at times could not move with the pain. I was told of the Nerve Pills and got them at Larkins' drug store, corner Sixth and East Market streets, and they took hold finely something nothing else ever did. The pain and stiffness is about gone. I am feeling strong, and get about and sleep well. It wouldn't take many more to cure me completely."

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Somebody says we need wideawake men. There is more need for fast asleep men. THIS WORLD IS GOING MAD FOR WANT OF SLEEP. Every now and then I get too cross for anybody to live with, and I know what is the matter. What I need is sleep.

Then get in the habit of looking for sweetness and light. We get what we look for. Here is a bee in the neighborhood of Chicago. There are a great many things to smell of in Chicago—stockyards, our unspeakable rivers, a lot of decayed aldermen, though there are not so many of them as there were. A bee has no nose for things like these, but a mile away is a rose with honey in its heart, and he makes a bee line for the rose, covers himself with honey and returns to his hive. He got what he went for. Here is a buzzard. There are thousands of flower gardens in and about Chicago. A buzzard has no nose for flowers, but a mile away is a dead rat, and so he goes for that.

NOW, IF YOU WANT TO SMELL A ROSE YOU JUST WANT TO FIND A ROSE, AND IF YOU WANT TO SMELL A RAT YOU CAN COME ONLY FIND THAT. Look for sweetness and light, and you will find them every day and everywhere. Paul and Silas found them in the dungeon at midnight. LET ME GIVE YOU ONE MORE PRESCRIPTION—IF YOU WANT TO BE CURED OF GRUMBLING, GO TO WORK.

during the battle of July 3. Captain Sigbee, in his testimony, said in part:

"I desire to state that I informed Commodore Schley on the occasion of my visit to him on the 26th, first, that I thought that the St. Paul had been chased by a torpedo boat on the night of her arrival or the subsequent night; second, that I detailed to him the communication between Captain Goodrich, of the St. Louis, and myself on board the St. Paul as we passed each other, when I was bound from Cape Haitien to Santiago, and the St. Louis was bound from Santiago to Cape Haitien."

The witness said that since he was formerly on the stand he had recalled that he did see the press boat Somers N. Smith on May 28, and he also recalled, he said, that on that evening he had seen the press boat Premier and had warned those aboard against remaining where they then were, because of the danger of being attacked by torpedo boat destroyers.

Continuing, he said that in his interview with Commodore Schley on board the Brooklyn he was told by the commodore that the St. Paul (Sigbee's boat) was to go with the flying squadron to Key West and on the following day was to take the Texas in tow. The witness remarked: "There was almost no catechism at that time on the part of Commodore Schley. I volunteered almost everything that I said about Santiago and the Spanish fleet. His whole conversation was on the subject of coal, and nothing but coal, and so far as I could judge he already had made up his mind to return to Key West. He told me that he was going to Key West."

Questioned by Rayner.

On cross-examination Mr. Rayner asked about the statement that the Premier had been warned against torpedo boat destroyers, and the witness said that he had given this warning because he believed from his information from the navy department that the Spaniards were in the harbor.

"You believed they were there, notwithstanding that on the 29th you thought, as you have heretofore testified, that they were going in there? Is that correct?"

"Quite so. I thought it possible they might not have gone in." Mr. Rayner—Let me get that right. You thought on the 28th they might be there, although on the 29th, in your official report, you say you thought you saw them approaching that port?"

"That is quite so. They might have been out or they might have been in. I was prepared for either event."

Referring to his testimony concerning Captain Goodrich, Captain Sigbee indicated a desire to go into greater detail, indicating that if permitted to do so he thought he could show that Mr. Graham, the Associated Press correspondent, had been mistaken in his statement as to his (Sigbee's) conversation with Commodore Schley on board the Brooklyn. Mr. Rayner, however, declined to interrogate the witness upon this point, but after he had concluded his examination Mr. Hanna asked Captain Sigbee whether he had not carried an Associated Press dispatch upon leaving the Brooklyn, to be forwarded by him.

Said He Carried Dispatch.

"Yes," said the witness, "I carried an Associated Press dispatch handed me by Commodore Schley and read by him in my presence, and he asked me to send it from the Mole. There was but one Associated Press agent

on board the Brooklyn, and there was but one such dispatch sent by me. That dispatch stated that during that period covering the retrograde movement Commodore Schley had acted on his own information and judgment."

In response to further questions, Captain Sigbee said that this dispatch did not state that the Spanish fleet was not in the harbor of Santiago. He also said that the dispatch had been given him on May 29, and not on May 26.

M. E. BISHOPS' CONFERENCE.

Bishop Hamilton Recommends Joint College With Church South, In Oklahoma.

Cincinnati, Nov. 1.—Bishop Fowler presided yesterday at the biennial session of the Methodist bishops. The work of hearing reports from the bishops on their respective fields occupied the session.

The following new committees were appointed: On Episcopal Plan of Visitation—Warren, Walden, Fitzgerald and McCabe. On Law and Administration—Merrell, Andrews, Foss and Goodsell.

At the afternoon session Bishop Joyce presided and the time was devoted to general discussions. The annual report of Bishop Fowler was made Wednesday and those of Bishops Goodsell, McCabe and Hamilton yesterday. The report of Bishop Hamilton included a recommendation for a college to be built in Oklahoma jointly with the Methodist Church South. Bishop Keyes, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, and Bishop Hamilton have been co-operating in that territory and have received propositions jointly for the establishment of an institution in charge of the two branches of the church. All of the reports of the bishops have been referred to the committees, but it is thought that the recommendation of Bishop Hamilton for the institution in Oklahoma will be adopted.

Last night Bishop Fowler delivered a lecture on Abraham Lincoln. Bishop Earl Cranston was expected to be here with his report this morning.

The King In Good Health.

London, Nov. 1.—The Lancet says it has official authority to announce that the recent rumors regarding the health of King Edward are entirely without truth or foundation. The Lancet further says the king is in good health and has undergone no operation whatever.

Jumped on a Ten-Penny Nail.

The little daughter of Mr. J. N. Powell jumped on an inverted rake made of ten penny nails, and thrust one nail entirely through her foot and a second one half way through. Chamberlain's Pain Balm was promptly applied and five minutes later the pain had disappeared and no more suffering was experienced. In three days the child was wearing her shoe as usual and with absolutely no discomfort. Mr. Powell is a well known merchant of Forkland, Va. Pain Balm is an anti-septic and heals such injuries without maturation and in one-third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, druggist.

Extra Special

Fifty walking skirts with deep flounce, cheap at \$4.00, for

\$2.98

STAR BARGAIN STORE

Extra Special

Black peau de soie waists, beautifuly made, the best \$5 value, will go for

\$3.98

A Great Showing and Sale of Jackets and Raglans

We have been very busy getting in every day new coats in 27, 42 and 58 inch, new raglans, and new newmarkets, in the latest styles which we put on sale at prices you can not match any place in town. We have sold now 3 times as many jackets as we ever did before, our stock and prices are what is doing the business.

Jackets

At \$5.98

All wool kersey jackets in castor, black and red, with storm collars and large lapels, worth \$8 for \$5.98.

At \$7.50

Fine kersey jackets, yoke effects, worth \$9.50, our price \$7.50.

At \$10

25 more for tomorrow's selling of our fine kersey jackets in tan and castor, fur trimmed, will go for \$10, better come at once if you want one.

At \$12.98

Another lot of our kersey jackets, with fur collars and revers, the best \$16.50 garment shown, our special price \$12.98.

Many other styles in ladies' and misses' 27 inch jackets from \$3.98 up to \$15, every one matchless values.

At \$7.98

Ladies' and misses' 42 inch coats, in castor and black, cheap at \$10, for \$7.98.

At \$10.98

Fine kersey jackets 42 in. lined with storm collars, a \$14.50 value, our special price \$10.98.

Beautiful styles in 42 inch jackets at \$15, \$16.50, \$18 and \$20 in ladies' and misses', every one worth fully from \$3 to \$5 more.

Children's Jackets

We are getting in new children's jackets right along and they are selling very fast, our prices being away below others.

We are showing a great line from \$1.69 up to \$9.50.

Special values in children's jackets at \$2.75, \$3.98, \$4.98 and \$6.50.

A full line of children's walking coats from 1 to 5 years old, at saving prices.

A great line of new waist cloths, new dress goods, new heavy skirtings, a beautiful line of new trimmings, a full line of fur trimmings, new kid gloves, new veilings, new ribbons, new belts, new chiffon neck pieces, new umbrellas, new brooch pins, new chataleine bags and many other new things at great saving prices.

STAR BARGAIN STORE

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

Raglans

We are getting them in every day and selling them as fast as they come in. A new lot for tomorrow's selling.

At \$7.98

58 inch raglans, yoked back, cheap at \$10, will go for \$7.98.

At \$10.98

Good quality raglans in grey, black and brown, worth \$14.00, for \$10.98.

A great line of full length coats in tight fitting and raglan back, at \$14.50, \$18, and up to \$25.00, which you cannot match in town.

Capes

A great line of black and castor capes in different lengths at great saving prices.

A full line of plush capes at matchless low prices.

Silk Waists.

At \$2.49

Black taffeta waists, worth \$3.50, for \$2.49.

At \$3.49

Colored taffeta waists in all shades, cheap at \$4.50, for \$3.49.

At \$3.98

Best quality taffeta waists, beautifully made, the best \$5 grade, our special price \$3.98.

At \$4.98

Colored taffeta waists, tucked all over front and back, hemstitched and button back, a \$6.50 value for \$4.98.

A great line of black silk waists at \$4.98, \$5.98 and \$6.50.

Skirts

Whether you want a dress or a walking skirt we can suit you as to style and price.

We are showing the greatest line you will find in town and our prices are away below others.

Millinery

Another new line of the latest styles in trimmed hats and turbans which we put on sale at fully 1/2 less than you will find anywhere in town. A new line of street hats, shapes and hat trimmings at great saving prices.

Flannel Waists

Several new numbers in this week

At 50c

Flannelette waists in Persian patterns for 50c.

At 98c

All wool cloth waists, nicely made for 98c.

At \$1.75

Fine cloth waists, tucked front and back, also flannel waists, buttoned back, \$2.50 values for \$1.75.

At \$2.98

Beautiful French flannel waists, in pastel shades, cheap at \$4, our special price \$2.98.

Other styles in French flannel waists at \$2.49, \$3.49 and up to \$4.50.

Fur Scarfs

200 new scarfs in this week which we put on sale at surprising low prices. All we want you to do is to look at our line before buying.

Special values in scarfs at \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.49, \$4.98 and \$6.98.

We have them from 98c up to \$20.

COUNTY AND NEIGHBORHOOD

The purchasing of a site for a home for aged is being agitated by Steubenville citizens.

Mrs. Sarah Brown, aged 87, of Salem, fell down stairs and was badly hurt, though no bones were broken.

Amos Whitacre, a lad, ran away from the Fairmount children's home, but was found at Salem and returned.

R. V. Hampson has been chosen president of the Farmers' National bank, Salem, succeeding the late J. T. Brooks.

Becoming enraged at the pranks played on him by boys a Mingo saloon keeper pursued them with a buggy whip, giving several a severe beating.

Joseph Mehaffey, of Frankfort, Pa., and Miss Emma Chambers were married at the home of the bride's parents in Clay district, Hancock county, W. Va.

James Stewart, a prominent farmer of Belmont county, dropped dead in his wagon while driving home from St. Clairsville. He fell backward into the wagon, cutting his head on a barrel.

Paul Miston was dangerously hurt in the Mingo mill by falling from a trestle with a wheelbarrow loaded with cinders. The handle of the barrow penetrated his chest above the heart, breaking three ribs.

The Lake Erie, Alliance & Wheeling Railroad company is buying equipment to enable it to handle the coal and ore business to the lakes next season. Within the next few days it will receive 200 new coal cars from Detroit.

Roland Maltby, a deserter from the United States army, tired of dodging, walked into the mayor's office at Steubenville and gave himself up. He was taken to the lockup while army headquarters at Columbus were communicated with.

Eye Doctor's Examination Free!

The Children's Eyes—Neglect your own if you will, delay and suffer if you please, but DON'T neglect the eyes of the little ones. Don't open the way for a life of eye misery. Money no longer a barrier.

you may have the examination, the advice of a graduate physician with long experience, and superior skill as an Eye Specialist, and not one penny to pay. Come any day.

Oldest House in the city. Optician. Quick Repairing.

J. M. McKINNEY.

A complete line of Men's, Women's and Children's

New Fall Goods

Shoes

now in stock. A special line of Children's School Shoes at exceedingly low prices. See our line before you buy, we can save you money.

251 West Market St. **A. PETERSON.**

HOWARD H. BEAN, M. D.

Practice limited to diseases of the

EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT.

Cataracts removed, cross eyes straightened without cutting or pain. Deafness cured. Discharges from the ears stopped. Expert in fitting glasses. Office corner Sixth Street and Diamond, East Liverpool, O. Open evenings.

The News Review

Published Daily Except Sunday by
THE EAST LIVERPOOL PUBLISHING COMPANY
LOUIS H. BRUSH, Manager.

The News Review, Daily, established 1884
By mail, one year, \$5.00; six months, \$3.00,
three months, \$1.75; by carrier, \$5.00; ten
cents per week.
The Saturday Review, Weekly, established
1879. By mail, one year, \$1.00 in advance
six months, 50 cents; three months, 25
cents.
Official Papers of the city of East Liverpool
and Columbiana County.

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Bell Telephone.

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Editorial Room.....No. 122
Columbiana County Telephone.
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Editorial Room.....No. 122

TWELVE PAGES.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.
The sworn paid circulation of the
EVENING NEWS REVIEW September
17, 1901, TWO THOUSAND ONE
HUNDRED (2,100).

The average circulation since the
statement of August 1, 1901, TWO
THOUSAND AND THIRTY-FIVE (2,
035).

A net gain since March 1, 1901, of
ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED
AND TWENTY-THREE (1,223) sub-
scribers.



FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR STATE OFFICERS:
Governor—GEORGE K. NASH.
Lieutenant Governor—CARL NIPPET.
Judge of Supreme Court—JAMES L. PRICE.
Attorney General—JOHN M. SHEETS.
Clerk of Supreme Court—LAWSON E. EM-
ERSON.
State Treasurer—ISAAC B. CAMERON.
Member Board of Public Works—W. G.
JOHNSON.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT.
Common Pleas Judge—H. W. HARTER.
State Senator—FRANK B. ARCHER.
State Senator—CHARLES C. CONNELL.
Representative—SAMUEL BUELL.
Representative—D. W. CRIST.
Sheriff—SAMUEL D. NORAGON.
Auditor—J. F. ADAMS.
Treasurer—W. A. THOMPSON.
Commissioner—EDEN REEDER.
Infirmary Director—G. W. ARMSTRONG.

The south is infused with the spirit
of progress. With the spread of edu-
cation and the growth of industry,
there is a disposition on the part of
many of the more intelligent people
to cut loose from political traditions.
Expansion has been popular in the
south from the time the subject was
first broached. The system of protec-
tion, which has brought millions of
dollars into southern states, to be in-
vested in manufactures and in the de-
velopment of field, forest and mine,
is gaining adherents all the time. The
Nashville American views with alarm
the "probability of many southern
Democrats, especially of the younger
element, breaking away from the party,
because of its latter-day policies
and dogmatism, and aligning them-
selves with the Republican party." Other
Democratic journals note the same
tendency and are striving to
fight it. When the south abandons the
Democracy, its malady is gone. And
that time is steadily approaching.

The question is pertinently asked,
if this is a purely state campaign,
what is the significance of the Demo-
cratic platform planks regarding state
rights, trusts, the merchant marine,
expansion, the Boer war, the Monroe
doctrine, the navy and civil service?
Either the Democrats must admit that
their platform is idle clap-trap, or else
they must acknowledge that the Ohio
election is regarded by them as hav-
ing an important bearing upon national
issues.

Over \$4,725,000 was expended in public
charities in Ohio last year. Large
as the sum is, there is no evidence
that any of the money was wasted.
The big convention of the associated
charities of Ohio, in progress at Lima
this week, shows that hundreds of
the best citizens of the state are mak-
ing the cause of the unfortunates
their own and laboring zealously to
improve their condition.

Men of good judgment follow the
same rule in politics that they observe
in business. No business man would
think of discharging a servant or em-
ployee whose honesty and capability
had been fully tested to give the place
to another man whose sole recommen-
dation is that he wants a job. The
people of Ohio have faithful public
servants, and they will have the good
sense to keep them.

When Tom Johnson pays all the
taxes he should and establishes a
three-cent fare on his street railroads,
he may pose as a reformer. His pre-
sented pretensions and protestations
make him ridiculous in that role.

The Democratic party of Ohio has
a tax reform platform and makes much
of that issue. Yet it is a fact that

the Democratic candidate for governor
is president of a corporation which
pays less taxes in proportion to the
actual value of its property than any
railroad in the state. Democratic prac-
tice and Democratic theory are seldom
consistent.

The Pan-American congress in the
City of Mexico has formulated definite
plans in favor of arbitration of inter-
national disputes. It is a good move,
and if it succeeds, the progress of
those turbulent South Americans will
be more rapid than it has even yet
been.

A vote for a Democratic candidate
for the legislature is a vote to displace
Foraker as senator and to elevate Boss
McLean or one of his henchmen to
that position. Don't forget this on
election day.

Does any Republican relish the idea
of a Democratic gerrymander of Ohio
legislative and congressional districts?
If not, let him vote for the Republi-
can candidates for the legislature.

There are six state tickets on the
ballot to be voted next Tuesday, but
the man who doesn't want to throw
away his vote will have to put his
cross under the eagle.

The votes of stay-at-home Republi-
cans count for the Democrats. Be a
loyal party man and not an assistant
Democrat.

There is much political enthusiasm
in Ohio just at present, but the Re-
publican party has a monopoly of it.

Colonel Kilbourne is more of a suc-
cess as a manufacturer than as a po-
litical leader.

The workmen who are wise won't
vote to disturb the current of pros-
perity.

Look out for eleventh hour canards.
The enemy is desperate.

AT THE THEATER

Considerable surprise was manifest-
ed in theatrical circles when it was an-
nounced that Manager A. G. Delamater
had succeeded in procuring Amy Lee's
signature to a contract to star the
coming season in repertoire.

Miss Lee has been approached many
times by other managers but without
success, considering the work too
hard. She is without doubt the most
versatile artist before the public and
is the idol of patrons of the theater in
Philadelphia where she was for five
years stock star of the Girard avenue
theater.

Amy Lee, the sparkling little com-
edienne, opens a week's engagement
Monday, Nov. 4, at the Grand Opera
House with matinee Saturday. Miss
Lee was seen here last season at prices
ranging from \$1 down, so, as this
engagement is for 10, 20, 30 cents, cap-
acity will no doubt be the rule.

When Edmond Carnotte, the cele-
brated sculptor, was commissioned by
the United States Treasury department
to make the new 1900 penny, he select-
ed the famous Indian actress, Go Won
Go Mohawk as his model, she having
the truest Indian features he was able
to find. Mr. Lincoln J. Carter, the
noted producer and playwright, has
written a thrilling and interesting
play, cleverly depicting frontier life,
for her, and provided her with a com-
pany of excellence, including 16 In-
dians of her own tribe and the only
Indian government band in the coun-
try. A complete and beautiful scenic
equipment is carried. The attraction
will be seen at the Grand Saturday
night.

Up-to-date Overcoats, with yoke, at
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

Meals at All Hours.
Day or night at the Smith & Price
Cafe, 254 West Market street.

Call and look over Murphy & Son's
layout of vegetables for Saturday's
market.

Fried oysters at "The Stag."

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

Grapes.
Fancy Concord and Malaga grapes,
at Heddeleston Bros.

Men's enamel shoes, snappy styles,
dressy and serviceable, \$2.50, at
FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

Cauliflower,
Water cress, celery and lettuce at
Heddeleston Bros.

For Saturday Only.

Peanut Bar, 7c per lb. Hassey's.

POTTERY NEWS

S. A. Myers has resigned his position
in the clay department of the Seyres
pottery and has accepted a position
on the tongs with the Ohio Valley
Gas company. Myers is an old time
oil man, having been with the Forest
Oil company and others.

Harker's pottery is making ready
for the new building along the rail-
road. The trestle switch is being re-
moved. A more costly retaining wall
of stone is also being constructed along
the railroad tracks.

The new East Liverpool Porcelain
company has nearly completed its kiln
house and has thus far made some
clay, but no product has been turned
out, save some samples, which are
quite satisfactory.

A prize of a handsome toilet set
will be given away at Bradbury hall
Sebring on the night of November
16 at the dance to be given there for
the benefit of N. B. of O. P.

Miss Angeline Brown, who has been
employed as transferer at the Sebring
pottery, has resigned her position and
gone to her home at Toronto to do
the same work.

John Eagle, employed in the Se-
bring pottery, and Miss Vesta Cun-
ningham, daughter of Mrs. Lizzie Cun-
ningham, Sebring, were lately married
in Cleveland.

William Hollingshead, an employe
of the French China company, Se-
bring, has purchased the Albright
property in that town.

Miss Mamie Clark, of Leetonia, has
accepted a position as rubber at the
French China company plant, Se-
bring.

The new pottery at Lisbon will start
making saggars within ten days and
will be making ware within 30 days.

Harvey Jackson, formerly employe
by the Salem China company, is mov-
ing from Salem to this city.

Men's fine Suits at the lowest prices,
with the union label, at
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Call and look over Murphy & Son's
layout of vegetables for Saturday's
market.

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

Choice Steaks

At the Smith & Price Cafe, 254 West
Market street.

Stewed oysters at "The Stag."

A nice new lot of young men's
fancy suits this week in nice olive
and gray colorings, at
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

For Saturday Only.

Peanut Bar 7c per lb. Hassey's.

ANARCHIST MOST

RELEASED ON BAIL.

New York, Nov. 1.—John Most, the
anarchist, recently sent to the peni-
tentiary for the publication in his pa-
per of an article entitled "Murder vs.
Murder," was released in bonds of
\$1,500. He has been granted a cer-
tificate of reasonable doubt.

Disastrous Fire in Wheeling.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 1.—A very
disastrous fire occurred in the heart
of the Main street business district.
A rubbish fire in the alley at the rear
of the wholesale millinery establish-
ment of W. H. Colvig set fire to the
building in the basement. The build-
ing was gutted from bottom to top.
The stock is almost a complete loss
at \$30,000, with \$12,000 insurance.
The fire department had a struggle to
prevent the fire from spreading to ad-
jacent buildings.

Death of Czolgosz Recorded.

Buffalo, Nov. 1.—Official documents
recording the death of the assassin
Czolgosz were placed on record in
the county clerk's office. They com-
prise the attestation of the witnesses
to the death and the certificate of
Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald and Dr.
John Gerin that they performed the
autopsy on the body and that death
was caused by the passing of a cur-
rent of electricity through the body.

Civil War Believed to Exist.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao,
Wednesday, Oct. 30.—(Via Haytian
Cable).—Although President Castro
has proclaimed once more that in-
ternal peace exists in Venezuela, this
is taken as proof that, in spite of his
denials, civil war exists in the repub-
lic. Nobody at Caracas considers
peace assured. The situation was
never more critical.

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

The voters of Ohio fully understand
what Charles W. Baker's candidacy
for the United States senate means.
Baker has been put forward by John
R. McLean, as McLean fears to put
himself before the people.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

Miss Mary Brown has returned from
a visit at Steubenville.

Archie Spellman, of Imperial, Ind.,
is visiting relatives on Lincoln avenue.
Clem McQuiklin, Frank Dickey and
Ed Loomis spent yesterday at Lisbon.
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brookes have
returned from a visit at Russellville,
Ky.

City Clerk J. N. Hanley and Senator
W. V. Blake are in Lisbon on business
today.

Mrs. Herbert Crites has returned
from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Ger-
trude Daugherty.

Mrs. Bartha Yeagley and daughter,
Miss Ruth, of New Somerset, O., are
visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. Y. Travis.
J. D. West, who has been visiting at
Los Angeles, Cal., for the past two
months, returned home this morning.

Mrs. William Johnson, of Bradshaw,
avenue, and Mrs. Johnson, East End,
left yesterday afternoon for a visit at
Beaver.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Thompson
left yesterday afternoon for Pittsburg,
called there by the illness of the lat-
ter's mother.

Miss Belle Hickman has returned to
her home at Wooster after a visit at
the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Will-
iams, East End.

Mrs. Charles Chambers, who has
been visiting her father, J. S. Peterson,
for several days, left yesterday after-
noon for Pittsburg. Mr. and Mrs.
Chambers will leave in a few days for
Aiken, S. C., where they will make
their future home.

Ticket Agent Adam Hill and wife,
who have been spending the past two
weeks at Buffalo, Niagara Falls and
Canada, returned home this morning.

Mr. Hill resumed his duties at the
ticket office today, and G. C. Bell,
who has been filling his place, left for
Cleveland.

How Good Manners Saved Him.

This anecdote proves the profitable
character of good manners and was
told to me by a descendant of the gen-
tleman who owned them: Mr. M. of
— was a rebel in 1745. He was
taken and was being brought to the
tower with Kilmarnock and Balmer-
no. A block stopped the sad cortege,
and a lady, looking from a window,
cried, "You tall rebel" (Mr. M. was 6
feet 4 inches, "you will soon be short-
er by a head").

"Does that give you pleasure, mad-
am?" said Mr. M.

"Yes, it does."

"Then, madam," said Mr. M., taking
off his hat and making a low bow, "I
do not die in vain."

Lady — was moved. She made in-
terest for Mr. M. There exists a paper
in the hand of George II. to this effect:
"Let Lady — [the name is obliterated]
have access to her tall rebel and be
hanged to her."

The royal clemency was extended to
Mr. M. I saw his pardon, beautifully
engrossed within a decorative border
and framed, on the wall of his descend-
ant's study. It is fair to add that prac-
tically the whole county of Ross and
also the Earl of Sutherland petitioned
for the life of the courteous Mr. M.—
Andrew Lang in Longman's.

How to Grow Short.

If you climb a mountain, your height
decreases by three-quarters of an inch,
and it may even diminish, exception-
ally, by a full inch.

This is a fact known to all experi-
enced mountain and Alpine climbers.
On reaching the summit of the heights
that form the pleasure ascents of holi-
day makers in the Alpine districts the
stature of the climber is found to have
become less to the extent already men-
tioned.

Doctors think that the attitude as-
sumed of necessity in ascending is the
cause of this diminution. Some per-
sons believe that the pressure of the at-
mosphere produces this shrinking. In
favor of the medical theory there is the
other unquestionable fact that the de-
crease of stature is greater in those
who carry a heavy pack during the climb.

When the Alpinist has descended to
the ordinary level, his height begins to
increase, but the normal length of the
body is not attained until several hours
after reaching the regular surface of
the earth.

A Devoted Mother.

Although looked upon as vermin and
destroyed accordingly, the weasel is
a good mother and probably treats her
young ones more kindly than many
of her human enemies treat theirs. A
weasel, carrying something in her
mouth, was once seen to enter a hole in
a tree. The observer, applying lighted
straw, soon smoked her out. She then
darted toward a stone wall, near which
she was attacked by a terrier, which
speedily slew her. She fell an easier
victim because of the burden she bore
in her teeth. Anxious to see what this
was, the onlooker went forward and
found it was a baby weasel. The moth-
er's nest in a field close by had been
prowled up, and she had been searching
for another home. As her youngster
could not run she carried it to her
mouth rather than leave it to perish.

The Adornment of an Arab Girl.

Arab girls before they enter the
harem and take the veil are a curious
sight to behold. Their bodies and
face are dyed a bright yellow with
turmeric. On this ground they paint
black lines with antimony over their
eyes. The fashionable color for the
nose is red, green spots adorn the
cheeks, and the general aspect is grotesque
beyond description.—"Southern
Arabia," by Mr. and Mrs. T. Bent.

ASK FOR THE

WALK-OVER

SHOE
FOR MEN

Walk
Over
Shoes

Combine

Walk
Over
Shoes

Combine

The Best

In Styles, fit and wear.

They are made upon honor by the best skilled
workmen.

25 Styles for fall and win-
ter wear selling at..... \$3.50 and \$4.00 a pair.

For Sale at

Bendheim's

DIAMOND.

King of Virginia.

Appropos of the British royal titles a
reference to colonial possessions ap-
peared in an English sovereign's de-
signation so long ago as the reign of
Queen Elizabeth. The poet Spenser
dedicated his "Faerie Queen" to Eliza-
beth, and then he described her as
"Queen of England, France and Ireland
and sovereign of the Dominion of Vir-
ginia." It may also be remembered
that the Virginians refused to acknowl-
edge Oliver Cromwell's protectorate un-
til he sent a fleet to compel them to
do so. Charles II., in return expression
of the colonists' loyalty, had himself
proclaimed in Virginia on his restora-
tion as "King of Great Britain, Ireland
and Virginia." The further statement
has been made that Charles caused the
arms of Virginia to be quartered with
those of England, Ireland and Scot-
land. Certain it is that they appear so
on English coins struck as late as 1773
by order of George III.—Liverpool
Post.

A Turkish Bank Note.

The bill is on imperial green paper, a
color held sacred in Turkey, which the
government alone is permitted to use.
On the top and sides are the following
words in Turkish, "To be paid to the
bearer, without interest, 20 piasters." At
the top of the note is the sultan's
toghra, surrounding which is a quota-
tion from the Koran. Underneath are
the words, "Twenty piasters, paper
money, to be used in the place of gold
at the Bank of Constantinople." At
the base of the note is the seal of the
mint and on the back the seal of the
minister of the treasury. The toghra
is considered sacred and is guarded by
the three highest officials of the mint,
whose sole duty is to watch it.

A Sure Thing Sport.

A well known politician on setting
out for a day's sport with a friend
pointed to a large spaniel which lay
apparently asleep in the hall and bet
his friend a guinea he could not at-
tract the dog's attention.

The bet was readily accepted, and
after the failure of a shrill whistle and
a blank cartridge to cause the slightest
movement the guinea was delivered
up.

"That's my old dog Mahatma I had
stuffed a few weeks ago," laughed the
politician, "and that's the tenth guinea
he's brought me."—London Tit-Bits.

The Ivory Nut.

The vegetable ivory nut of commerce
is the albuminous seed found in the
drupes of a dwarf palm. From these
nuts European turners fashion the
reels of spindles, small boxes and
many other little fancy articles, which
can be colored with sulphuric acid.—
Chambers' Journal.

TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List
of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,
Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets
Pierce & Cartwright's,
276 Eighth Street.
John H. Peake's,
304 Eighth Street.
Bagley's,
153 Second Street.
Bagley's,
285 East Market Street.
Hotel Lakel,
Second Street.
John Peake's,
Market and Second Streets.
Ryan Bros.,
289 East Market Street.
Wilson's,
Fifth Street.
Rose's Cigar Store,
Washington Street.
Bill's Grocery,
Culcutta Road.
Harrison News Stand,
143 Mulberry St., East End.
C. T. McCutcheon,
Drug Store, Southside.
E. J. Driscoll's Confectionary Store,
West Market Street.
Marshall News Stand,
First St., Chester, W. Va.

THE MARKETS

Pittsburg, Oct. 31.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 66¢; 67¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 63¢;
63½¢; No. 2 yellow ear, 65¢; 65½¢.
OATS—No. 2 white, 43¢; 43½¢; ex-
tra No. 3 white, 42½¢; 43¢; regular
No. 3, 42¢; 42½¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$14.50@14.75;
No. 2, \$13.00@13.50; No. 1 timothy
hay, \$11.00@11.50; hay, \$10.50@11.00.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery prints,
25¢; 25½¢; do tubs, 24¢; 24½¢; Ohio
and Pennsylvania creamery, 22¢;
22½¢; dairy butter, 18¢; 19¢; fresh
country roll, 15¢; 16¢; cooking butter,
13¢; 15¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream,
11¢; 11½¢; Ohio, 11¢; 11½¢; ¾ cream,
Ohio, 9½¢; 9¾¢; Ohio Swiss, tubs,
13¢; 14¢; Wisconsin Swiss, tubs, 15¢;
15½¢; 20-lb block, Swiss, new, 14¢;
15¢; 5-lb brick cheese, 13¢; 13½¢; lim-
berger, new, 12¢; 13¢.

EGGS—Fresh, candled, doz., 21¢;
22¢; storage, 18¢; 18½¢.

POULTRY—Chickens, live hens,
per lb. 8¢; 9¢; springers, 8¢; 9¢; roos-
ters, 5¢; 6¢ per lb; turkeys, old, per
lb. 9¢; 10¢; turkeys, spring, 10¢; 11¢;
old turkeys, dressed, 14¢; 15¢; spring
turkeys, dressed, 15¢; 16¢; hens,
dressed, per lb. 13¢; 14¢; fresh spring
broilers, dressed, per lb. 13¢; 14¢;
geese, live, 75¢; \$1.00 per pair; ducks,
spring, 10¢; 11¢; dressed, 15¢; 16¢.

Pittsburg, Oct. 31.

CATTLE — Choice, \$5.70@6.00;
prime, \$5.40@5.60; good, \$5.00@5.25;
tidy, \$4.80@5.00; fair, \$3.60@4.35;
common, \$2.50@3.25; heifers, \$2.00@
4.50; extra, \$2.50@4.00; fat cows, \$1.50
@4.00; bulls and stags, \$2.00@4.00;
common to fresh cows, \$2.00@3.50;
good fresh cows, \$3.50@5.00.
common, \$2.50@4.00; fat cows, \$1.50
@4.00.

HOGS—Prime heavy, \$6.15@6.20;
heavy mediums, \$6.05@6.10; light me-
diums, \$5.95@6.00; heavy Yorkers,
\$5.85@5.90; light Yorkers, \$5.70@5.80;
pigs, \$5.50@5.60; skips, \$3.50@4.50;
roughs, \$4.00@5.70.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Best weth-
ers, \$3.30@3.40; good, \$3.15@3.25;
mixed, \$2.50@3.00; culls and common,
\$1.00@2.00; yearlings, \$2.50@3.75;
spring lambs, \$3.00@4.65; veal calves,
\$6.00@6.25; heavy and thin, \$4.00@
5.00.

Everything You Want

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Supplies

Hodson's Drug Store

Cor. 5th and Broadway.

The News Review

Published Daily Except Sunday by
THE EAST LIVERPOOL PUBLISHING COMPANY

LOUIS H. BRUSH, Manager.

The News Review, Daily, established 1884
By mail, one year, \$5.00; six months, \$3.00;
three months, \$1.75; by carrier, \$5.00; ten
cents per week.

The Saturday Review, Weekly, established
1879. By mail, one year, \$1.00 in advance
six months, 50 cents; three months, 25
cents.

Official Papers of the city of East Liverpool
and Columbiana County.

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Columbiana County Telephone.

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TWELVE PAGES.

CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

The sworn paid circulation of the
EVENING NEWS REVIEW September
17, 1901, TWO THOUSAND ONE
HUNDRED (2,100).

The average circulation since the
statement of August 1, 1901, TWO
THOUSAND AND THIRTY-FIVE (2,035).

A net gain since March 1, 1901, of
ONE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED
AND TWENTY-THREE (1,223) sub-
scribers.



FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1901.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR STATE OFFICERS:

Governor—GEORGE K. NASH.
Lieutenant Governor—CARL NIPPERT.
Judge of Supreme Court—JAMES L. PRICE.
Attorney General—JOHN M. SHEETS.
Clerk of Supreme Court—LAWSON E. EM-
ERSON.
State Treasurer—ISAAC B. CAMERON.
Member Board of Public Works—W. G.
JOHNSON.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT.

Common Pleas Judge—H. W. HARTER.
State Senator—FRANK B. ARCHER.
State Senator—CHARLES C. CONNELL.
Representative—SAMUEL BUELL.
Representative—D. W. CRIST.
Sheriff—SAMUEL D. NORRAGON.
Auditor—J. F. ADAMS.
Treasurer—W. A. THOMPSON.
Commissioner—EDEN REEDER.
Infirmary Director—G. W. ARMSTRONG.

The south is infused with the spirit
of progress. With the spread of edu-
cation and the growth of industry,
there is a disposition on the part of
many of the more intelligent people
to cut loose from political traditions.
Expansion has been popular in the
south from the time the subject was
first broached. The system of protec-
tion, which has brought millions of
dollars into southern states, to be in-
vested in manufactures and in the de-
velopment of field, forest and mine,
is gaining adherents all the time. The
Nashville American views with alarm
the "probability of many southern
Democrats, especially of the younger
element, breaking away from the party,
because of its latter-day policies
and dogmatism, and aligning them-
selves with the Republican party." Other
Democratic journals note the same
tendency and are striving to
fight it. When the south abandons the
Democracy, its mainstay is gone. And
that time is steadily approaching.

The question is pertinently asked,
if this is a purely state campaign,
what is the significance of the Demo-
cratic platform planks regarding state
rights, trusts, the merchant marine,
expansion, the Boer war, the Monroe
doctrine, the navy and civil service? Either
the Democrats must admit that
their platform is idle clap-trap, or else
they must acknowledge that the Ohio
election is regarded by them as hav-
ing an important bearing upon national
issues.

Over \$4,725,000 was expended in pub-
lic charities in Ohio last year. Large
as the sum is, there is no evidence
that any of the money was wasted.
The big convention of the associated
charities of Ohio, in progress at Lima
this week, shows that hundreds of
the best citizens of the state are mak-
ing the cause of the unfortunates
their own and laboring zealously to
improve their condition.

Men of good judgment follow the
same rule in politics that they observe
in business. No business man would
think of discharging a servant or em-
ployee whose honesty and capability
had been fully tested to give the place
to another man whose sole recommen-
dation is that he wants a job. The
people of Ohio have faithful public
servants, and they will have the good
sense to keep them.

When Tom Johnson pays all the
taxes he should and establishes a
three-cent fare on his street railroads,
he may pose as a reformer. His pre-
sent pretensions and protestations
make him ridiculous in that role.

The Democratic party of Ohio has
a tax reform platform and makes much
of that issue. Yet it is a fact that

the Democratic candidate for governor
is president of a corporation which
pays less taxes in proportion to the
actual value of its property than any
railroad in the state. Democratic prac-
tice and Democratic theory are seldom
consistent.

The Pan-American congress in the
City of Mexico has formulated definite
plans in favor of arbitration of inter-
national disputes. It is a good move,
and if it succeeds, the progress of
those turbulent South Americans will
be more rapid than it has even yet
been.

A vote for a Democratic candidate
for the legislature is a vote to displace
Foraker as senator and to elevate Boss
McLean or one of his henchmen to
that position. Don't forget this on
election day.

Does any Republican relish the idea
of a Democratic gerrymander of Ohio
legislative and congressional districts?
If not, let him vote for the Republi-
can candidates for the legislature.

There are six state tickets on the
ballot to be voted next Tuesday, but
the man who doesn't want to throw
away his vote will have to put his
cross under the eagle.

The votes of stay-at-home Republi-
cans count for the Democrats. Be a
loyal party man and not an assistant
Democrat.

There is much political enthusiasm
in Ohio just at present, but the Re-
publican party has a monopoly of it.

Colonel Kilbourne is more of a suc-
cess as a manufacturer than as a po-
litical leader.

The workingmen who are wise won't
vote to disturb the current of pros-
perity.

Look out for eleventh hour canards.
The enemy is desperate.

AT THE THEATER

Considerable surprise was manifest-
ed in theatrical circles when it was an-
nounced that Manager A. G. Delamater
had succeeded in procuring Amy Lee's
signature to a contract to star the
coming season in repertoire.

Miss Lee has been approached many
times by other managers but without
success, considering the work too
hard. She is without doubt the most
versatile artist before the public and
is the idol of patrons of the theater in
Philadelphia where she was for five
years stock star of the Girard avenue
theater.

Amy Lee, the sparkling little com-
edianne, opens a week's engagement
Monday, Nov. 4, at the Grand Opera
House with matinee Saturday. Miss
Lee was seen here last season at prices
ranging from \$1 down, so, as this en-
gagement is for 10, 20, 30 cents, cap-
acity will no doubt be the rule.

When Edmond Carnotte, the cele-
brated sculptor, was commissioned by
the United States Treasury department
to make the new 1900 penny, he select-
ed the famous Indian actress, Go Won
Go Mohawk as his model, she having
the truest Indian features he was able
to find. Mr. Lincoln J. Carter, the
noted producer and playwright, has
written a thrilling and interesting
play, cleverly depicting frontier life,
for her, and provided her with a com-
pany of excellence, including 16 in-
dians of her own tribe and the only
Indian government band in the coun-
try. A complete and beautiful scenic
equipment is carried. The attraction
will be seen at the Grand Saturday
night.

Up-to-date Overcoats, with yoke, at
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

Meals at All Hours.
Day or night at the Smith & Price
Cafe, 254 West Market street. 118-h

Call and look over Murphy & Son's
layout of vegetables for Saturday's
market. 118-h

Fried oysters at "The Stag." 118-h

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

Grapes.
Fancy Concord and Malaga grapes,
at Heddeleston Bros. 118-h

Men's enamel shoes, snappy styles,
dressy and serviceable, \$2.50, at
FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO. 118-h

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

Cauliflower,
Water cress, celery and lettuce at
Heddeleston Bros. 118-h

For Saturday Only.
Peanut Bar, 7c per lb. Hassey's.

POTTERY NEWS

S. A. Myers has resigned his position
in the clay department of the Sevrès
pottery and has accepted a position
on the tongs with the Ohio Valley
Gas company. Myers is an old time
oil man, having been with the Forest
Oil company and others.

Harker's pottery is making ready
for the new building along the rail-
road. The trestle switch is being re-
moved. A more costly retaining wall
of stone is also being constructed along
the railroad tracks.

The new East Liverpool Porcelain
company has nearly completed its kiln
house and has thus far made some
clay, but no product has been turned
out, save some samples, which are
quite satisfactory.

A prize of a handsome toilet set
will be given away at Bradbury hall-
Sebring on the night of November
16 at the dance to be given there for
the benefit of N. B. of O. P.

Miss Angeline Brown, who has been
employed as transferer at the Sebring
pottery, has resigned her position and
gone to her home at Toronto to do
the same work.

John Eagle, employed in the Se-
bring pottery, and Miss Vesta Cun-
ningham, daughter of Mrs. Lizzie Cun-
ningham, Sebring, were lately married
in Cleveland.

William Hollingshead, an employe
of the French China company, Se-
bring, has purchased the Albright
property in that town.

Miss Mamie Clark, of Leetonia, has
accepted a position as rubber at the
French China company plant, Se-
bring.

The new pottery at Lisbon will start
making saggars within ten days and
will be making ware within 30 days.

Harvey Jackson, formerly employed
by the Salem China company, is mov-
ing from Salem to this city.

Men's fine Suits at the lowest prices,
with the union label, at
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Call and look over Murphy & Son's
layout of vegetables for Saturday's
market. 118-h

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

Choicest Steaks
At the Smith & Price Cafe, 254 West
Market street. 118-h

Stewed oysters at "The Stag." 118-h

A nice new lot of young men's
fancy suits this week in nice olive
and gray colorings, at
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE.

For Saturday Only.
Peanut Bar, 7c per lb. Hassey's.

ANARCHIST MOST RELEASED ON BAIL.

New York, Nov. 1.—John Most, the
anarchist, recently sent to the peni-
tentiary for the publication in his pa-
per of an article entitled "Murder vs.
Murder," was released in bonds of
\$1,500. He has been granted a cer-
tificate of reasonable doubt.

Disastrous Fire in Wheeling.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 1.—A very
disastrous fire occurred in the heart
of the Main street business district.
A rubbish fire in the alley at the rear
of the wholesale millinery establish-
ment of W. H. Colvig set fire to the
building in the basement. The build-
ing was gutted from bottom to top.
The stock is almost a complete loss
at \$30,000, with \$12,000 insurance.
The fire department had a struggle to
prevent the fire from spreading to ad-
jacent buildings.

Death of Czolgosz Recorded.

Buffalo, Nov. 1.—Official documents
recording the death of the assassin
Czolgosz were placed on record in
the county clerk's office. They com-
prise the attestation of the witnesses
to the death and the certificate of
Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald and Dr.
John Gerin that they performed the
autopsy on the body and that death
was caused by the passing of a cur-
rent of electricity through the body.

Civil War Believed to Exist.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao,
Wednesday, Oct. 30.—(Via Haytian
Cable).—Although President Castro
has proclaimed once more that in-
ternal peace exists in Venezuela, this
is taken as proof that, in spite of his
denials, civil war exists in the repub-
lic. Nobody at Caracas considers
peace assured. The situation was
never more critical.

Hassey's fresh candies. 118-h

The voters of Ohio fully understand
what Charles W. Baker's candidacy
for the United States senate means.
Baker has been put forward by John
R. McLean, as McLean fears to put
himself before the people.

FRIENDS AND VISITORS

Miss Mary Brown has returned from
a visit at Steubenville.

Archie Spellman, of Imperial, Ind.,
is visiting relatives on Lincoln avenue.
Clem McQuiklin, Frank Dickey and
Ed Loomis spent yesterday at Lisbon.
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brookes have
returned from a visit at Russellville,
Ky.

City Clerk J. N. Hanley and Senator
W. V. Blake are in Lisbon on business
today.

Mrs. Herbert Crites has returned
from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Ger-
trude Daugherty.

Mrs. Bartha Yeagley and daughter,
Miss Ruth, of New Somerset, O., are
visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. Y. Travis.

J. D. West, who has been visiting at
Los Angeles, Cal., for the past two
months, returned home this morning.

Mrs. William Johnson, of Bradshaw,
avenue, and Mrs. Johnson, East End,
left yesterday afternoon for a visit at
Beaver.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Thompson
left yesterday afternoon for Pittsburg,
called there by the illness of the lat-
ter's mother.

Miss Belle Hickman has returned to
her home at Wooster after a visit at
the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Will-
iams, East End.

Mrs. Charles Chambers, who has
been visiting her father, J. S. Peterson
for several days, left yesterday after-
noon for Pittsburg. Mr. and Mrs.
Chambers will leave in a few days for
Aiken, S. C., where they will make
their future home.

Ticket Agent Adam Hill and wife,
who have been spending the past two
weeks at Buffalo, Niagara Falls and
Canada, returned home this morning.
Mr. Hill resumed his duties at the
ticket office today, and G. C. Bell,
who has been filling his place, left for
Cleveland.

How Good Manners Saved Him.

This anecdote proves the profitable
character of good manners and was
told to me by a descendant of the gen-
tleman who owned them: Mr. M. of
— was a rebel in 1745. He was
taken and was being brought to the
tower with Kilmarnock and Balmer-
go. A block stopped the sad cortege,
and a lady, looking from a window,
cried, "You tall rebel" (Mr. M. was 6
feet 4 inches, "you will soon be short-
er by a head").
"Does that give you pleasure, mad-
am?" said Mr. M.
"Yes, it does."
"Then, madam," said Mr. M., taking
off his hat and making a low bow, "I
do not die in vain."

Lady — was moved. She made in-
terest for Mr. M. There exists a paper
in the hand of George II. to this effect:
"Let Lady — [the name is obliterated]
have access to her tall rebel and be
hanged to her."

The royal clemency was extended to
Mr. M. I saw his pardon, beautifully
engrossed within a decorative border
and framed, on the wall of his descend-
ant's study. It is fair to add that prac-
tically the whole county of Ross and
also the Earl of Sutherland petitioned
for the life of the courteous Mr. M.—
Andrew Lang in Longman's.

How to Grow Short.

If you climb a mountain, your height
decreases by three-quarters of an inch,
and it may even diminish, exception-
ally, by a full inch.

This is a fact known to all experi-
enced mountain and Alpine climbers.
On reaching the summit of the heights
that form the pleasure ascents of holi-
day makers in the Alpine districts the
stature of the climber is found to have
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those of England, Ireland and Scot-
land. Certain it is that they appear so
on English coins struck as late as 1773
by order of George III.—Liverpool
Post.

A Turkish Bank Note.

The bill is on imperial green paper, a
color held sacred in Turkey, which the
government alone is permitted to use.
On the top and sides are the following
words in Turkish, "To be paid to the
bearer, without interest, 20 piasters."
At the top of the note is the sultan's
toghra, surrounding which is a quota-
tion from the Koran. Underneath are
the words, "Twenty piasters, paper
money, to be used in the place of gold
at the Bank of Constantinople." At
the base of the note is the seal of the
mint and on the back the seal of the
minister of the treasury. The toghra
is considered sacred and is guarded by
the three highest officials of the mint,
whose sole duty is to watch it.

A Sure Thing Sport.

A well known politician on setting
out for a day's sport with a friend
pointed to a large spaniel which lay
apparently asleep in the hall and bet
his friend a guinea he could not at-
tract the dog's attention.

The bet was readily accepted, and
after the failure of a shrill whistle and
a blank cartridge to cause the slightest
movement the guinea was delivered
up.

"That's my old dog Mahatma I had
stuffed a few weeks ago," laughed the
politician, "and that's the tenth guinea
he's brought me."—London Tit-Bits.

The Ivory Nut.

The vegetable ivory nut of commerce
is the albuminous seed found in the
drupes of a dwarf palm. From these
nuts European turners fashion the
reels of spindles, small boxes and
many other little fancy articles, which
can be colored with sulphuric acid.—
Chambers' Journal.

Everything You Want

ARTIST
Supplies

Hodson's Drug Store
Cor. 5th and Broadway.

TO GET ALL THE NEWS

Buy the Evening News Review—List
of Those Who Sell It.

Job R. Manley's,
Cor. Sixth and Franklin Streets
Pierce & Cartwright's,
276 Eighth Street.
John H. Peake's,
304 Eighth Street.
Bagley's,
153 Second Street.
Bagley's,
285 East Market Street.
Hotel Lake,
Second Street.
John Peake's,
Market and Second Streets.
Ryan Bros.,
289 East Market Street.
Wilson's,
Fifth Street.
Rose's Cigar Store,
Washington Street.
Jill's Grocery,
Caldcutta Road.
Harrison News Stand,
143 Mulberry St., East End.
C. T. McCutcheon,
Drug Store, Southside.
E. J. Driscoll's Confectionary Store,
West Market Street.
Marshall News Stand,
First St., Chester, W. Va.

THE MARKETS

Pittsburg, Oct. 31.
WHEAT—No. 2 red, 66¢@67¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow shelled, 33¢.
63¢; No. 2 yellow ear, 65¢@65½¢.
OATS—No. 2 white, 43¢@43½¢; ex-
tra No. 3 white, 42½¢@43¢; regular
No. 3, 42¢@42½¢.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$14.50@14.75;
No. 2, \$13.00@13.50; No. 1 timothy
hay, \$11.00@11.50; hay, \$10.50@11.00.
BUTTER—Elgin creamery prints,
25¢@25½¢; do tubs, 24¢@24½¢; Ohio
and Pennsylvania creamery, 22¢
@22½¢; dairy butter, 18¢@19¢; fresh
country roll, 15¢@16¢; cooking butter,
13¢@15¢.
CHEESE—New York, full cream,
11¢@11½¢; Ohio, 11¢@11½¢; cream,
Ohio, 9½¢@9¾¢; Ohio Swiss, tubs,
13¢@14¢; Wisconsin Swiss, tubs, 15¢
@15½¢; 20-lb block Swiss, new, 14½¢
@15¢; 5-lb brick cheese, 13¢@13½¢; lim-
berger, new, 12¢@13¢.
EGGS—Fresh, candled, doz., 21¢
@22¢; storage, 18¢@18½¢.
POULTRY—Chickens, live hens,
per lb. 8¢@9¢; springers, 8¢@9¢; roos-
ters, 5¢@6¢ per lb; turkeys, old, per
lb. 9¢@10¢; turkeys, spring, 10¢@11¢;
old turkeys, dressed, 14¢@15¢; spring
turkeys, dressed, 15¢@16¢; hens,
dressed, per lb. 13¢@14¢; fresh spring
broilers, dressed, per lb. 13¢@14¢;
geese, live, 75¢@1.00 per pair; ducks,
spring, 10¢@11¢; dressed, 15¢@16¢.

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CATTLE—Choice, \$5.70@6.00;
prime, \$5.40@5.60; good, \$5.00@5.25;
tidy, \$4.60@5.00; fair, \$3.60@4.35;
common, \$2.50@3.25; heifers, \$2.00@
4.50; extra, \$2.50@4.00; fat cows, \$1.50
@4.00; bulls and stags, \$2.00@4.00;
common to fresh cows, \$2.00@3.50;
good fresh cows, \$3.50@5.00;
common, \$2.50@4.00; fat cows, \$1.50
@3.00.
HOGS—Prime heavy, \$6.15@6.20;
heavy mediums, \$5.05@6.10; light me-
diums, \$5.95@6.00; heavy Yorkers,
\$5.85@5.90; light Yorkers, \$5.70@5.80;
pigs, \$5.50@5.60; skips, \$3.50@4.50;
roughs, \$4.00@5.70.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Best weth-
ers, \$3.30@3.40; good, \$3.15@3.25;
mixed, \$2.50@3.00; culls and common,
\$1.00@2.00; yearlings, \$2.50@3.75;
spring lambs, \$3.00@4.65; veal calves,
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Secretary Gilliam Sends to Them
a Circular Letter.

BUT IT FAILS IN CONSISTENCY.

He Says the Present State Platform
Contains "Every Fundamental
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Explain Why It Drops Free Silver.

Now that the silver men have been served with notice by the Democratic state committee, in a private and confidential letter that has got into the press, that their particular principle, upon which the party waged the campaign of 1896, and which was reaffirmed by the campaign of 1900, and was the basis of all their efforts in the intervening years, is no longer a "fundamental principle of Democracy" in Ohio, then those of that way of thinking are freed from all allegiance to Kilbourne—who is a gold democrat himself—and to the gold democrats who are practically in charge of the Democratic machine in Ohio at this time.

This statement that free silver is not any longer an Ohio Democratic doctrine is not ours, but that of their state committee; for this secret letter of which we have spoken expressly acknowledges the absence of the silver idea from the present state platform of their party, and explains why it was left out, and then tells the silver Democrats that that platform, from which silver has been omitted, contains "every fundamental principle of Democracy."

This is not only logical, but accurate; for the silver Democrats are not in it in Ohio this year. That this is the case was understood by the Akron Democrat quite clearly when it wrote its editorial about "Deserters for Generals," giving the names of a number of very prominent former Democrats who bolted Bryan both times, and are supporting Kilbourne.

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In Mr. Durbin's own words, "I did ask Colonel Kilbourne for his assistance in the campaign of 1896, and I regret to say that he declined to serve our party in any capacity whatsoever." Silver Democrats have no call to help him, but particularly since both their candidate and their principles have been kicked to one side, and the Democratic state committee, in charge of the campaign, at this late date, takes such pains to explain to them that silver is not in the state platform.

When Joseph B. Foraker and Mark A. Hanna lock arms and walk grandly across the great political arena the Republicans of the country can shout themselves hoarse with joy.

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FIRE AT THE BOYS

Wellsville Resident Uses a Pistol to
Scare Hallowe'en
Celebrators.

Tom Mercer, who keeps a boarding house on Eighteenth street, created some excitement by firing upon a crowd of eight boys who were engaged in Hallowe'en pranks. He hit no one.

Plans for S. of V. Monument.

General J. W. Reilly camp, Sons of Veterans, held a meeting Wednesday evening and perfected plans for a musical entertainment which will be given on the evening of November 14. They will meet again next week and if the designs arrive from Philadelphia they will decide on a monument. It will be rather costly and a fine specimen of sculptural work.

Coming Lecture Course.

Through the efforts of Miss Carrie Southwick the people of Wellsville will be entertained this winter with a lecture course to be given by the Brockway Bureau of Pittsburg. The course will consist of five numbers as follows: Stayton's Jubilee Singers, Dr. A. A. Willets, Hon. Luther Manship, the Bostonian Sextet club and Lovett's Boston Stars.

Promised to Do Better.

Bartley Johnson, the boy who threw a stone and hit Father Halligan last week, was given a hearing by Mayor Dennis. He promised to never be guilty of such a crime again and was liberated after a severe reprimand by his honor.

Only a Drunk.

Mrs. J. L. Porter, wife of a grocer, was terrified, on visiting the barn this morning, to see a man's legs sticking out of the door. She called the police. The intruder proved to be only a drunk. He gave the name of John Williams, of Indiana.

All Saints' Day Services.

The Feast of All Saints was observed in this city at the Church of the Immaculate Conception this morning by services at 5 and 8 o'clock. Services will also be held tonight at 7 o'clock.

Pyles-Whitney.

William Whitney and Miss Minnie B. Pyles were married last evening



Men Who are Hard to Fit!
Men Who like Slightly Clothes,
Men Who desire the Latest Cut
Should see the noted make of

SOLOMEN BROS. & LEMPERT

The Clothing that made Rochester
Famous.

Perfect in every detail—every over-
coat of this noted make we can rec-
ommend. We have the Yoke, Ches-
terfield and Gown. We invite you
to see the new styles before you buy.
Prices range from

\$10 and Upwards

Men's **Good Suits**
\$10, \$12 and \$15

When we say a good suit we mean it contains good cloth, good lining, good canvas, good sewing. Hand padded shoulder with haircloth—clothes that are made to hold their shape. We can knowingly speak of the goodness of our line of suits because they come from reputable houses who make nothing but good clothes.

The Best Hat?

KNOX MAKES THEM

In Soft and Stiff Hats, prices \$2.00 to \$5.00.

Panama Soft Hat

Easy to the Head.

No fashionable prices attached to them—notice them in our show window at

\$1.48, \$2.00 and \$2.48.

Joseph Bros.

by Justice Riley. They are both well respected citizens of Wellsville and have the good wishes of many friends.

Hallowe'en Pranks.

There was the usual amount of hallowe'en mischief, but no serious damage was done.

MINOR NEWS OF WELLSVILLE.

Frank Fitzpatrick is down with the fever.

Miss Sadie Ritson has moved to East Palestine.

Samuel Snediker is reported as being on the sick list.

Williet Aten is confined to his home, threatened with fever.

Miss Mary Wells and Celia McBane are visiting Cleveland friends.

Mrs. Mayme Cameron, of Washington, Pa., is the guest of Rev. C. L. V. McKee and family.

J. H. Aten is up at Lisbon today, attending a meeting of the Democratic central committee.

Rev. Robert Littell was in the city meeting friends yesterday. He was en route to Wheeling from Hookstown.

Jacob Carns, of Alliance, is in the city visiting friends and relatives. He reports that Pete Wells and family, formerly of this city, are enjoying good health and prosperity.

John W. McKinley, a distant relative of the late President McKinley, and a resident of Tunnel Mill, is the guest of relatives in the West End.

Messrs. David Crumline and George Lowary attended the party given by Miss Tillie Birkett at her home in East Liverpool last night. They had a good time.

Miss Mary Gerren has resigned her position as night operator in the Columbiana telephone exchange and accepted a similar one in East Liverpool. Miss Jessie Harris succeeded her.

Talk about prosperity, of the Republican brand: The total gross earnings of about 98 per cent. of the railways of the country for the year ending June 30, 1900, were \$1,430,873,054; for the year ending June 30, 1899, \$1,313,610,118, an increase of \$167,062,936. This means that a large number of men were employed in railway enterprises.

Have You Money

around doing you no good? If so, take it to

The Potters Building and Savings Company

Corner 5th and Washington Street, which in 12½ YEARS has never paid less than 6 PER CENT. dividends.

Surplus Fund over Thirty Thousand Dollars.

HIGH CLASS

If you want so called cheap stuff, old, watered—to catch the unwary ones—you will be compelled to go elsewhere.

OUR OYSTERS,

pure, rich, solid and all STRICTLY FRESH, contribute to health and are all high class.

SCHLEGEL'S OYSTERS ARE BEST.

Market Street. Both Phones 230.

Can and Can't

Where there is a job to be done secure the services of a

Plumber

who will do that job successfully. One that will overcome any and all difficulties and use the best material. Don't employ a firm that can't do skillfully everything pertaining to its line. If you desire satisfactory work employ

ARBUTHNOT BROS.,

Practical Plumbers,
Corner Broadway and Fifth St.

Chas. F. Craig

Druggist

Cor. Market and 5th St.

Our prices are low for the quality we give you.

ADVERTISE in the NEWS
REVIEW. Best results.

THE OHIO VALLEY BUSINESS COLLEGE

A PROFESSIONAL PENMAN of 14 years experience gives instruction in Penmanship. Students receive

Individual instruction in Arithmetic and other Common Branches

Large classes in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting and Rapid Calculations are in attendance.

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Scare Hallowe'en
Celebrators.

Tom Mercer, who keeps a boarding house on Eighteenth street, created some excitement by firing upon a crowd of eight boys who were engaged in Hallowe'en pranks. He hit no one.

Plans for S. of V. Monument.

General J. W. Reilly camp, Sons of Veterans, held a meeting Wednesday evening and perfected plans for a musical entertainment which will be given on the evening of November 14. They will meet again next week and if the designs arrive from Philadelphia they will decide on a monument. It will be rather costly and a fine specimen of sculptural work.

Coming Lecture Course.

Through the efforts of Miss Carrie Southwick the people of Wellsville will be entertained this winter with a lecture course to be given by the Brockway Bureau of Pittsburgh. The course will consist of five numbers as follows: Stayton's Jubilee Singers, Dr. A. A. Willets, Hon. Luther Manship, the Bostonian Sextet club and Lovett's Boston Stars.

Promised to Do Better.

Bartley Johnson, the boy who threw a stone and hit Father Halligan last week, was given a hearing by Mayor Dennis. He promised to never be guilty of such a crime again and was liberated after a severe reprimand by his honor.

Only a Drunk.

Mrs. J. L. Porter, wife of a grocer, was terrified, on visiting the barn this morning, to see a man's legs sticking out of the door. She called the police. The intruder proved to be only a drunk. He gave the name of John Williams, of Indiana.

All Saints' Day Services.

The Feast of All Saints was observed in this city at the Church of the Immaculate Conception this morning by services at 5 and 8 o'clock. Services will also be held tonight at 7 o'clock.

Pyles-Whitney.

William Whitney and Miss Minnie B. Pyles were married last evening



Men Who are Hard to Fit!

Men Who like Slightly Clothes,

Men Who desire the Latest Cut

Should see the noted make of

SOLOMEN BROS. & LEMPERT

The Clothing that made Rochester Famous.

Perfect in every detail—every overcoat of this noted make we can recommend. We have the Yoke, Chesterfield and Gown. We invite you to see the new styles before you buy. Prices range from

\$10 and Upwards

Men's Good Suits
\$10, \$12 and \$15

When we say a good suit we mean it contains good cloth, good lining, good canvas, good sewing. Hand padded shoulder with haircloth—clothes that are made to hold their shape. We can knowingly speak of the goodness of our line of suits because they come from reputable houses who make nothing but good clothes.

The Best Hat?

KNOX MAKES THEM

In Soft and Stiff Hats, prices \$2.00 to \$5.00.

Panama Soft Hat

Easy to the Head.

No fashionable prices attached to them—notice them in our show window at

\$1.48, \$2.00 and \$2.48.

Joseph Bros.

Have You Money

around doing you no good? If so,
take it to

The Potters Building
and Savings Company

Corner 5th and Washington Street,
which in 12½ YEARS has never paid
less than 6 PER CENT. dividends.

Surplus Fund over Thirty
Thousand Dollars.

HIGH CLASS

If you want so called
cheap stuff, old, water-
ed—to catch the un-
wary ones—you will be
compelled to go else-
where.

OUR OYSTERS,
pure, rich, solid and all

STRICTLY FRESH,
contribute to health and
are all high class.

SCHLEGEL'S
OYSTERS
ARE BEST.

Market Street. Both Phones 230.

Can and Can't

Where there is a job to be
done secure the services
of a

Plumber

who will do that job suc-
cessfully. One that will
overcome any and all dif-
ficulties and use the best
material. Don't employ
a firm that can't do skill-
fully everything pertaining
to its line. If you
desire satisfactory work
employ

ARBUTHNOT BROS.,
Practical Plumbers,
Corner Broadway and Fifth St.

Chas. F. Craig

Druggist

Cor. Market and 5th St.

Our prices are low
for the quality we
give you.

ADVERTISE in the NEWS
REVIEW. Best results.

THE
OHIO VALLEY
BUSINESS
COLLEGE

A PROFESSIONAL PENMAN
of 14 years experience
gives instruction in Pen-
manship. Students receive

Individual
Instruction
in
Arithmetic
and other
Common Branches

Large classes in Bookkeep-
ing, Shorthand, Typewriting
and Rapid Calculations are in
attendance.

If you want a practical
education attend
the

OHIO VALLEY BUSINESS
COLLEGE,

Day and Night Sessions | East Liverpool, O.
Bell Phone 169-2
Col. Co. Phone 176.

The handsomest and best local
newspaper in Columbiana county is
the East Liverpool News Review.

MASTER and SLAVE

By... T. H. THORPE

Copyright, 1901, by T. H. Thorpe.

CHAPTER XV.

THE OLOGRAPHIC TESTAMENT.

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With hands unsteady by the extreme of exultation he opened the small brass ribbed box of ebony in which the sealed envelope had lain since the day he had received it from Horace and promised to defend Estelle from harm. Drawing his chair into the subdued light which filtered through the window curtain, he broke the seal, took out the one sheet of paper and, unfolding it, read:

PARISH OF AYOVELLES, LOUISIANA, May 6, 1861.

I, Horace Oakfell, of "L'Esperance" plantation, in the parish and state above written, of lawful age and without forced heirs, being of sound health both in mind and body, but knowing the certainty of death and the uncertainty of the time thereof and especially having in view the perils of war, into which I am about to enter, do make this my last will and testament in the olographic form.

I give and bequeath unto my brother, Evariste Oakfell, one-half of all my estate of whatsoever kind and wheresoever situated which I may possess at the moment of my death.

I give and bequeath unto Estelle Latiolais, granddaught of Leonidas Latiolais of the parish and state above written, the remainder of my estate of whatsoever kind and wheresoever situated which I may possess at the moment of my death.

I appoint my said brother, Evariste Oakfell, sole executor of this testament and dispense him from giving bond, and of my estate by litigation within one year after probate and deliver to said Estelle Latiolais her share in gold money or its equivalent in interest bearing securities to be approved by the parish judge.

This testament has been dated, written and signed by me on one sheet of paper at one writing.

HORACE OAKFELL.

So intense was the shock he experienced from this perusal that his head fell forward, and for a moment his state was one of semiconsciousness. But rage, bitter, unspendable rage, sent the blood surging hot from his heart. The veins of his neck and temples gorged; his face grew livid. Had he been of full physical habit he would have died in the tempest of wrath which burst within him. An hour he sat motionless except for the twitches of his countenance, like those of an anesthetized patient under the surgeon's knife. But one thought was defined in his dazed, congested mind, and that took the form of an infinite, malignant curse upon the brother who thwarted him even from his undiscoverable grave. Exhausted, weak as a child coming out of a cataleptic spasm, he tottered across the room and fell panting upon his bed. The calmness of collapse came upon him, bringing a gradual return of connected thought.

In his view Horace's malevolence to him was manifest. The purpose of the bequest of half the estate to Estelle was so to burden the conscience of the sentimental girl with a weight of gratitude to his memory that the bestowal of her hand to another would to her seem the basest of crimes. He had sought to make her life one of virgin widowhood or religious seclusion. The

plain animus was to baffle the suit which he anticipated that Evariste would press. The latter would not admit that his passion was unknown to Horace. How was this stroke to be parried? Now, if ever, was the crisis out of which his boasted cunning, the gift of his Latin ancestors, should bear him victorious. What was this weapon used against his life's life? What was the character of an olographic will? What was his status without the will, no living person but himself having seen it?

He dared not consult a lawyer. No one of the craft known to him possessed the degree of secretiveness to invite his trust. Rising and borrowing strength from a decanter of brandy, he took down the civil code of Louisiana and, turning over the leaves, every one of which bore the pen notes and thumb marks of his brother, rested his eyes upon these lines:

Article 1581. The olographic testament is that which is written by the testator himself. In order to be valid it must be entirely written, dated and signed by the testator. It is subject to no other form and may be made anywhere, even out of the state.

Article 1582. The olographic testament shall be opened if it be sealed, and it must be acknowledged and proved by the declaration of two credible persons, who must attest that they recognize the testament as being entirely written, dated and signed in the testator's handwriting, as having often seen him write and sign during his lifetime.

"The perfection of simplicity," Evariste muttered, "and from all the forms of testament allowed by the law he has deliberately selected this one for my discomfiture. Shall I suffer it to wreck my hopes? Shall I not strangle it before it sees the light? What would be the effect of that? Let me look further."

Delving again into the code, he found that he, though only half brother, would have inherited the whole estate to the exclusion of other collateral heirs had Horace died intestate.

"Oh, Horace, you stupid American dolt," he soliloquized gloatingly, "to leave in my hands this cursed instrument of your ill will and expect me to turn it upon myself—to commit suicide with it! You never understood me. You never tried to understand me. It is too droll. Between me and success stands only this flimsy barrier, erected by a stolid mind, and away it vanishes in smoke!"

He seized the will and struck a match, when he was startled by a sharp knock at his door.

Throwing away the match and thrusting the will into his pocket, he demanded:

"Who is there?"

"It is I," Mrs. Wyley answered. "A letter has been brought by a messenger, who says an immediate answer is required."

He opened the door and received the following note:

Come to Dedé's at once. Matters of importance require consideration and action now.

QUILLEBERT.

"Tell the messenger, please, that I will come," he said to Mrs. Wyley, and then to himself: "Perhaps this is fortunate. It may be well for me to breathe fresh air and get back to the normal, possibly to consult Quillebert, before taking steps which could never be retraced. He is an expert on all matters of this complexion."

He was soon at the cabaret and seated in the rear room with Quillebert.

"I have news for you," said the latter.

"Tell it."

"The Latiolais girl wants to become a nun."

"She will forego that wish when I make her realize the consequences to her grandfather."

"You are still resolved on that?"

"More inflexibly than ever."

"Then I have other news."

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"Who says so?"

"Valsin Mouillot."

"How does he know?"

"Your brother told him he had left his will with you."

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"Moreover, he made the same statement to the priest Grbe the day before he went away. But neither of them knows its dispositions," continued Quillebert. "The people will expect you to produce it soon."

"My God!" said Evariste, realizing the futility of denying the existence of the testament and his need of an adviser. "Your summons came in the nick of time to save me from ruin."

"How so?" asked Quillebert.

"I was on the point of burning the testament."

"Why?"

"Because it divides the estate evenly between Estelle and me."

"Hone!" grunted Quillebert. "Maybe that is an intimation of his wish that she should marry with you."

"No. It was intended to make her his widow and fortify her against the duress I meant to apply through old Leonidas. She will never consent to become my wife if that will goes into effect."

"You are right," Quillebert said after a moment's thought. "Where is the document?"

"I have it here," replied Evariste.

"Let me see it," Quillebert demanded.

The testament was exhibited. Quillebert read it slowly and deliberately, with half closed eyes and knit brows.



For an hour he labored thus.

proof that his genius was actively working. Looking up without raising his head, he said:

"Who has seen this besides yourself?"

"No one but you."

"Are you sure?"

"Yes. It has been locked in my desk since Horace gave it to me, and the key has never been out of my possession."

"Hone!"

Quillebert stretched himself to a half reclining position, thrust his hands deep into his pocket and, with his eyes riveted upon the will, plunged into a cogitation so profound and apparently so forceful that it seemed a bodily action instead of an intellectual operation. This silent function was prolonged, and Evariste became impatient, though he dared not disturb it. Suddenly Quillebert rose, drew from his pocket a number of letters, and, tearing from one a blank page of thin French made paper, he took up the will, turned the key in the door and walked to the rear end of the room, where a single window let in the light from the west. Finding pen and ink on the wide mantel, he placed them on the window ledge.

"What are you doing?" asked Evariste.

"Stay where you are," Quillebert replied.

He spread the will against the dirty window pane, illumined by the almost vertical rays of the evening sun, and over it the page of translucent paper. With slow movement he plied the pen, stopping at intervals to rest his hand and wrist, and for an hour labored thus, uttering never a word. Then, emitting a satisfied snort, he removed the two sheets from the glass and, laying them before Evariste, said:

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"You certainly are a master, Constant!"

"But you can improve on that. Your fingers and wrist are more supple and steady than mine. Only take time and be careful." And Quillebert drew the thin sheet toward him and lit a match.

"Don't do that. Give it to me," Evariste cried.

"No, no," his companion answered, with a sapient grin. "This is mine, You have the suggestion." And, touching the flame to it, he turned the burning paper with his fingers until every part was converted to ashes, which he crumbled with his hand and stirred with those in the huge fireplace.

For many days Evariste remained on the plantation. His reticence and thoughtful mien were taken for sorrowing. Much of this time was spent in his room. He grieved visibly. The poignancy of his grief was attested.

A month later, wearing on his hat a band of black, he sought audience of Father Grbe, who received him with courtesy, but not with warmth, briefly

Unprecedented

Is the way we class the business in our Cloak Department this season. Never before has the styles in ladies' garments been so grand. All the new and latest styles are shown here and we receive new shipments of garments every week from the leading manufacturers of the country.

SATURDAY AND MONDAY

We will have a

GARMENT SALE

Every ladies', misses' and child's Jacket, Cape or Jacket Suits will be offered at a special price on Saturday and Monday. Note the special prices that we quote for these two days, they should certainly interest every woman thinking of purchasing a wrap this season.

Ladies' Coats

We offer at this sale a ladies' 27-inch box coat of all wool kersey cloth in tan, black and blue, worth \$6.00 on Saturday and Monday, at

\$4.75

On Saturday and Monday, we offer a fine all wool kersey coat, all silk lined, 27-inch, black, blue, red and castor, a \$9.00 garment, at

\$7.25

36 and 44 inch coats at special reductions, black, castor and tan, special prices are \$10.00, \$11.50 and \$12.98, a saving of not less than \$3 on every garment.

Plush Coats

Are in great demand among stylish dressers they are worn considerably in all the large cities. We are the only store in town showing a complete line of them; prices range \$9.98, \$11.98, \$13.50, \$16.00 and \$18.00 every garment will be sold at a reduced price on Saturday and Monday.

Special

25 ladies' short coats carried over from last season, in black, blue and castor sold up to \$10, will be offered on Saturday and Monday, at

\$2.98

Jacket Suits

25 ladies' jacket suits, made of all wool covert cloth, cotton and fly front jackets, flounce or flaring skirts, in brown, gray and blue, a \$7.00 suit on Saturday and Monday, at

\$4.75

Odd lot of ladies' suits broken sizes, different shades and different styles, sold at \$8, \$9 and \$10, to be closed out on Saturday and Monday, at

\$6.98

Just Received 10 ladies' suits, in blue and brown, all satin lined jacket, and new flaring skirt, trimmed with satin, a \$15 suit on Saturday and Monday, at

\$10.00

Special

20 light weight Fall Jackets, last seasons style in black and light colors, sold up to \$6, on Saturday and Monday, at

\$1.98

Furs

We are showing a big line of scarfs, special values, at \$1.25, \$1.75 \$2.49, \$3.25, \$3.98, \$4.98 and \$6.98, these attractive prices should interest every woman.

Ladies' Capes

10 ladies' all wool, black kersey capes, all silk lined, an \$8 garment. Sale price.

\$5.98

Special price on plush capes, on Saturday and Monday, 22-inch plush capes, at \$3.98; 28-inch plush capes, at \$4.98.

30-inch plush capes trimmed with jet and braid, all silk lined at \$6.98; a \$12 plush cape at \$5.98 on Saturday and Monday.

36-inch cloth capes, in black and castor, at

\$12 and \$13.98

44 inch plush capes, handsomely trimmed with silk applique and jet, all silk lined and trimmed with coney fur, a \$25 cape, on sale Saturday and Monday at

16.98

Trimmed Hats

We sell more ready trimmed hats than any store in town, and you may ask why; it is because we sell finely trimmed hats at \$2.50, \$2.98 and \$3.98, equal to any sold elsewhere at \$5 and \$6. Special prices for Saturday and Monday.

Jacob Stein & Co.

LOTS FOR SALE

In the Thomas F. Starkey, 1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you can buy Lots within three squares of the Diamond, on easy terms.

Inquire of

THOS. F. STARKEY,
137 Sheridan Ave.

Do You Eat This Warm Weather?

If so, get your

Fresh Meats

at

W. H. NAGEL'S,

255 W. Market Street. Everything fresh and the best. Telephone 592.

A good looking horse and a poor looking harness is the worst kind of a combination.

Eureka Harness Oil

not only makes the harness and the horse look better, but makes the leather soft and pliable, puts in condition to last twice as long as it ordinarily would.

Sold everywhere in case-all sizes. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Give Your Horse a Chance!

Exceptional Good FITTERS



The Fit is the Important Part of all Shoes.



Have you Had a Fit Lately?

We Mean in a pair of Shoes.

When we say a fit, we mean a shoe that fits the foot all over. A shoe that really fits, holds its shape longer, wears longer, looks better and feels better.

Geo. W. Hall Shoes for Men at \$3.50, \$4 and \$5 are the best fitters we ever saw.

Sold only by

The Sleepless Shoe Co.,

In the Diamond.

Both Phones.

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PARISH OF AVOYELLES, LOUISIANA, May 6, 1861.
I, Horace Oakfell, of "L'Esperance" plantation, in the parish and state above written, of lawful age and without forced heirs, being of sound health both in mind and body, but knowing the certainty of death and the uncertainty of the time thereof and especially having in view the perils of war, into which I am about to enter, do make this my last will and testament in the olographic form.

I give and bequeath unto my brother, Evariste Oakfell, one-half of all my estate of whatsoever kind and wheresoever situated which I may possess at the moment of my death.

I give and bequeath unto Estelle Latolais, granddaughter of Leonidas Latolais of the parish and state above written, the remainder of my estate of whatsoever kind and wheresoever situated which I may possess at the moment of my death. I appoint my said brother, Evariste Oakfell, sole executor of this testament and dispense him from giving bond, and I make partition of my estate by litigation within one year after probate and deliver to said Estelle Latolais her share in gold money or its equivalent in interest bearing securities to be approved by the parish judge.

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Article 1551. The olographic testament is that which is written by the testator himself, dated and signed by the testator. It is subject to no other form and may be made anywhere, even out of the state.

Article 1552. The olographic testament shall be opened if it be sealed, and it must be acknowledged and proved by the declaration of two credible persons, who must attest that they recognize the testament as being entirely written, dated and signed in the testator's handwriting, as having often seen him write and sign during his lifetime.

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"I have news for you," said the latter.

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"She will forego that wish when I make her realize the consequences to her grandfather."
"You are still resolved on that?"
"More inflexibly than ever."
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We offer at this sale a ladies' 27-inch box coat of all wool kersey cloth in tan, black and blue, worth \$6.00 on Saturday and Monday, at

\$4.75

On Saturday and Monday, we offer a fine all wool kersey coat, all silk lined, 27-inch, black, blue, red and castor, a \$9.00 garment, at

\$7.25

36 and 44 inch coats at special reductions, black, castor and tan, special prices are \$10.00, \$11.50 and \$12.98, a saving of not less than \$3 on every garment.

Plush Coats

Are in great demand among stylish dressers they are worn considerably in all the large cities. We are the only store in town showing a complete line of them; prices range \$9.98, \$11.98, \$13.50, \$16.00 and \$18.00 every garment will be sold at a reduced price on Saturday and Monday.

Special

25 ladies' short coats carried over from last season, in black, blue and castor sold up to \$10, will be offered on Saturday and Monday, at

\$2.98

Jacket Suits

25 ladies' jacket suits, made of all wool covert cloth, eton and fly front jackets, flounce or flaring skirts, in brown, gray and blue, a \$7.00 suit on Saturday and Monday, at

\$4.75

Odd lot of ladies' suits broken sizes, different shades and different styles, sold at \$8, \$9 and \$10, to be closed out on Saturday and Monday, at

\$6.98

Just Received 10 ladies' suits, in blue and brown, all satin lined jacket, and new flaring skirt, trimmed with satin, a \$15 suit on Saturday and Monday, at

\$10.00

Special

20 light weight Fall Jackets, last seasons style in black and light colors, sold up to \$6, on Saturday and Monday, at

\$1.98

Furs

We are showing a big line of scarfs, special values, at \$1.25, \$1.75, \$2.49, \$3.25, \$3.98, \$4.98 and \$6, these attractive prices should interest every woman.

Ladies' Capes

10 ladies' all wool, black kersey capes, all silk lined, an \$8 garment. Sale price.

\$5.98

Special price on plush capes, on Saturday and Monday, 22-inch plush capes, at \$3.98; 28-inch plush capes, at \$4.98.

30-inch plush capes trimmed with jet and braid, all silk lined at \$6.98; a \$12 plush cape at \$3.98 on Saturday and Monday.

36-inch cloth capes, in black and castor, at

\$12 and \$13.98

44 inch plush capes, handsomely trimmed with silk applique and jet, all silk lined and trimmed with money fur, a \$25 cape, on sale Saturday and Monday at

16.98

Trimmed Hats

We sell more ready trimmed hats than any store in town, and you may ask why; it is because we sell finely trimmed hats at \$2.50, \$2.98 and \$3.98, equal to any sold elsewhere at \$5 and \$6. Special prices for Saturday and Monday.

Jacob Stein & Co.

speaking the expected words of condolence.

"Father," he said, "my dear, generous brother left with me a sealed envelope instructing me to open it on learning of his death. I have just done so and found it to be his last will and testament in the olographic form. Here it is. Kindly read it and say whether you recognize the handwriting to be entirely his, for I know you have often seen him write and sign during his lifetime." He had got by rote the very wording of the code's formula.

The priest carefully studied the paper, throwing now and then a searching glance upon the subdued countenance of his visitor, and said:

"Yes, I recognize the writing to be that of your brother."

"You will so testify in court, father?"

"I must, if called." His tone implied reluctance.

"You were one of his closest and most highly esteemed friends and for that reason, father, I deem it meet and desirable that you should be one of the witnesses to prove his testament."

"Be it so," said the good man, though he pliously wished the request had not been made.

Evariste now sought Noreau, the old time clerk of court, and, putting to him the same interrogatories, received the like responses.

And in due course, on proof of handwriting delivered by Father Grbe and Lucien Noreau and of death made by Valsin Mouillot, the parish judge attached his paraph and ordered to be executed "in all its parts and particulars" the following instrument propounded by Evariste as the last will and testament of Horace Oakfell:

PARISH OF AVOYELLES, LOUISIANA, May 6, 1861.
I, Horace Oakfell, of "L'Esperance" plantation, in the parish and state above written, of lawful age and without forced heirs, being of sound health both in mind and body, but knowing the certainty of death and the uncertainty of the time thereof and especially having in view the perils of war, into which I am about to enter, do make this my last will and testament in the olographic form.

I give and bequeath unto my brother, Evariste Oakfell, all my estate of whatsoever kind and wheresoever situated which I may possess at the moment of my death.

I appoint my brother, Evariste Oakfell, sole executor of this testament and dispense him from giving bond.

This testament has been dated, written and signed by me on one sheet of paper at one writing.

HORACE OAKFELL.

Receiving the letters testamentary sealed with seal of the court, his warrant of dominion over all the Oakfell fortune, Evariste proudly traversed the parish, returning to "L'Esperance" as its master.

"Ah, Horace," to himself he said, "in your narrow bed beneath the apple trees do you dream? Can you see your mean craftiness made a stepping stone to my will? Do you now believe that I am fit for neither law nor politics? O wise Horace, do you not know that success is the only thing worth striving for; that with it I rise in my own esteem and advance in the respect of my

fellow men? Do you not understand the difference between your arrogant daring and my patient courage? Have you visions, sleeping hero? Behold this one. The beautiful, melting Estelle is no longer a virgin widow. Her sweet, blushing face is under the bridal veil. Rouse yourself, dear brother, and be present at the marriage fete."

"I will," said a voice, which froze his blood and caused him to reel in his saddle.

"I will send a squad with the corporal to guard the cotton," continued the voice, and, looking around, he saw and saluted two officers of the Union forces passing behind him on the crossroad to Coude de F'

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

OUR MERCHANT MARINE.

A letter from an American in Turin, Italy, dated October 1, says: I am reminded of Mr. Hanna's earnestness to have a subsidy bill passed by a conversation which I overheard yesterday. The conversation was between a business gentleman of this city and a Mr. Townsend of New York. The former said to the latter, who was making inquiries: "No, you cannot do any business in that line here, because England has such an immense line of merchant ships that she gets her goods here at such low rates of freight that you cannot compete with them." Mr. Townsend, by the way, is making a tour of the world, as a representative of certain American manufacturers, among them Colonel Kilbourne's company of Columbus. He is trying to introduce American products. He was greatly surprised and disappointed at the remark above quoted. The Italian merchant frankly told him that the only way to secure a market here for certain kinds of American goods, is to have the ocean team with American merchant vessels. "I cannot understand," he said, "why your people over there oppose Senator Hanna's bill having in view a measure of such incalculable importance to American commerce. There are many American products that would find a market here if you could compete with England and Germany in the matter of freight." Mr. Townsend called attention to the fact that the distance from New York to Italy is so much farther, to which the merchant replied that such was an erroneous idea, and proceeded to demonstrate to him that after all the difference is not so great.

The only disagreeable incident was the uncalculated appearance of Mayor Tom Johnson. Mayor Tom thrives on notoriety and his visit to Delaware was solely for that purpose. The people, however, take little stock in such circus methods, and Mr. Johnson can count the time spent in Delaware as wasted.—Youngstown Telegram.

LOTS FOR SALE

In the Thomas F. Starkey, 1st Addition.

Why climb hills when you can buy Lots within three squares of the Diamond, on easy terms.

Inquire of

THOS. F. STARKEY,
137 Sheridan Ave.

Do You Eat This Warm Weather?

If so, get your

Fresh Meats

at

W. H. NAGEL'S,
255 W. Market Street. Everything fresh and the best. Telephone 592.

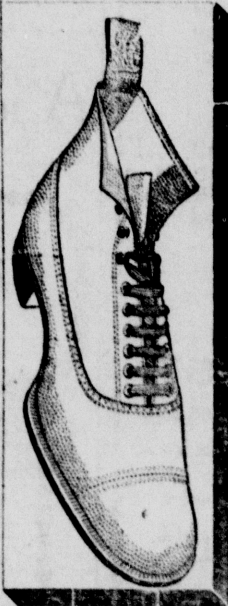


Eureka Harness Oil
not only makes the harness and the horse lock better, but makes the leather soft and pliable, puts it in condition to last—twice as long as it ordinarily would.
Sold everywhere in cans and also by mail.
MADE BY
STANDARD OIL CO.
Give Your Horse a Chance!

Exceptional Good FITTERS



The Fit is the Important Part of all Shoes.



Have you Had a Fit Lately?

We Mean in a pair of Shoes.

When we say a fit, we mean a shoe that fits the foot all over. A shoe that really fits, holds its shape longer, wears longer, looks better and feels better.

Geo. W. Hall Shoes for Men at \$3.50, \$4 and \$5 are the best fitters we ever saw.

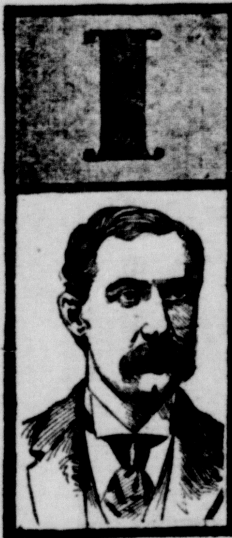
Sold only by

The Sleepless Shoe Co.,

In the Diamond. Both Phones.

TRUSTS

Must Not Have Special Favors at the Hands of the Transportation Companies



AM not an alarmist on the subject of trusts, but I think the public is entitled to security in the matter of equal rates of transportation. These combinations are entitled to live if they can effect general economies in production, but they are not entitled to special favors at the hands of common carriers.

By
GEORGE E. ROBERTS
Director of the Mint

THE MATTER OF FREIGHT RATES IS SO VITAL THAT TO DENY TO AN INDIVIDUAL OR TO A NEW OR SMALL COMPETITOR EQUAL TERMS IN THIS RESPECT IS PRACTICALLY TO CLOSE THE FIELD AGAINST HIM.

I think the public has no general grievance against the railroad companies in the way of rates except as rate cutting works discrimination. This is the most common cause of irritation and the most fruitful source of agitation in favor of government ownership. I presume it is also the source of most of the railroad managers' troubles. What is wanted in the interest of honest railroad management, as well as of the public, is A SYSTEM OF OPEN, STABLE, UNIFORM RATES, which all parties can count on with some sense of security. The broadminded railroad managers must work out this problem.

THE TRUSTS MUST NOT HAVE SPECIAL FAVORS AT THE HANDS OF THE TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES. THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE LAW DOES NOT EFFECTUALLY PREVENT DISCRIMINATION, BUT OUGHT TO BE MADE TO DO SO.

I favor such an amendment of the interstate commerce act as will more fully carry out the prohibition of discrimination in rate-making and any modification of tariff schedules that may be required to prevent their affording a shelter to monopoly.

CEBU REBELS QUIT.

Chaffee Reports They Laid Down Their Arms--People Demanded Peace.

BRAVE FIGHT OF AMERICANS.

Twelve Attacked on Samar by 140 Insurgents, and Two Killed and Two Wounded--14 Rebels Killed--Rebels Recommended For Three.

Washington, Nov. 1.—An important cablegram was received at the war department from General Chaffee. It follows, in part:

"Manila, Oct. 31. 'Adjutant General, Washington. 'The following from Brigadier General Hughes:

"Insurrecto forces, Cebu island, have come in, laid down arms in good faith in obedience to demand of people for peace; 150 rifles, 8 brass pieces, 60 officers, 470 men. Affairs not yet satisfactory. Bohol island; may move additional troops there to force settlement."

"This settles, for the present, at least, disturbance heretofore existing in Cebu. Further disorder in that island will be made by deliberate action of inhabitants, as peace may be easily preserved if people disposed to do so. Shall advise Hughes waste no time, but move on Bohol immediately. (Signed) 'Chaffee."

Brave Band of Americans.

Manila, Nov. 1.—Advice just received here from Catbalogan, island of Samar, say that 12 men of Company G, of the Ninth Infantry, under command of Sergeant Willford, who had been sent from Basey to San Antonio to investigate and report in regard to the number of bolomen in the vicinity, were viciously attacked by 140 insurgents, who rushed on them with great violence, killing two of the soldiers and wounding two others. Willford remained cool and collected during the attack and the survivors say he acted splendidly. Fourteen of the insurgents were killed.

Captain Bookmiller, of Company G, recommends Willford for a medal of honor and Privates Swanton and Vero for certificates of merit.

TO BUILD NEW PLANTS.

Schwab Said He Was Looking For Sites.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 1.—Charles M. Schwab and a number of other officials of the United States Steel corporation arrived here. The party made a tour of inspection of all the more important plants of the corporation in this city. Subsequently Mr. Schwab held a lengthy conference with local officials of the steel company.

Charles M. Schwab said last night that one of the purposes of his trip of inspection is to find available sites for additional manufacturing for the steel combine. For this purpose he will visit several other eastern cities, and left Cleveland at 10:30 last night.

A Fallible Sign.

Mrs. Housekeep—I don't know much about the new girl, but she's good natured and harmless, at any rate.

Mr. Housekeep—How did you find that out?

Mrs. Housekeep—I notice that she sings at her work.

Mr. Housekeep—Hugh! That's no sign. A mosquito does that.—Exchange.

Cure Too Expensive.

Warts are curious things. They come and go mysteriously, although their going is frequently marked by exasperating delays, and there are almost as many infallible cures as there are warts, the only trouble with these cures being that they are useless when applied to the particular wart you happen to have. They are only good for other people's.

"In my opinion," said a clubman, who was discussing the subject with a friend one day, "a wart is merely the outward correspondence of some mental exasperation. Get rid of that, and it goes away."

"Let me give you a bit of my own experience," he continued. "Last year I went to Europe. For about three years I had had a wart on my little finger, on which I had tried everything I could hear of, but without effect. It only grew larger."

"Well, in the excitement of preparing for the trip and of the journey itself I forgot all about my wart, and when I looked for it about six weeks later it had vanished without leaving the slightest mark. I simply forgot it, and it had no mental condition to feed on. I see you have one on the back of your hand. Forget all about it for a few weeks, and it will go away of itself."

"Yes," said the other clubman, shrugging his shoulders, "but I can't afford to take a trip to Europe for the sake of curing one wart."—Youth's Companion.

Giving Her a Lesson.

The habit of describing things as "awfully jolly" was amusingly satirized by a gentleman who came home prepared to chat on events of the day. An acquaintance had failed in business. He spoke of this incident as "deliciously sad." He had ridden in an omnibus with a friend whom he described as "horribly entertaining," and to crown all he spoke of the butter which had been sent before him at his restaurant as "divinely rancid."

"Why, dad, you are going off your head!" said his youngest and most impertinent daughter.

"Not in the least, my dear," he said pleasantly. "I'm merely trying to follow the fashion. I worked out 'divinely rancid' with a good deal of labor. It seems to me rather more effective than 'awfully sweet.' I mean to keep up with the rest of you hereafter. And now," he continued, "let me help you to a piece of this exquisitely tough beef."—London Telegraph.

The Man Faced Crab.

One of the most singular looking creatures that ever walked the earth or "swam the water under the earth" is the world famous man faced crab of Japan. Its body is hardly an inch in length, yet the head is fitted with a face which is the perfect counterpart of that of a Chinese coolie, a veritable missing link, with eyes, nose and mouth all clearly defined. This curious and uncanny creature, besides the great likeness it bears to a human being in the matter of facial features, is provided with two legs which seem to grow from the top of its head and hang down over the sides of its face. Besides these legs, two "feelers," each about an inch in length, grow from the "chin" of the animal, looking for all the world like a colonel's forked beard. These man faced crabs fairly swarm in the inland seas of Japan.

Cologne Cathedral.

One would think that the identity of the architect of such a superbly designed building as the Cologne cathedral could not possibly be lost to the world. But it is. The cathedral took centuries to build, and many architects have modeled parts of it according to their own ideas. The result is the most beautiful cathedral in the world.

Our Store to be Remodeled and Enlarged. 5,000 Square feet of selling space to be added, making our establishment the largest in town.

Commenting **MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4** Commenting

\$10,000

Worth of Dry Goods, Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, Millinery, Men's Furnishings, etc., etc., to be reduced one-half to make room for workmen.

We Must Have Room And to get it we have cut and slashed prices regardless of the cost of the goods or their true value.

THE LEADER

East Liverpool's Greatest Store. Knowles Block, Washington Street



FIND THE LADY WHO JUMPS THROUGH THE HOOP.

SIX DOLLARS

All the Cash of the Kilbourne-Jacobs Company

When Tax Returns Were Made In April, 1900—An Example of Democratic Tax Dodging.

Six dollars—just \$6—not a nickel nor a dime nor any odd cents more, but six dollars even was all the money in the wide world that James Kilbourne's company had in its possession, or coming to it, or available in any way whatever, on the first Monday in April, 1900. That must be true, for James Kilbourne swore to it in his tax statement to the assessor at Columbus that year, and James Kilbourne is probably the only honest man there has ever been in Ohio, if one may believe the way the Democrats talk about him for campaign purposes only. He is a good business man, successful, and in many ways admirable, and the Republican campaign is making no personal attack upon him, and would not do it.

But this taxation question is fully illuminated by that one paragraph of his own writing and signing and swearing to. And this taxation question is about all there is to his party's campaign in Ohio for 1901, except its declaration for free trade. For the sake of the tax dodger they are just begging and moaning that the people of McKinley's state shall stand by McKinley's policies. For the sake of this taxation performance, the Democracy of Ohio are demanding that President Roosevelt, as McKinley's successor, shall be repudiated by the Republicans and the people of McKinley's state, and that the word shall go out throughout all the land and to all the ends of the earth, that Ohio, of all the states of the Union, first of all and worst of all, has gone back upon the party of William McKinley, and that this has been in behalf and for the benefit of a candidate for governor who comes before the people upon the proposition of reform in taxation, with a company valued in the market at \$1,325,000, when he swears to it himself that it has only \$6 cash in hand.

Even this is not all, nor the worst of it. That self-same statement, signed by that same James Kilbourne, and sworn to by him, also takes the next two items in the assessor's tax return,—those of credits and bills receivable and book accounts, and writes ciphers against both of them, saying by those ciphers that his immense corporation had not coming to it a single cent of credit from any source on the face of the earth, not one dollar of a bill receivable from anybody, to whom it had sold its goods, and had not a penny of accounts receivable upon its books; in fact, it had no need for books with such a condition.

And this is the candidate, and this return was made by the candidate, whose earliest and leading newspaper advocate within his own party for his nomination, thus defines the tax position of his party in this campaign: "That every species of property, real and personal, tangible and intangible,

shall be taxed as nearly as possible according to its true value in money." Does any man in Ohio imagine for one minute that the Kilbourne company, when it paid taxes in 1900 upon \$6 in cash, no credits, no accounts receivable, no bills receivable, paid taxes according to "its true value in money" upon their cash assets? Did Mr. Kilbourne, himself, think it? If he knew better, what right has he now to ask the people to vote for him as a tax reformer?

GOVERNOR NASH.

There is not a single reason why Governor Nash should not be reelected. His administration has been wise and economical. Not only has the authority of the law been maintained, but the state institutions have been conducted in a conservative and careful manner, and the financial interests of the state have been managed so carefully that the funded debt will be wiped out within the next two years without a doubt. No Republican should desire the election of a Democrat in place of Governor Nash.

When it is remembered that the surplus from railway operations for the year ending June 30, 1893, fell to \$8,116,745, and that the years ending June 30, 1894, 1895 and 1897, closed with a deficit, it is possible to appreciate the prosperity of railways under Republican prosperity times.

LEGAL.

Mayor's Proclamation
RELATING TO THE SALE OF
Intoxicating Liquors
on Election Day.

WHEREAS, The Statutes of the State of Ohio provide that whoever sells or gives away any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, on any election day, or being the keeper of a place where any such liquors are habitually sold and drunk, fails or any election day to keep the same closed, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars, and imprisoned not more than ten days, and, whereas,

Tuesday, the 5th Day of November, A. D. 1901,

is such election day:
Now, therefore, I, W. C. Davidson, mayor of the City of East Liverpool, within said State, by virtue of authority vested in me by said statutes, and in compliance with the requirements thereof, do hereby warn the public concerning the provisions of said statute as above set forth, and that all violations of the same on said day will subject the offender to speedy punishment. And all officers invested with police powers within said municipal corporation are hereby commanded to close all places where said statutory provisions are violated, and to report forthwith to me all violations thereof.

Given under my hand and official seal, at my office in said municipal corporation, on this 30th day of October, A. D. 1901.
(Seal) W. C. DAVIDSON,
Mayor.

Published in the Evening News Review October 31, November 1, 2 and 5, 1901.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions 25 cents; 50 cents the week; \$1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, one time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—One dipper; steady employment; must have steady, sober man. Address Ford China Company, Ford City, Pa. 117-r*

WANTED—Girl or woman for general housework, two in family; reference required. Apply at The Surprise Clothing House. 117-r*

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no house cleaning; good wages. Inquire at 207 Walnut street. 117-r*

WANTED—A situation as cook or waiter by an Italian; has had 3 years' experience in Rome and 1 year's since coming to this country; is honest, intelligent and can speak the English language; can furnish reference; services reasonable. Address "B," in care of the Evening News Review. 116-j

WANTED—At once—Two canvassers for holiday publications; good wages paid. Inquire of A. A. Johnson, Hotel Lakel. 1161r*

WANTED—Office room in business section; second floor preferred. Address E. G. Hoffman, 190 Thompson avenue. 116-r*

AGENT WANTED—An energetic man to sell our teas, coffees, spices, etc., direct to families on liberal commission in Wellsville and vicinity; a trade already established. Address, at once, Grand Union Tea Co., Wheeling, W. Va. 116-r

WANTED—Ladies to learn hairdressing, manicuring, facial massage or chiropody; one year's apprenticeship saved; you cannot obtain the advantages of constant practice, expert instructions, lectures, etc., in any other way; only four weeks required; tools presented each graduate; one-half receipts paid students; comparatively no expense; board provided if desired; this is the busy season. Apply at once, Moler College, Chicago, Ill. 108-2wks

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cottage house in Sunny Side; good as new; will sell on easy terms for \$700. Inquire at 133 Jefferson street. 117-j

FOR SALE—A good paying business for party with \$200. Address William Levick, General Delivery, East Liverpool, O. 116-r

FOR SALE—Fine limestone land farm, 180 acres in Belmont county, one-half mile from county seat, all underlaid with high grade coal. One vein under 125 estimated about 500,000 tons, another vein under entire 180 acres estimated over 1,000,000 tons. A total of about 1,500,000 tons. Railroad within one-half mile. Can be had at farm price, settling estate. This is an investment which will bring positive and profitable return. For further information address "W," care Evening News Review. 100-47t

FOR SALE—A heavy draft horse, eight years old; also a one-horse wagon and harness, suitable for heavy hauling; property of the late John Washington. For terms of sale address John Henderson, General Delivery. 2-wks*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, with gas; ladies or gentlemen. Inquire or address M. O. Harrison, East End. 116-r

FOR RENT—Furnished room, with privilege of bath. Apply at 251 College street. 116-r

FOR RENT—Two new houses, eight rooms each; situated on north side

street car extension; rent, \$15 each. Apply to W. L. Thompson, Exchange building. 113-j

FOR RENT—Furnished room; suitable for one or two gentlemen. Inquire at 124 Ridgway avenue. 116-r*

FOUND.

FOUND—Lady's gold ring. Owner can secure it at this office by proving property and paying for this notice. 117-r

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill., wants men to learn the trade; they teach the work in two months by tried methods and practical experience; abundance of practice furnished by free clinic; a systematic course of instructions given by experts, evening lectures and demonstrations by specialists, examination in graduating department, diplomas granted that are a worthy recommendation; we are the only institution of the kind in the world; branches at New York, St. Louis, Minneapolis, San Francisco or Buffalo; positions guaranteed at top wages; graduates wanted for trains, hospitals, hotels, country and city shops; tools donated, wages Saturdays, board included; two years' apprenticeship saved; illustrated catalogue and particulars mailed free. 108-2wks

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S Proclamation.
State, District and County Elections.

WHEREAS, The Statutes of the State of Ohio require the sheriff to give public notice by proclamation of the times of holding elections.
Therefore, I, Samuel D. Noragon, Sheriff of the county of Columbiana, in pursuance of said laws, hereby notify the qualified voters of said county of Columbiana, State of Ohio, to appear at the several places of holding elections, on

Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1901.

between the hours of 5:30 o'clock a. m. (Standard time) and 5:30 o'clock p. m. (Standard time), for the purpose of electing by ballot the following State, District and County officers, to-wit:

One Governor,
One Lieutenant Governor,
One State Treasurer,
One Attorney General,
One Judge of the Supreme Court,
One member of the Board of Public Works,
One Clerk of the Supreme Court,
One Common Pleas Judge,
Two State Senators,
Two Representatives,
One Sheriff,
One Treasurer,
One Auditor,
One Commissioner,
One Infirmary Director.

Given under my hand at the Sheriff's office in Lisbon, Ohio, this 26th day of September, A. D. 1901.
SAMUEL D. NORAGON,
Sheriff of Columbiana County, Ohio.

Published in the EVENING NEWS REVIEW for four consecutive weeks commencing October 11, 1901.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned W. H. Riley and D. K. Tarr, carrying on business under the firm name of The D. K. Tarr Bakery Company, at East Liverpool, Ohio, was on the Twenty-third day of September, 1901, dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said W. H. Riley, who retires from the firm.

(Signed) D. K. TARR,
Published in the EVENING NEWS REVIEW for three consecutive weeks, commencing October 11, 1901.

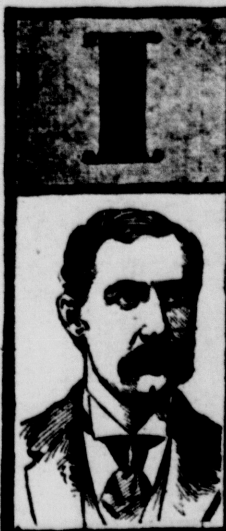
ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE VOTERS OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY:—

I take this opportunity of informing you that I am a candidate for the Legislature, to be voted for at the November election. If you are in favor of liberal laws and honest legislation, with charity towards all and animosity to none, I sincerely solicit your vote. J. C. WALSH, 261t East Liverpool, O.

TRUSTS

Must Not Have Special Favors at the Hands of the Transportation Companies



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Twelve Attacked on Samar by 140 Insurgents, and Two Killed and Two Wounded--14 Rebels Killed--Rewards Recommended For Three.

Washington, Nov. 1.—An important cablegram was received at the war department from General Chaffee. It follows, in part:

"Manila, Oct. 31. 'Adjutant General, Washington. The following from Brigadier General Hughes: 'Insurrecto forces, Cebu island, have come in, laid down arms in good faith in obedience to demand of people for peace; 150 rifles, 8 brass pieces, 60 officers, 470 men. Affairs not yet satisfactory. Bohol island; may move additional troops there to force settlement.' 'This settles, for the present, at least, disturbance heretofore existing in Cebu. Further disorder in that island will be made by deliberate action of inhabitants, as peace may be easily preserved if people disposed to do so. Shall advise Hughes waste no time, but move on Bohol immediately. (Signed) 'Chaffee.'

Brave Band of Americans. Manila, Nov. 1.—Advices just received here from Catbalogan, island of Samar, say that 12 men of Company G, of the Ninth Infantry, under command of Sergeant Willford, who had been sent from Basey to San Antonio to investigate and report in regard to the number of bolomen in the vicinity, were viciously attacked by 140 insurgents, who rushed on them with great violence, killing two of the soldiers and wounding two others. Willford remained cool and collected during the attack and the survivors say he acted splendidly. Fourteen of the insurgents were killed.

Captain Bookmiller, of Company G, recommends Willford for a medal of honor and Privates Swanton and Vero for certificates of merit.

TO BUILD NEW PLANTS.

Schwab Said He Was Looking For Sites.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 1.—Charles M. Schwab and a number of other officials of the United States Steel corporation arrived here. The party made a tour of inspection of all the more important plants of the corporation in this city. Subsequently Mr. Schwab held a lengthy conference with local officials of the steel company.

Charles M. Schwab said last night that one of the purposes of his trip of inspection is to find available sites for additional manufacturing for the steel combine. For this purpose he will visit several other eastern cities, and left Cleveland at 10:30 last night.

A Fallible Sign.

Mrs. Housekeep—I don't know much about the new girl, but she's good natured and harmless, at any rate.

Mr. Housekeep—How did you find that out?

Mrs. Housekeep—I notice that she sings at her work.

Mr. Housekeep—Hugh! That's no sign. A mosquito does that.—Exchange.

Cure Too Expensive. Warts are curious things. They come and go mysteriously, although their going is frequently marked by exasperating delays, and there are almost as many infallible cures as there are warts, the only trouble with these cures being that they are useless when applied to the particular wart you happen to have. They are only good for other people's.

"In my opinion," said a clubman, who was discussing the subject with a friend one day, "a wart is merely the outward correspondence of some mental excrecence. Get rid of that, and it goes away."

"Let me give you a bit of my own experience," he continued. "Last year I went to Europe. For about three years I had had a wart on my little finger, on which I had tried everything I could hear of, but without effect. It only grew larger."

"Well, in the excitement of preparing for the trip and of the journey itself I forgot all about my wart, and when I looked for it about six weeks later it had vanished without leaving the slightest mark. I simply forgot it, and it had no mental condition to feed on. I see you have one on the back of your hand. Forget all about it for a few weeks, and it will go away of itself."

"Yes," said the other clubman, shrugging his shoulders, "but I can't afford to take a trip to Europe for the sake of curing one wart."—Youth's Companion.

Giving Her a Lesson.

The habit of describing things as "awfully jolly" was amusingly satirized by a gentleman who came home prepared to chat on events of the day. An acquaintance had failed in business. He spoke of this incident as "deliciously sad." He had ridden in an omnibus with a friend whom he described as "horribly entertaining," and to crown all he spoke of the butter which had been set before him at his restaurant as "divinely rancid."

"Why, dad, you are going off your head!" said his youngest and most impertinent daughter.

"Not in the least, my dear," he said pleasantly. "I'm merely trying to follow the fashion. I worked out 'divinely rancid' with a good deal of labor. It seems to me rather more effective than 'awfully sweet.' I mean to keep up with the rest of you hereafter. And now," he continued, "let me help you to a piece of this exquisitely tough beef."—London Telegraph.

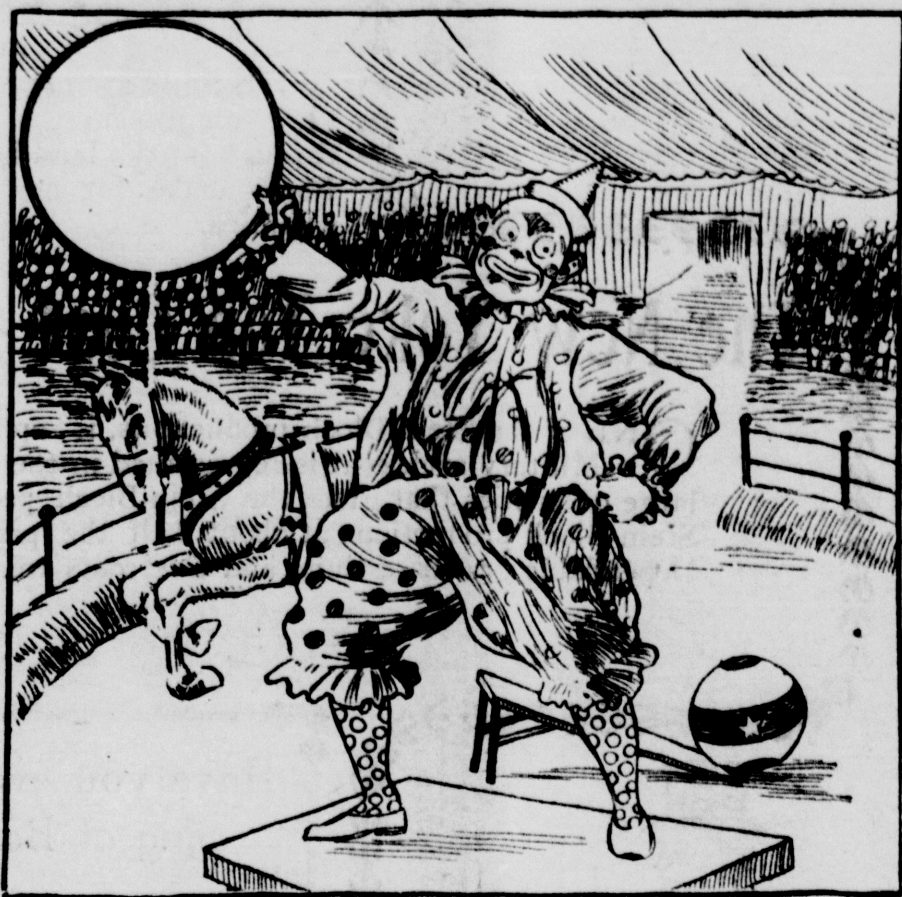
The Man Faced Crab.

One of the most singular looking creatures that ever walked the earth or "swam the water under the earth" is the world famous man faced crab of Japan. Its body is hardly an inch in length, yet the head is fitted with a face which is the perfect counterpart of that of a Chinese coolie, a veritable missing link, with eyes, nose and mouth all clearly defined. This curious and uncanny creature, besides the great likeness it bears to a human being in the matter of facial features, is provided with two legs which seem to grow from the top of its head and hang down over the sides of its face. Besides these legs, two "feelers," each about an inch in length, grow from the "chin" of the animal, looking for all the world like a colonel's forked beard. These man faced crabs fairly swarm in the inland seas of Japan.

Cologne Cathedral.

One would think that the identity of the architect of such a superbly designed building as the Cologne cathedral could not possibly be lost to the world. But it is. The cathedral took centuries to build, and many architects have modeled parts of it according to their own ideas. The result is the most beautiful cathedral in the world.

GREAT ALTERATION SALE!



FIND THE LADY WHO JUMPS THROUGH THE HOOP.

SIX DOLLARS

All the Cash of the Kilbourne-Jacobs Company

When Tax Returns Were Made in April, 1900.—An Example of Democratic Tax Dodging.

Six dollars—just \$6—not a nickel nor a dime nor any odd cents more, but six dollars even was all the money in the wide world that James Kilbourne's company had in its possession, or coming to it, or available in any way whatever, on the first Monday in April, 1900. That must be true, for James Kilbourne swore to it in his tax statement to the assessor at Columbus that year, and James Kilbourne is probably the only honest man there has ever been in Ohio, if one may believe the way the Democrats talk about him for campaign purposes only. He is a good business man, successful, and in many ways admirable, and the Republican campaign is making no personal attack upon him, and would not do it.

But this taxation question is fully illuminated by that one paragraph of his own writing and signing and swearing to. And this taxation question is about all there is to his party's campaign in Ohio for 1901, except its declaration for free trade. For the sake of the tax paid they are just begging and moaning that the people of McKinley's state shall stand by McKinley's policies. For the sake of this taxation performance, the Democracy of Ohio are demanding that President Roosevelt, as McKinley's successor, shall be repudiated by the Republicans and the people of McKinley's state, and that the word shall go out throughout all the land and to all the ends of the earth, that Ohio, of all the states of the Union, first of all and worst of all, has gone back upon the party of William McKinley, and that this has been in behalf and for the benefit of a candidate for governor who comes before the people upon the proposition of reform in taxation, with a company valued in the market at \$1,325,000, when he swears to it himself that it has only \$6 cash in hand.

Even this is not all, nor the worst of it. That self-same statement, signed by that same James Kilbourne, and sworn to by him, also takes the next two items in the assessor's tax return,—those of credits and bills receivable and book accounts, and writes ciphers against both of them, saying by those ciphers that his immense corporation had not coming to it a single cent of credit from any source on the face of the earth, not one dollar of a bill receivable from anybody, to whom it had sold its goods, and had not a penny of accounts receivable upon its books; in fact, it had no need for books with such a condition.

And this is the candidate, and this return was made by the candidate, whose earliest and leading newspaper advocate within his own party for his nomination, thus defines the tax position of his party in this campaign: "That every species of property, real and personal, tangible and intangible,

shall be taxed as nearly as possible according to its true value in money." Does any man in Ohio imagine for one minute that the Kilbourne company, when it paid taxes in 1900 upon \$6 in cash, no credits, no accounts receivable, no bills receivable, paid taxes according to "its true value in money" upon their cash assets? Did Mr. Kilbourne, himself, think it? If he knew better, what right has he now to ask the people to vote for him as a tax reformer?

GOVERNOR NASH.

There is not a single reason why Governor Nash should not be reelected. His administration has been wise and economical. Not only has the authority of the law been maintained, but the state institutions have been conducted in a conservative and careful manner, and the financial interests of the state have been managed so carefully that the funded debt will be wiped out within the next two years without a doubt. No Republican should desire the election of a Democrat in place of Governor Nash.

When it is remembered that the surplus from railway operations for the year ending June 30, 1893, fell to \$3,116,745, and that the years ending June 30, 1894, 1895 and 1897, closed with a deficit, it is possible to appreciate the prosperity of railways under Republican prosperity times.

LEGAL

Mayor's Proclamation RELATING TO THE SALE OF Intoxicating Liquors on Election Day.

WHEREAS, The Statutes of the State of Ohio provide that whoever sells or gives away any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, on any election day, or being the keeper of a place where any such liquors are habitually sold and drunk, fails or omits on election day to keep the same closed, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars, and imprisoned not more than ten days, and, whereas,

Tuesday, the 5th Day of November, A. D. 1901,

Is such election day: Now, therefore, I, W. C. Davidson, mayor of the City of East Liverpool, within said State, by virtue of authority vested in me by said statutes, and in compliance with the requirements thereof, do hereby warn the public concerning the provisions of said statute as above set forth, and that all violations of the same on said day will subject the offender to speedy punishment. And all officers invested with police powers within said municipal corporation are hereby commanded to close all places where said statutory provisions are violated, and to report forthwith to me all violations thereof.

Given under my hand and official seal, at my office in said municipal corporation, on this 30th day of October, A. D. 1901.

(Seal) W. C. DAVIDSON, Mayor.

Published in the Evening News Review October 31, November 1, 2 and 5, 1901.

Our Store to be Remodeled and Enlarged. 5,000

Square feet of selling space to be added, making our establishment the largest in town.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4

\$10,000

Worth of Dry Goods, Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, Millinery, Men's Furnishings, etc., etc., to be reduced one-half to make room for workmen.

We Must Have Room

And to get it we have cut and slashed prices regardless of the cost of the goods or their true value.

THE LEADER

East Liverpool's Greatest Store. Knowles Block, Washington Street

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

Wanted, For Sale, To Rent, Financial, Exchange, personals not exceeding 30 words, daily, three insertions 25 cents; 50 cents the week; \$1.50 the month. Weekly, 25 cents, on time; 75 cents the month. Cash in advance, otherwise we will charge double price to cover bookkeeping and collection.

WANTED.

WANTED—One dipper; steady employment; must have steady, sober man. Address Ford China Company, Ford City, Pa. 117-r*

WANTED—Girl or woman for general housework, two in family; reference required. Apply at The Surprise Clothing House. 117-r*

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no house cleaning; good wages. Inquire at 207 Walnut street. 117-r*

WANTED—A situation as cook or waiter by an Italian; has had 3 years' experience in Rome and 1 year's since coming to this country; is honest, intelligent and can speak the English language; can furnish reference; services reasonable. Address "B," in care of the Evening News Review. 116-j

WANTED—At once—Two canvassers for holiday publications; good wages paid. Inquire of A. A. Johnson, Hotel Lakel. 116jr*

WANTED—Office room in business section; second floor preferred. Address E. G. Hoffman, 190 Thompson avenue. 116-r*

AGENT WANTED—An energetic man to sell our teas, coffees, spices, etc., direct to families on liberal commission in Wellsville and vicinity; a trade already established. Address, at once, Grand Union Tea Co., Wheeling, W. Va. 116-r

WANTED—Ladies to learn hairdressing, manicuring, facial massage or chiropody; one year's apprenticeship saved; you cannot obtain the advantages of constant practice, expert instructions, lectures, etc., in any other way; only four weeks required; tools presented each graduate; one-half receipts paid students; comparatively no expense; board provided if desired; this is the busy season. Apply at once. Moler College, Chicago, Ill. 108-2wks

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cottage house in Sunny Side; good as new; will sell on easy terms for \$700. Inquire at 133 Jefferson street. 117-j

FOR SALE—A good paying business for party with \$200. Address William Levick, General Delivery, East Liverpool, O. 116-r

FOR SALE—Fine limestone land farm, 180 acres in Belmont county, one-half mile from county seat, all underlaid with high grade coal. One vein under 125 estimated about 500,000 tons, another vein under entire 180 acres estimated over 1,000,000 tons. A total of about 1,500,000 tons. Railroad within one-half mile. Can be had at farm price, settling estate. This is an investment which will bring positive and profitable return. For further information address "W," care Evening News Review. 100-47-tf

FOR SALE—A heavy draft horse, eight years old; also a one-horse wagon and harness, suitable for heavy hauling; property of the late John Washington. For terms of sale address John Henderson, General Delivery. 2-wks*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, with gas; ladies or gentlemen. Inquire or address M. O. Harrison, East End. 116-r

FOR RENT—Furnished room, with privilege of bath. Apply at 251 College street. 116-r

FOR RENT—Two new houses, eight rooms each; situated on north side

street car extension; rent, \$15 each. Apply to W. L. Thompson, Exchange building. 113-j

FOR RENT—Furnished room; suitable for one or two gentlemen. Inquire at 124 Ridgway avenue. 116-r*

FOUND.

FOUND—Lady's gold ring. Owner can secure it at this office by proving property and paying for this notice. 117-r

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill., wants men to learn the trade; they teach the work in two months by tried methods and practical experience; abundance of practice furnished by free clinic; a systematic course of instructions given by experts, evening lectures and demonstrations by specialists, examination in graduating department, diplomas granted that are a worthy recommendation; we are the only institution of the kind in the world; branches at New York, St. Louis, Minneapolis, San Francisco or Buffalo; positions guaranteed at top wages; graduates wanted for trains, hospitals, hotels, country and city shops; tools donated, wages Saturdays, board included; two years' apprenticeship saved; illustrated catalogue and particulars mailed free. 108-2wks

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S

Proclamation.

State, District and County Elections.

WHEREAS, The Statutes of the State of Ohio require the sheriff to give public notice by proclamation of the times of holding elections.

Therefore, I, Samuel D. Noragon, Sheriff of the county of Columbiana, in pursuance of said laws, hereby notify the qualified voters of said county of Columbiana, State of Ohio, to appear at the several places of holding elections, on

Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1901.

between the hours of 5:30 o'clock a. m. (standard time) and 6:30 o'clock p. m. (standard time) for the purpose of electing by ballot the following State, District and County officers, to-wit:

One Governor,
One Lieutenant Governor,
One State Treasurer,
One Attorney General,
One Judge of the Supreme Court,
One member of the Board of Public Works,
One Clerk of the Supreme Court,
One Common Pleas Judge,
Two State Senators,
Two Representatives,
One Sheriff,
One Treasurer,
One Auditor,
One Commissioner,
One Inferior Director.

Given under my hand at the Sheriff's office in Lisbon, Ohio, this 26th day of September, A. D. 1901.

SAMUEL D. NORAGON,
Sheriff of Columbiana County, Ohio.

Published in the EVENING NEWS REVIEW for four consecutive weeks commencing October 11, 1901.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned W. H. Riley and D. K. Tarr, carrying on business under the firm name of The D. K. Tarr Bakery Company, at East Liverpool, Ohio, was on the Twenty-third day of September, 1901, dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said W. H. Riley, who retires from the firm.

[Signed] W. H. RILEY,
D. K. TARR.

Published in the EVENING NEWS REVIEW for three consecutive weeks, commencing October 11, 1901.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO THE VOTERS OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

I take this opportunity of informing you that I am a candidate for the Legislature, to be voted for at the November election. If you are in favor of liberal laws and honest legislation, with charity towards all and animosity to none, I sincerely solicit your vote. J. C. WALSH, 26tf East Liverpool, O.

Our Ever Increasing Business Demands a Greater Selection of Properties to Sell; So Place Your Real Estate With Us if You Want it Sold.

Our Charge is Small.

No "For Sale" Cards On Your Property Unless You So Order.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And of Matters About Town.

Game at Lisbon—The Royal Tigers play the Lisbons at the county seat tomorrow.

To Play at Toronto—The Oakland Athletic foot ball team goes to Toronto tomorrow to play the high school eleven of that town.

Valuable Dog Killed—A Southside car ran down and killed a valuable shepherd dog belonging to James Plankington, on Sixth street, at 4:30 yesterday afternoon.

Daughters of St. George—White Rose lodge No. 25, Daughters of St. George, at recent meetings, has initiated two and three candidates at each session. November 10 the members will nominate officers and initiate two candidates.

Goes to Chicago—Frank Geon, who several weeks ago accidentally shot himself through the foot while loading a gun at the shooting gallery at Rock Springs park, and who, on account of the foot, was unable to resume his studies at the Ohio university at Cleveland, left yesterday afternoon for Chicago, where he has accepted a position in a dentist's office. Mr. Geon will take up his studies at the university again next year.

TRIAL NOVEMBER 12

Case of Winnett And Dr. Thompson Set for That Date.

Lisbon, November 1.—(Special)—The week beginning November 1 will be devoted to criminal cases in common pleas court. The trials of Dr. W. L. Thompson, of East Liverpool, and Robert Winnett, of Pittsburg, for a criminal operation causing the death of Ada Moore, are on the calendar for November 12.

Garbage Furnace Started.

The local garbage furnace was fired up today for the first time since it was closed by the board of health. It was only given a trial, however, and will not be put into regular commission until after the next meeting of council.

Hassey's fresh candles. 118-h

T. B. Murphy & Son will have California peaches and Niagara grapes for Saturday. 118-h

Underwear, new styles, low prices, high quality, at THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE. 118-h

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Do You Eat?

For goodness' sake eat Mother's Bread. Sold only by Heddleston Bros. 118-h

Oysters and buckwheat flour at Frank E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Ladies' enamel shoes, heavy sole, extension edge, rope stitch, \$2.50, at FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO. 118-h

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Peanut Bar, 7c per lb. Hassey's.

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TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room. Inquire of Mrs. Mary Warner, Ohio avenue, East End. 118-ff

WANTED—Position as office janitor by respectable lady. Apply to Miss Finley, 214 Third street. 118-r

FOR SALE—Lot 40x60, 12 room, double house on Monroe street, near Sixth; price \$3,700. Apply to J. P. Hanlon, 315 Lincoln avenue. 118-j

FOR SALE—A good lot across from the Riverview cemetery. Inquire at 286 Sixth street. 118-r



Putting up Drugs, which means preparing medicines, requires the greatest thought and care.

Our system of handling Drugs is the result of long study and experience.

ONLY THE PUREST

Drugs are used. We discourage the use of all inferior goods and never, under any circumstances, is substitution permitted. Quick and courteous treatment is given all patrons.

Deal here where it is safe to send a child for anything in our line.

BULGER'S PHARMACY



Wm. Erlanger & Co.

Cor. Fifth & Washington St. E. Liverpool, Ohio.

These Cuts are copy-righted by the

STEIN-BLOCH CO.,

makers of the world's best

CLOTHING

FOR MEN

THE Suits are not copy-righted, but it is only a compliment that the leading custom tailors throughout the land buy specimens of the Stein-Bloch make for new ideas and to get the new wrinkles.



The New Yoke Top Coat

ONE of the Stein-Bloch productions, is represented in the upper left hand corner. The new Military sack coat is represented in the upper right hand corner. It is the production of large quantities that gives the Stein-Bloch people great advantages, and enables us to sell the Stein-Bloch productions at about half the prices like grades would cost at any custom tailors. Dependable grades of Suits and Overcoats are shown here at

\$16.00, \$18.00, \$20.00 and \$22.00.



Have you ever made the buying of Boys' Clothing a study?

DO you know that with two or three boys in the family, buying better goods for the same money, or the same goods for less money means a considerable saving during the year. Don't you think it would pay you to make a thorough investigation and once for all convince yourself that it is best to trade at the Erlanger Store?

\$3.50

Is our price for Boys' Knee Pants Suits,

that sell in most stores for \$5.00. Three piece suits, reefer suits, double-breasted suits, and handsome reefers and overcoats as well.



\$5.00

Is our price for Young Men's Suits, Overcoats and Ulsters.

the best stores show for \$8 and no less, all the leading colorings, mixtures and patterns, good makes.



\$10.00

Is our price for YOUNG MEN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS,

including very rich weaves and very elegant makes, such as few stores in America show under \$14. There isn't a custom tailor in the land can make as good to order under \$20.00.

ENORMOUS PENALTIES DEMANDED IN TEXAS.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 1.—Suits filed by Attorney General Bell against the corporations accused of violating the Texas anti-trust law call for penalties approximating \$55,000,000.

Hassey's fresh candles. 118-h

You can make your dollars stretch if you buy your shoes of FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO. 118-h

Hassey's fresh candles. 118-h

Red Cabbage At Heddleston Bros. 118-h

Dunlevy's pork loin and sausage at Frank E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Read Miskall's real estate advertisement in next Saturday's issue. 117-r

Irishmen Enthusiastically Welcomed.

New York, Nov. 1.—John E. Redmond, Patrick A. McHugh and Thomas O'Donnell, Nationalist members of parliament, who come here in behalf of the Irish cause, landed from the steamship Majestic. They were enthusiastically welcomed on the pier by a large delegation of Irish-Americans. The envoys intend to make a six-weeks' tour of the United States.

T. B. Murphy & Son will have California peaches and Niagara grapes for Saturday. 118-h

For Saturday Only. Peanut Bar, 7c per lb. Hassey's.

Egg plant, cucumber, lettuce, radishes, green onions, endive, water cress, spinach, celery and everything in market at Frank E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Hassey's fresh candles. 118-h

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Showers and cooler today, except fair in extreme northwest portion. Tomorrow fair; fresh to brisk northwesterly winds.

Western Pennsylvania and West Virginia—Showers and cooler today. Tomorrow fair; fresh to brisk northwesterly winds.

Young Bros.' Soft and Stiff Hats, the swell hat of this country. We are sole agents for this city. Price \$3. THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE. 118-h

Select oysters at "The Stag." 118-h

Open Day And Night. The Smith & Price Cafe, 254 West Market street. 118-h

Buy Chase & Sanborn's Altura coffee, only 20 cents a pound, at Frank E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Oysters, Any Style. At the Smith & Price Cafe, 254 West Market street. 118-h

For Saturday Only. Peanut Bar, 7c per lb. Hassey's.

Ko We Ba canned goods, new pack, at Frank E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Oysters

The season is now open. The best, properly cooked and served, at

The Stag,

125 and 127 Second St.

D. A. DEVINE, Prop.

ELIJAH W. HILL,

REAL ESTATE DEALER

Corner 6th and Washington Street. Second Floor.

Our Ever
Increasing
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So
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Corner 6th and Washing-
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Floor.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Brief Notes of a Personal Nature And
of Matters About
Town.

Game at Lisbon—The Royal Tigers
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To Play at Toronto—The Oakland
Athletic foot ball team goes to To-
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Valuable Dog Killed—A Southside
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Putting up Drugs, which means pre-
paring medicines, requires the greatest
thought and care.

Our system of handling Drugs is the
result of long study and experience.
ONLY THE PUREST
Drugs are used. We discourage the
use of all inferior goods and never,
under any circumstances, is substitution
permitted. Quick and courteous
treatment is given all patrons.
Deal here where it is safe to send a
child for anything in our line.

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CLOTHING

FOR MEN

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throughout the land buy specimens of the Stein-
Bloch make for new ideas and to get the new
wrinkles.



The New Yoke Top Coat

ONE of the Stein-Bloch productions, is represented in the upper left hand corner. The new
Military sack coat is represented in the upper right hand corner. It is the production of
large quantities that gives the Stein-Bloch people great advantages, and enables us to sell the
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money, or the same goods for less money means a
considerable saving during the year. Don't you
think it would pay you to make a thorough inves-
tigation and once for all convince yourself that it
is best to trade at the Erlanger Store?

\$3.50

Is our price for

**Boys' Knee Pants
Suits,**

that sell in most stores for
\$5.00. Three piece suits,
reefer suits, double-breasted
suits, and handsome reefers and overcoats as well.



\$5.00

Is our price for
**Young Men's Suits,
Overcoats and
Usters.**

the best stores show for \$8 and no less,
all the leading colorings, mixtures and
patterns, good makes.



\$10.00

Is our price for
**YOUNG MEN'S SUITS,
OVERCOATS AND
ULSTERS,**

including very rich weaves
and very elegant makes,
such as few stores in America show under \$14.
There isn't a custom tailor in the land can make
as good to order under \$20.00.

ENORMOUS PENALTIES

DEMANDED IN TEXAS.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 1.—Suits filed by
Attorney General Bell against the cor-
porations accused of violating the
Texas anti-trust law call for penalties
approximating \$55,000,000.

Hassey's fresh candles. 118-h

You can make your dollars stretch
if you buy your shoes of
FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO. 118-h

Hassey's fresh candles. 118-h

Red Cabbage
At Heddleston Bros. 118-h

Dunlevy's pork loin and sausage at
Frank E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Read Miskall's real estate adver-
tisement in next Saturday's issue. 117-h

Irishmen Enthusiastically Welcomed.

New York, Nov. 1.—John E. Red-
mond, Patrick A. McHugh and
Thomas O'Donnell, Nationalist mem-
bers of parliament, who come here in
behalf of the Irish cause, landed from
the steamship Majestic. They were
enthusiastically welcomed on the pier
by a large delegation of Irish-Ameri-
cans. The envoys intend to make a
six-weeks' tour of the United States.

T. B. Murphy & Son will have Cali-
fornia peaches and Niagara grapes for
Saturday. 118-h

For Saturday Only.
Peanut Bar, 7c per lb. Hassey's.

Egg plant, cucumber, lettuce, rad-
ishes, green onions, endive, water
cress, spinach, celery and everything
in market at Frank E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Hassey's fresh candles. 118-h

WEATHER FORECAST.

Ohio—Showers and cooler today,
except fair in extreme northwest por-
tion. Tomorrow fair; fresh to brisk
northwesterly winds.
Western Pennsylvania and West
Virginia—Showers and cooler today.
Tomorrow fair; fresh to brisk north-
westerly winds.

Young Bros.' Soft and Stiff Hats, the
swell hat of this country. We are sole
agents for this city. Price \$3.
THE SURPRISE CLOTHING HOUSE. 118-h

Select oysters at "The Stag." 118-h

Open Day And Night.
The Smith & Price Cafe, 254 West
Market street. 118-h

Buy Chase & Sanborn's Altura cof-
fee, only 20 cents a pound, at Frank
E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Oysters, Any Style,
At the Smith & Price Cafe, 254
West Market street. 118-h

For Saturday Only.
Peanut Bar, 7c per lb. Hassey's.

Ko We Ba canned goods, new pack,
at Frank E. Oyster & Co. 118-h

Oysters

The season is now open.
The best, properly cook-
ed and served, at

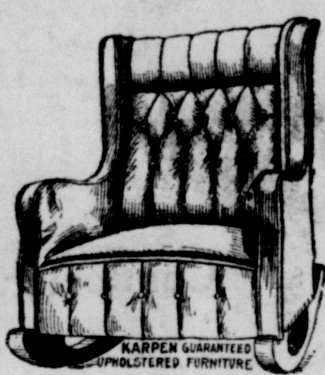
The Stag,
125 and 127 Second St.

D. A. DEVINE, Prop.

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Men's Overcoats

Yoke, Gown and Chesterfield styles at prices ranging from **\$5.00 to \$18.00**

For \$10

We have a special leader in an Oxford Grey, cut in yoke style, which we are selling for \$10.

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Still another make in several different colors, cut in yoke style, retail price, \$18, our discount saving price \$13.50.

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In all the latest military cuts and styles at **\$10, \$12 and \$15**

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DEMONSTRATION AGAINST TURKEY

Decision of France to Send Cruisers Warmly Approved by the Press.

THE FLEET HAS RETURNED

Word May Have Come From Constantinople—France And Russia Said to Be in Accord—Want Porte Brought to Its Senses.

Toulon, Nov. 1.—The French fleet returned here. It was believed that some word was received from Constantinople.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The decision to make a naval demonstration against Turkey was taken at a meeting of the cabinet Tuesday, at which M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, explained the sultan's procrastination regarding the French demands.

Admiral Gaillard's squadron consists of the armored cruisers Admiral Pothuan, Chanzy and Latouche-Treville, the second class cruisers DuChayla and Cassard, and the third class cruiser Gallie. The crews aggregate 2,286 men, but the vessels will also carry landing parties.

The newspapers approve the government's decision. The Journal Des Debats says:

"Every one at Constantinople and the other capitals must be aware that France and Russia are completely in accord on this matter. Under these circumstances it is difficult to believe that the Ottoman government will not come to its senses, and recognizing its error before it is too late, relieve us of the necessity of using other means than those of diplomacy and courteous discussion."

La Liberte remarks that the fact that Admiral Gaillard has embarked 2,000 marines is a warning to the porte that France will not stop before a slight show of resistance, but will go to the end, though war should ensue.

M'KINLEY AND HANNA.

A Fair Estimate of the Relations of the Two Ohio Men.

The following appears in the Detroit Free Press, a leading Democratic newspaper:

The death of Mr. McKinley has been a heavy blow to Mr. Hanna, not because of the political relations between the two men, as most persons imagine, but because of the personal relations. The proper conception of these relations is, for the most part, erroneous. Mr. Hanna has been represented for years as a strong man who had gained control over one of weaker will; established him in a high position, and used him for his own purposes. A less truthful picture of the relations between the two men could hardly be drawn. If either used the other it was the president who used Mr. Hanna, and not Mr. Hanna who used the president.

But the friendship between the two men was based upon something more substantial than self-interest. They were drawn together as two men of diametrically opposite natures often are. Hanna is strong, aggressive, undiplomatic, primitive. Mr. McKinley was tactful, discreet, cautious and gentle. Mr. Hanna looked upon Mr. McKinley as the greatest statesman in the country and as one of the greatest statesmen the country had ever produced. His devotion was inspired by personal admiration for Mr. McKinley's character. His services, his advice, his money, everything he had in the world, were at the command of William McKinley. There was nothing Mr. Hanna was capable of doing for the president that he would not willingly have done.

The death of Mr. McKinley has cost Mr. Hanna his personal friend, and with the loss of this personal friend has gone, in great measure, all incentive to political activity. We can readily believe, while Mr. Hanna will always be ready to advise President Roosevelt in case his advice is asked, he will care little for an aggressive part in public life. Least of all will he try to shape the policies of the new administration, except so far as his counsel is invited. Mr. Hanna is not grieving over the loss of power, but over the loss of a friend, and there is a note of sincerity in his grief which can not fail to increase popular respect for the man.

William McKinley sustained the honor of the country at home and abroad in the war with Spain, and in the Philippine revolt, and his aggressive, statesman-like action in the supreme crisis evoked a tremendous wave of patriotism from all parts of the country. The people now have a chance to express their approval of McKinley's course, and to indicate their liveliest sense of patriotism.

It would be poor policy to swap a wise and statesman-like governor like Nash for a novice like Kilbourne.

If you want to "let well enough alone," vote the straight Republican ticket.

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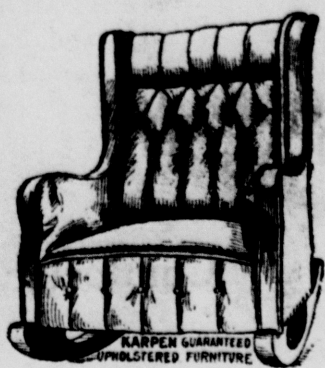
"You do not seem to have a very accurate idea of time."

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DEMONSTRATION AGAINST TURKEY

Decision of France to Send Cruisers Warmly Approved
by the Press.

THE FLEET HAS RETURNED

Word May Have Come From Constantinople—France And Russia Said to Be in Accord—Want Porte Brought to Its Senses.

Toulon, Nov. 1.—The French fleet returned here. It was believed that some word was received from Constantinople.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The decision to make a naval demonstration against Turkey was taken at a meeting of the cabinet Tuesday, at which M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, explained the sultan's procrastination regarding the French demands.

Admiral Gaillard's squadron consists of the armored cruisers Admiral Potheau, Chanzy and Latouche-Treville, the second class cruisers DuChayla and Cassard, and the third class cruiser Galliee. The crews aggregate 2,286 men, but the vessels will also carry landing parties.

The newspapers approve the government's decision. The Journal Des Debats says:

"Every one at Constantinople and the other capitals must be aware that France and Russia are completely in accord on this matter. Under these circumstances it is difficult to believe that the Ottoman government will not come to its senses, and recognizing its error before it is too late, relieve us of the necessity of using other means than those of diplomacy and courteous discussion."

La Liberte remarks that the fact that Admiral Gaillard has embarked 2,000 marines is a warning to the porte that France will not stop before a slight show of resistance, but will go to the end, though war should ensue.

M'KINLEY AND HANNA.

A Fair Estimate of the Relations of the Two Ohio Men.

The following appears in the Detroit Free Press, a leading Democratic newspaper:

The death of Mr. McKinley has been a heavy blow to Mr. Hanna, not because of the political relations between the two men, as most persons imagine, but because of the personal relations. The proper conception of these relations is, for the most part, erroneous. Mr. Hanna has been represented for years as a strong man who had gained control over one of weaker will; established him in a high position, and used him for his own purposes. A less truthful picture of the relations between the two men could hardly be drawn. If either used the other it was the president who used Mr. Hanna, and not Mr. Hanna who used the president.

But the friendship between the two men was based upon something more substantial than self-interest. They were drawn together as two men of diametrically opposite natures often are. Hanna is strong, aggressive, undiplomatic, primitive. Mr. McKinley was tactful, discreet, cautious and gentle. Mr. Hanna looked upon Mr. McKinley as the greatest statesman in the country and as one of the greatest statesmen the country had ever produced. His devotion was inspired by personal admiration for Mr. McKinley's character. His services, his advice, his money, everything he had in the world, were at the command of William McKinley. There was nothing Mr. Hanna was capable of doing for the president that he would not willingly have done.

The death of Mr. McKinley has cost Mr. Hanna his personal friend, and with the loss of this personal friend has gone, in great measure, all incentive to political activity. We can readily believe, while Mr. Hanna will always be ready to advise President Roosevelt in case his advice is asked, he will care little for an aggressive part in public life. Least of all will he try to shape the policies of the new administration, except so far as his counsel is invited. Mr. Hanna is not grieving over the loss of power, but over the loss of a friend, and there is a note of sincerity in his grief which can not fail to increase popular respect for the man.

William McKinley sustained the honor of the country at home and abroad in the war with Spain, and in the Philippine revolt, and his aggressive, statesman-like action in the supreme crisis evoked a tremendous wave of patriotism from all parts of the country. The people now have a chance to express their approval of McKinley's course, and to indicate their liveliest sense of patriotism.

It would be poor policy to swap a wise and statesman-like governor like Nash for a novice like Kilbourne.

If you want to "let well enough alone," vote the straight Republican ticket.

Roosevelt Anecdotes

Colonel Roosevelt Was Democratic.

"When we went forward and took San Juan hill," relates Trooper Bell of Roosevelt's rough riders, "the others thought we had orders, and some of them piled in and went along, and the consequence was that when we got to the top there were rough riders, Ninth and Tenth cavalry and Sixth cavalry and infantry all mixed up together. You never saw such a mixup. And Colonel Roosevelt not only looked after us, but he helped look after the rest of the cavalry too. You may think we're partial, but you just ask any of the Ninth and Tenth regulars. They were the colored troops, and they know what kind of a man Roosevelt is. Now, just let me tell you something. You know a soldier's canteen is the thing he always clings to—his canteen, his gun and his cartridge belt. Well, when we were on the march the colonel would come along the line and ask one of his boys for a drink from his canteen and make no bones of it at all. And not only that, but he'd drink out of the canteen of a Ninth or Tenth cavalryman and not act as if the Lord had made him out of a little finer clay than all the rest of the world, though the Lord did, just the same."

Roosevelt as a Powder Burner.

Long before the blowing up of the Maine in Havana harbor Mr. Roosevelt made the prediction that "we shall be compelled to fight Spain within a year." Soon after he was appointed assistant secretary of the navy in 1897, he asked for an appropriation of \$800,000 for ammunition for the use of the navy. This appropriation was made.

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"My dear Miss Barton," he said, his words vibrating with enthusiastic appreciation and admiration, "you are doing a noble work. We all speak of it. General Shafter himself told me you had saved the army by giving us medicines out of your precious store." Here he took Miss Barton's hands, clasping them in his. "We only regret one thing, Miss Barton," continued Colonel Roosevelt. "It is that you have not enough here to keep you going to your full capacity. Yes, yes, don't belittle your own immense capacity for doing good work. We know, Miss Barton, we know. We see you at all hours—no rest, no time to eat—up night and day at this noble work. I said to Colonel Weston only just now, 'I must run over and tell Miss Barton that she is appreciated by the army.' 'God bless that woman,' said old Jack Weston, and so say I too."

By this time Miss Barton was beaming. Her face was illuminated and her eyes filled with tears. She attempted to reply to Colonel Teddy, but he broke in:

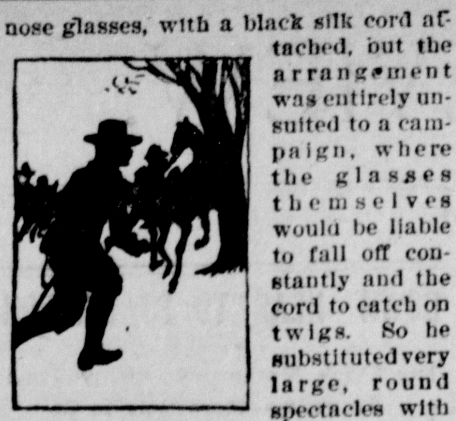
"I shall see that the people in Washington know of what you are doing here, Miss Barton. I shall make it my particular business to tell them. Yes, I will. I shall tell them how you came to the front from Siboney and how you were the first to come into the harbor. Yes, ahead of the warships, ahead of the transports."

There is where Colonel Teddy captured the Red Cross. The rest was easy. He simply told her of the condition of his boys. Too plucky they were to acknowledge they were sick, too proud to go to the hospitals. As he talked he let his words come from his heart. They were eloquent with feeling, with the affection which Teddy Roosevelt felt for his rough riders, and Miss Barton's eyes again filled with tears, and she gave him large quantities of canned fruits, condensed milk, cornmeal and other good things.

Roosevelt and His "Specs."

"Colonel Roosevelt is very nearsighted," says a man who saw service at Santiago, "and when the hot fighting was in progress his luggage consisted almost entirely of spectacles. Near-sighted people always have an abiding fear of losing their glasses, knowing their absolute helplessness without such aid, and I was told by one of the New York club contingent that Roosevelt took particular pains before leaving home to provide against such a disaster."

"He had been in the habit of wearing



nose glasses, with a black silk cord attached, but the arrangement was entirely unsuited to a campaign, where the glasses themselves would be liable to fall off constantly and the cord to catch on twigs. So he substituted very large, round spectacles with steel hooks for the ears and had a dozen pairs mounted. These he planted around his person and equipment, trying to distribute them so no one accident could include them all. One pair was sewed in his blouse, another in his belt, another in his hat, two in his saddlebags, and so on.

"At the fight at Guasimas his horse was barked by a bullet while held by an orderly and plunged frantically against a tree. Colonel Roosevelt came rushing up, all anxiety, and began prying under the saddle flap. 'They haven't hurt the nag, sir,' said the orderly. 'I know,' replied the colonel, with tears in his voice; 'but, blast 'em, they've smashed my specs!'"

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He was then asked what he was going to do with the half million dollars he had recently requested, and he said, with the same vigor of expression, "Going to use every ounce of that, too, within the next thirty days in practice shooting." And used it was.

Roosevelt's Escape From the Grizzly.

Dr. Webb, who accompanied the then Vice President Elect Roosevelt on his hunt for big game in Colorado last winter, relates the following story of the statesman's escape from a grizzly bear:

"It was still quite early in the morning. Goff, the guide, assured us that we would stand an excellent chance at that time if bears were around, and, as snow had fallen, we had hopes that a grizzly or two had been driven down from the hills. And we were not disappointed."

"We had hardly ridden a quarter of a mile when Goff called our attention to a huge brute lumbering unsteadily up a miniature canyon. Between us and the canyon the ground was comparatively open, so we dashed up to the rocks, dismounted and resumed our pursuit of bruta."

"Hastily Colonel Roosevelt took a shot. The bear only moved faster. Stewart and I tried it, but still the old grizzly kept on. Colonel Roosevelt was wild with enthusiasm and despite the guide's warning dashed ahead of us all. He rapidly overhauled the bear and when thirty yards away

took careful aim and fired. The bear had now almost reached the head of the canyon, and there was no escape except by scaling the cliff. Roosevelt's last shot struck him, and, rearing on his hind legs and snarling fiercely, he started toward Teddy."

"Run, colonel!" yelled Goff, taking in the situation, for the bear was mad and his twelve hundred odd pounds were fairly quivering with rage. Calmly Roosevelt took another shot, but the bear was now under full swing and coming with speed. The rest of us were about thirty yards back, and we yelled again. One more shot, and then Roosevelt turned to flee; but, to our horror, he stumbled and fell sprawling. I took careful aim at the angry bear and fired, but still he came. Stewart poured shot into his carcass, Goff ran forward and shot, and Roosevelt scrambled to his feet, with bruise fifteen feet away. He coolly turned and fired again and stopped the animal. A fusillade from all of us followed, and with a last stagger toward us the game old animal laid down and died."

"The skin of that bear will remind the colonel of his best adventure, if I'm not mistaken," declares the doctor.

Your "Uncle Mark" Hanna is a pretty safe counsellor, and what he says can be put down just about as close to the truth as it is possible for any man to speak. He tells us to "Let well enough alone," and his advice should be heeded.

The opening meeting of the Democratic campaign at Bucyrus did not compare with the Republican opening at Delaware in attendance or enthusiasm.

THREE INTERESTING EVENTS

Our Carpet Sale

continues.

Our large purchase brings the choicest fall designs within your reach.

Velvets, brussels and ingrains, all in large variety at prices surprisingly lower than regular.

People are taking advantage of this sale and keeping our carpet room busy

Remember if you haven't the ready money, these go as do everything in the store on

Holiday Furniture

Is the center of attraction with us just now.

We have had the goods come in earlier than usual and now have ready for your selection

Parlor Cabinets, Music Cabinets, Desks, Fancy Chairs. Book Cases,

We have laid away a great many for Christmas delivery and more people are looking.

These you buy from us either for cash or on

Bedding

Our showing of

Blankets

and

Comforts

is larger than ever before.

Blankets from 65c a pair up to \$10.

Comforts from 75c up to beautiful

Down Comforts at \$9.00.

Each give great range for selection.

We sell them either for cash or on

EASY PAYMENTS

HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"

Manzanella Cafe

Imported Beer, Ice Cold Beer, Munchener. Base Ale on Draught.

DINING AND LUNCH ROOM, The finest in the city. Everything in season.

Aaron R. Guthrie, Diamond St. Both Phones 68.

New Era Restaurant, Billiard Hall and Cafe,

Tobacco and Cigar department stocked with the finest cigars and Tobacco in the market. Dining room up to date. Table de hote meals 25c. Banquets a specialty. Best furnished billiard and pool room in the state. Lighted with electric lights. Bar open from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St., East Liverpool, Ohio. J. C. WALSH, Prop.

No More Gray Hair.

Ladies, do you know you can get the latest transformation Pompadour which can be used as a covering for gray hair or can take the place of the old fashioned wig? Made of natural curly hair, only weighs one ounce and a half. Can be made in any style desired to suit face. Hair Switches \$1 up, over 100 to select from.

New York Hair Parlor, 174 Sixth Street.

When

You want any job in the

BUILDING LINE

done well and quick. Come to us as our reputation is established.

J. C. CAIN & CO.,

Telephone "Bell" 2337 357.

Notice to Tax-Payers.

In pursuance of law, I, CHARLES E. SMITH, Treasurer of Columbiana county, hereby give notice to the Tax-Payers of said county, that the rates of taxation for the year 1901 are correctly stated in the following table showing the number of mills and hundredths of mills levied on each dollar of valuation of said county.

Statement showing the several rates of taxes and purposes for which levied on the taxable property of Columbiana county, Ohio, for the year 1901:

Townships, School Districts and Corporations.	State	COUNTY.										LOCAL.	TOTAL	Townships, School Districts and Corporations.
		County	Poor.	Children's Home	Bridge	Building	Soldiers' Relief	Interest & Bond Redemption	Interest & Bond Extension	Restoration	Bridge	Township	School	Corporation
Liverpool township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Liverpool corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
St. Clair township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Madison school district No. 2	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Middletown township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Rogers corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
New Waterford corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Unity school district No. 1	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Unity school district No. 2	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Unity school district No. 3	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Unity school district No. 4	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Unity school district No. 5	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Unity school district No. 6	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Unity school district No. 7	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Unity school district No. 8	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
E. Palestine corporation No. 1	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
E. Palestine corporation No. 2	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Yellow Creek township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Wellsville school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Wellsville corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Madison township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Madison school district No. 1	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Madison school district No. 2	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Elkrun township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Madison school district No. 3	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Fairfield township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Columbiana school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Columbiana corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Washington township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Washington school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Salineville school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Salineville corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Wayne township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Center township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Lisbon school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Lisbon corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Salem township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Washingtonville school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Washingtonville corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Leetonia school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Leetonia corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Franklin township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Hanover township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Hanover school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Hanover corporation	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Butler township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Perry township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Salem school dist. and corp.	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
West township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
East Rochester school district	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20
Knox township	2.80	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	06	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	4.20

The entire delinquencies and one-half of all other taxes charged in the duplicate of 1901 are required to be paid on or before the 20th

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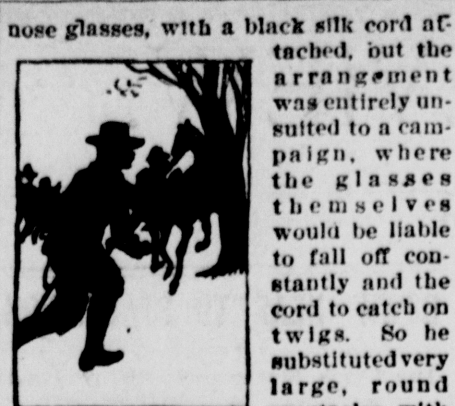
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"Hastily Colonel Roosevelt took a shot. The bear only moved faster. Stewart and I tried it, but still the old grizzly kept on. Colonel Roosevelt was wild with enthusiasm and despite the guide's warning dashed ahead of us all. He rapidly overhauled the bear and when thirty yards away

took careful aim and fired. The bear had now almost reached the head of the canyon, and there was no escape except by scaling the cliff. Roosevelt's last shot stung him, and, rearing on his hind legs and snarling fiercely, he started toward Teddy.

"Run, colonel!" yelled Goff, taking in the situation, for the bear was mad and his twelve hundred odd pounds were fairly quivering with rage. Calmly Roosevelt took another shot, but the bear was now under full swing and coming with speed. The rest of us were about thirty yards back, and we yelled again. One more shot, and then Roosevelt turned to flee; but, to our horror, he stumbled and fell sprawling. I took careful aim at the angry bear and fired, but still he came. Stewart poured shot into his carcass. Goff ran forward and shot, and Roosevelt scrambled to his feet, with bruise fifteen feet away. He coolly turned and fired again and stopped the animal. A fusillade from all of us followed, and with a last stagger toward us the game old animal laid down and died.

"The skin of that bear will remind the colonel of his best adventure, if I'm not mistaken," declares the doctor.

Your "Uncle Mark" Hanna is a pretty safe counsellor, and what he says can be put down just about as close to the truth as it is possible for any man to speak. He tells us to "Let well enough alone," and his advice should be heeded.

The opening meeting of the Democratic campaign at Bucyrus did not compare with the Republican opening at Delaware in attendance or enthusiasm.



THREE INTERESTING EVENTS

Our Carpet Sale

continues.

Our large purchase brings the choicest fall designs within your reach.

Velvets, brussels and ingrains, all in large variety at prices surprisingly lower than regular.

People are taking advantage of this sale and keeping our carpet room busy

Remember if you haven't the ready money, these go as do everything in the store on

Holiday Furniture

Is the center of attraction with us just now.

We have had the goods come in earlier than usual and now have ready for your selection

Parlor Cabinets, Music Cabinets, Desks,

Fancy Chairs. Book Cases,

We have laid away a great many for Christmas delivery and more people are looking.

These you buy from us either for cash or on

Bedding

Our showing of

Blankets

and

Comforts

is larger than ever before.

Blankets from 65c a pair up to \$10.

Comforts from 75c up to beautiful

Down Comforts at \$9.00.

Each give great range for selection.

We sell them either for cash or on

EASY PAYMENTS

HARD'S

"THE BIG STORE"

Manzanella Cafe

Imported Beer, Ice Cold Beer, Munchener. Base Ale on Draught.

DINING AND LUNCH ROOM, The finest in the city. Everything in season.

Aaron R. Guthrie, Diamond St. Both Phones 68.

New Era Restaurant, Billiard Hall and Cafe.

Tobacco and Cigar department stocked with the finest cigars and Tobacco in the market. Dining room up to date. Table d'hôte meals 25c. Banquets a specialty. Best furnished billiard and pool room in the state. Lighted with electric lights. Bar open from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m.

110 and 112 Sixth St., East Liverpool, Ohio. J. C. WALSH, Prop.

No More Gray Hair.

Ladies, do you know you can get the latest transformation Pompadour which can be used as a covering for gray hair or can take the place of the old fashioned wig? Made of natural curly hair, only weighs one ounce and a half. Can be made in any style desired to suit face. Hair Switches \$1 up, over 100 to select from.

New York Hair Parlor, 174 Sixth Street.

When

You want any job in the BUILDING LINE

done well and quick. Come to us as our reputation is established.

J. C. CAIN & CO.,

Telephone "Bell" 23 and 257.

Notice to Tax-Payers.

In pursuance of law, I, CHARLES E. SMITH, Treasurer of Columbiana county, hereby give notice to the Tax-Payers of said county, that the rates of taxation for the year 1901 are correctly stated in the following table showing the number of mills and hundredths of mills levied on each dollar of valuation of said county.

Statement showing the several rates of taxes and purposes for which levied on the taxable property of Columbiana county, Ohio, for the year 1901:

Townships, School Districts and Corporations.	State	COUNTY.										LOCAL.				TOTAL	Township Road paid in Labor (Add)	Townships, School Districts and Corporations.	
		County	Poor.	Children's Home	Bridge	Building	Soldiers' Relief	Interest & Bond Redemption	Interest & Bond Extension	Restoration	Total County & State	Township	School	Corporation	Township Road				
Liverpool township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	30	3.10	1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Liverpool township.	
Liverpool corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	30	10.80	1.00	13.80	13.80	27.60	Liverpool corporation	
St. Clair township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	30	3.30	8.50	5.00	6.30	6.30	12.60	St. Clair township
Madison school district No. 2	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	30	3.30		5.00	6.60	6.60	13.20	Madison school dist No 2
Middletown township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.00	4.50	7.50	10.50	10.50	21.00	Middletown township	
Rogers corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.00	4.50	7.50	10.50	10.50	21.00	Rogers corporation	
New Waterford corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	12.00	6.55	13.39	13.39	26.78	New Waterford corp.	
Unity school district No. 1	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	13.00		8.00	6.20	12.40	Unity school Dist. No. 1.	
Unity school district No. 2	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	13.00		8.00	6.20	12.40	Unity school Dist. No. 2.	
Unity school district No. 3	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	4.20		8.00	6.80	13.60	Unity school Dist. No. 3.	
Unity school district No. 4	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	6.00		8.00	7.70	15.40	Unity school Dist. No. 4.	
Unity school district No. 5	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	9.40		8.00	9.40	18.80	Unity school Dist. No. 5.	
Unity school district No. 6	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	9.40		8.00	9.40	18.80	Unity school Dist. No. 6.	
Unity school district No. 7	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	3.40		8.00	6.40	12.80	Unity school dist. No. 7.	
Unity school district No. 8	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	12.00		8.00	10.70	21.40	Unity school Dist. No. 8.	
E. Palestine corporation No. 1	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	9.40	8.80	11.70	11.70	23.40	East Palestine corp No 1	
E. Palestine corporation No. 2	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	60	9.40	8.80	11.70	11.70	23.40	East Palestine corp No 2	
Yellow Creek township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	80	7.00		1.00	7.70	7.70	15.40	Yellow Creek township.
Wellsville school district	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	80	7.00		1.00	7.70	7.70	15.40	Wellsville school district
Wellsville corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	80	7.00	21.80	1.00	18.10	18.10	36.80	Wellsville corporation.
Madison township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.80	6.80	13.60	Madison township.
Madison school district No. 1	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.80	6.80	13.60	Madison school dist No 1
Madison school district No. 2	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	7.20	7.20	14.40	Madison school Dist No 2
Elkrun township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	7.20	7.20	14.40	Elkrun township.
Madison school district No. 3	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.60	Madison school Dist No 3
Fairfield township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Fairfield township.
Leetonia school district	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Leetonia school district
Columbiana corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Columbiana corporation
Washington township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Washington township.
Monroeville school district	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Monroeville school dist
Salineville school district	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Salineville school dist
Salineville corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Salineville corporation
Wayne township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Wayne township.
Center township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Center township.
Lisbon school district	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Lisbon school dist.
Lisbon corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Lisbon corporation.
Salem township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Salem township.
Washingtonville sch dist	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Washingtonville sch dist
Washingtonville corp.	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Washingtonville corp.
Leetonia school dist	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Leetonia school dist
Leetonia corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Leetonia corporation.
Pratt township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Pratt township.
Hanover township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Hanover township.
Hanover school district	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Hanover school district.
Hanover corporation	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Hanover corporation.
Butter township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Butter township.
Perry township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Perry township.
Salix school dist. and corp.	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Salix school dist. and corp.
West township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	West township.
East Rochester school district	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	East Rochester school dist
Knox township	2.80	0.00	60	30	1.30	35	15	06	30	05	8.00	1.50	3.10		1.00	6.20	6.20	12.40	Knox township.

OHIO CENTENNIAL.

Complete History of the Project From Its Inception.

Extravagant Estimates of the State Centennial Commission.

Governor Nash Was Not Opposed to the Exposition.

But Guarded the Interests of the Taxpayers of the State.

Statement Showing What the People of Each County Would Have Paid in Taxes Had the Million-Dollar Plan Carried.

Colonel Kilbourne, the Democratic candidate for governor, seeks, through private electioneering solicitations, carried on by both himself and his friends, to make campaign capital out of the fact that the project for a centennial exposition at Toledo in 1903 failed to be consummated.

He and his friends have in the same manner criticised the position of Governor Nash in regard to the Toledo centennial, and have undertaken to prejudice the governor by reason of such attitude, in various localities of the state.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Democratic platform is absolutely silent in regard to the position of Governor Nash on this subject, and also the further fact that not a single official Democratic utterance, either of its leaders, or of its press, throughout Ohio, has been publicly made in criticism of Governor Nash's position, it is deemed proper to place before the voters of Ohio a full and correct statement of the entire proceedings in connection with the Ohio centennial, all of which will justify the statement that the position of the governor was courageous, wise and statesmanlike.

Governor Nash and the Republican party of Ohio, challenge Democratic criticism of his record in this regard. They are willing to go before the taxpayers of Ohio in this matter, and to that end the statement herein is submitted to the public.

The idea of celebrating the one hundredth year of Ohio's statehood first took shape in 1896, when the general assembly on Feb. 19, of that year, adopted a resolution providing for the appointment of a commission of seven persons by the governor "whose duty it shall be to formulate plans, and devise ways and means for the due observance of the centennial of Ohio in the year 1903, and report the same to the next general assembly in writing." (See Ohio Laws, Vol. 92, pp. 774-775.) This commission made its report to the general assembly on Feb. 24, 1898, and suggested as a proper memorial of the centennial of our statehood, the erection of a state building near the capitol. (See report of centennial commission, House Journal, appendix, 63rd general assembly, pp. 129-130.)

This report was filed, but not acted upon. Afterward, on the 21st of April, 1898, the general assembly passed a joint resolution "to provide for a grand exposition for the purpose of fittingly celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of the admittance of Ohio into the Union as one of the states," and in this resolution it was provided that the general assembly meet in joint session in the hall of the house of representatives on April 20, 1898, and then and there determine at what place said exposition should be held. (See Ohio Laws, Vol. 93, pp. 736-737.)

On the date mentioned the general assembly met in joint session at the place mentioned, and heard the various arguments of the different cities that desired the location of the exposition. The city of Toledo made the most strenuous effort to secure the location, its representatives authoritatively stating to the general assembly that no appropriation would be asked for from the State of Ohio, and that they would cheerfully and generously bear the necessary expenses to make it a complete success. On a vote for the choice of a site at which to hold the centennial celebration, Toledo received 64 votes, Cleveland received nine votes and Columbus received eight votes. The remainder of five votes were given, one each, to other cities. Thereupon, by joint resolution, it was determined that the city of Toledo be selected as the place for holding the Centennial exposition.

Afterward, on April 26, 1898, an act was passed providing for the appointment of a centennial commission, and payment of the expenses thereof. (See Ohio Laws, Vol. 93, pp. 369-370.) This act authorized the governor of the state of Ohio to appoint a commission of 21 members, one from each congressional district of the state. The object of this commission was to examine and acquaint itself with the grounds on which the exposition was to be held and secure all necessary information in order to report to the general assembly what, in their judgment, the state should do as her part towards the maintenance and holding of this exposition, and their plans, arguments, suggestions and information were to be reported to the next general assembly following the passage of the act, within ten days after the beginning of the session of the general assembly.

After outlining the duties of the commission, and appropriating \$5,000

to pay their expenses, the legislature in said act specifically said: "Provided that nothing in this act shall be construed as obligating the state for any appropriation for such centennial exposition, or in any way expressing the sense of this general assembly that an appropriation further than the one herein provided should be made." (See Ohio Laws, Vol. 93, p. 370.)

Up to this date there was not even contemplated by the general assembly, or any of the officers of the state, that there was any obligation of any sort on the part of the state of Ohio to contribute by appropriation, or otherwise, to the preparation, construction and maintenance of this exposition. It was located at Toledo largely upon the assurances of her representative citizens that no appropriation would be asked, and this provision in the act creating the commission was entirely satisfactory to them.

Pursuant to the act of April 26, 1898, Governor Bushnell appointed a commission of 21, which at its first meeting organized by electing Colonel James Kilbourne, the present Democratic candidate for governor, as its chairman.

This commission after being in existence two years filed its report, as provided by law, with the general assembly, which met on the first Monday of January, 1900. The influence of Colonel Kilbourne dominated this commission, and having signed the report as president, he is assuming, and indeed has assumed frequently since, the entire spirit and project therein outlined. The report itself provided for an expenditure of money grossly extravagant and unwarranted by the financial condition of the state of Ohio.

In the report of the commission, signed and recommended by Colonel Kilbourne, it was estimated that it would "require an appropriation of one million (\$1,000,000) dollars to cover the cost of procuring, preparing, transporting and caring for the exhibits to be furnished by the state, and the erection of all the necessary buildings that should be built by the state." (See report of Ohio Centennial commission, 1900, page 16.)

The report further recites: "We submit herewith, and make a part of this report, the reports of the individual committees of the Ohio Centennial commission." (See same report, p. 16.) Among these reports is that of the committee on buildings. The report of this committee recommended as an expenditure FOR BUILDINGS ALONE, one million three hundred and sixteen thousand five hundred (\$1,316,500.00) dollars.

In order that the taxpayers of the state may have definite and specific information as to the extravagant scale to which Colonel Kilbourne's commission proposed to commit the state of Ohio, and which has been approved and endorsed by him, the following items from the report of the committee on buildings are given: They recommend first that a grand feature be made of the administration building, and say—"This building should be used solely for the officers and administration of the affairs of the centennial, and should contain not less than 15,000 square feet of floor space, and cost sixty-five thousand (\$65,000.00) dollars." (See same report, p. 85.) This vast sum of money was to be expended from the treasury of Ohio, for the sole purpose of furnishing luxurious accommodations to Colonel Kilbourne and his commission.

The report provides further:—

A building devoted to the display of manufactures and the liberal arts, to contain not less than 125,000 square feet of floor space, and to cost two hundred thousand (\$200,000) dollars.

A building devoted to machinery and the display of the mechanical arts and power to contain not less than 100,000 square feet of surface, and to cost one hundred and twenty thousand (\$120,000) dollars.

A building devoted to agriculture, horticulture and floriculture to contain not less than 90,000 square feet and to cost one hundred and ten thousand (\$110,000) dollars.

A building devoted to fine arts and to sciences, to contain not less than 40,000 square feet and to cost seventy-five thousand (\$75,000) dollars.

A building devoted to mines and mining, to contain not less than 20,000 square feet, and to cost twenty-eight thousand (\$28,000) dollars.

A building devoted to the department of electricity, to contain not less than 20,000 square feet, and to cost twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars.

An auditorium building for the purpose of public entertainments and assemblies, to contain not less than 25,000 square feet and to cost twenty-two thousand (\$22,000) dollars.

A building or buildings for the department of public comfort, safety and service, to contain not less than 10,000 square feet and to cost twelve thousand five hundred (\$12,500) dollars.

A building devoted to the display of transportation, to contain not less than 80,000 square feet and to cost ninety-five thousand (\$95,000) dollars.

A building devoted to fish and fisheries and game, to contain not less than 15,000 square feet and to cost seventy-five thousand (\$75,000) dollars.

A building devoted to forestry, to contain not less than 23,000 square feet and to cost twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars.

A building or buildings devoted to hygiene and sanitation, to contain not less than 50,000 square feet and to cost forty-two thousand (\$42,000) dollars.

A building devoted to archaeological and ethnological displays, to contain not less than 20,000 square feet and to cost forty-five thousand (\$45,000) dollars.

A building devoted to education and schools, to contain not less than 18,000 square feet and to cost eighty-five thousand (\$85,000) dollars.

A building dedicated to the uses of the people of the state of Ohio. This building in our opinion should be built from materials that are produced from this state, should be permanent in character and should cost not less than three hundred thousand (\$300,000) dollars.—(See same report, pp. 86-87.)

It should be borne in mind that the above items, amounting as stated above to the enormous sum of \$1,316,500, is the cost of construction alone of the buildings named. The above expense does not provide for the cost of furnishing, maintaining and caring for the buildings, nor does it include the expense of executive administration; neither does it include the cost of transportation and caring for exhibits. The commission, in addition to the

specific sums named necessary to construct the buildings, seem to have this in mind, for they close their report with the following language:

"It is the opinion of your committee that this commission will need in funds to erect suitably, and maintain and equip the buildings that may come under their jurisdiction and care, a sum of \$800,000, all of which is respectfully submitted." (See same report, p. 87.) If they needed \$800,000 to furnish and equip the buildings that came under their care, it would make the total amount recommended by Colonel Kilbourne's commission to be taken from the Ohio treasury for the purpose of conducting a sentimental celebration, amount to \$2,016,500.

The full scope and operation of this project will be better understood if the taxpayers of the state take into consideration that the exposition itself was to be under the control of and conducted by a private corporation organized in the city of Toledo, and known as the "Ohio Centennial company." This corporation was composed of stockholders, nearly all residents of Toledo, and organized for the purpose of conducting the exposition, selling its concessions and privileges, collecting and retaining its gate receipts and all other sources of income, and also receiving all profits arising in any manner whatsoever by reason of the operation and continuance of the centennial exposition.

For the purpose of carrying out the plan of the exposition as outlined by Colonel Kilbourne's commission, and in order to authorize this private corporation above referred to, to conduct the exposition and exercise other powers, House Bill number 385, by Mr. Griffin, "providing for making an exhibit of the natural and artificial products of the state of Ohio, and of objects illustrating its history, progress, moral and material welfare and future development at the Ohio Centennial and Northwest Territory exposition," was introduced on the 13th day of February, 1900. (See House Journal, 74th general assembly, page 218.) This bill provided:—

First: That the Ohio Centennial company, for the purpose of conducting said exposition, shall exercise and maintain full police power and regulations looking to the maintaining of peace and good order, and the preservation of the exhibits of this and other states and countries, and shall also have the right to assign space on said exposition ground.

Second: Said company was to have had the right to grant concessions and privileges, and charge for the same, and provide for the exhibition of all exhibits of every kind and character, except those provided by the state of Ohio.

Third: This company was authorized to collect and receive all the gate receipts and other sources of income, and receive all the profits which should arise from the holding of the exposition.

Fourth: The centennial commission was authorized to expend at once not to exceed one million dollars for the purpose of making the exhibit for the state of Ohio. To secure this amount, \$500,000 was to be appropriated immediately out of the state treasury, and \$500,000 in bonds, not exceeding four (4) per cent., were to be issued, the proceeds of which, also to be immediately available.

This, then, was the financial phase of the Ohio Centennial exposition which Governor Nash resisted. The Kilbourne commission, by the bill proposed, wanted a million dollars at once. According to the statement of their report this was not sufficient by half as much again to carry out the exposition as projected by it. The appropriation of a million dollars was but an entering wedge for the appropriation of a million more before the exposition was commenced. This demand by the friends of the centennial for one million dollars was in direct conflict with the recommendation of Governor Bushnell in his last message to the general assembly on Jan. 1, 1900, wherein he said: "I would recommend to the general assembly that at its session there be appropriated the sum of \$500,000, to be expended upon a state exhibit, and in such other ways as meet your views." (Governor Bushnell's message, Jan. 1, 1900, pp. 26-27.) Governor Nash agreed with Governor Bushnell, and in his inaugural address on Jan. 8, 1900, he said: "It has been provided that an Ohio Centennial shall be held at Toledo in the near future. It is my desire that this celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the admittance of Ohio into the Union shall be made as successful as possible, and I join with Governor Bushnell in asking this general assembly to appropriate the sum of \$500,000, to be expended in such manner as may be prescribed by you. This sum is as much as the state ought to expend in this direction." (See Governor Nash's inaugural address, p. 11.)

In the face of these official recommendations, the bill for the appropriation of one million dollars was vigorously insisted upon by Colonel Kilbourne and his commission, and it was long a subject of contest and debate in the general assembly. Governor Nash maintained the position taken by his predecessor as well as himself, and insisted that but \$500,000 should be appropriated for that purpose.

If the million dollar bill was passed it would have charged upon the people of Ohio that amount, and the interest on the bonds, which would aggregate \$1,099,000. This amount would have to be collected from the taxpayers of this state, and would be levied upon the various counties, according to the compilation made by the auditor of state, as follows:

Adams	2,895	Licking	14,129
Allen	12,524	Logan	8,437
Ashland	7,129	Lorain	11,920
Ashland	11,219	Lucas	36,293

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Brown	13,078	Medina	9,021
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Crawford	6,838	Noble	13,582
Cuyahoga	10,549	Putnam	3,262
Darke	102,008	Richland	4,493
Delaware	12,939	Ross	3,021
Franklin	4,721	Sandusky	5,268
Fulton	8,351	Schofield	9,883
Geauga	9,106	Seneca	2,261
Hamilton	10,267	Shelby	10,269
Hancock	8,055	Stark	9,428
Hardin	52,206	Summit	6,291
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Henry	3,980	Townsend	11,058
Hillsdale	4,246	Union	9,229
Hocking	6,922	Van Wert	6,439
Holmes	3,204	Vinton	5,701
Huron	4,689	Warren	2,017
Jackson	9,675	Washington	9,296
Jefferson	3,861	Wayne	8,773
Johnson	11,008	Wood	12,824
Knox	8,653	Wyandot	5,949
Lake	1,115	Wood	12,731
Lawrence	4,574	Wyandot	6,961

If the recommendations of Colonel Kilbourne's commission were carried out, the taxpayers of Ohio before they would be through with this centennial exposition would be charged with two and a half times the above amount.

The conflict which arose in the legislature, resulted in the failure to pass any bill providing for the continuance of the commission, and the representation of Ohio at the exposition. The friends of the centennial insisted that they should have "a million or nothing." Governor Nash insisted that \$500,000 was an ample and generous contribution of the state to an enterprise of this kind. His position has proved unassailable. Many of the institutions of the state were not receiving the financial support that their circumstances and surroundings demanded, and the governor being aware of this, and holding to the old-fashioned idea that his business was to protect the finances of the state from extravagance, did all that he could do to reduce taxation instead of encouraging lavish and unwarranted expenditures. The friends of the centennial preferred to decline all favorable legislation, based on an appropriation of \$500,000, if they could not get the extravagant amount of a million dollars, and consequently the legislature adjourned without passing any such legislation. In the meantime, the general appropriation bills had appropriated \$500,000, in accordance with the suggestion of the governor, but inasmuch as the legislature had failed to establish any board or authority to make this expenditure, the supreme court of Ohio afterwards decided that the \$500,000 was not available, for the reason that there was no legal agency in existence under the law that was authorized to disburse it.

So it will be seen that Governor Nash, standing by his recommendation, as well as that of his predecessor, and representing the conservative and wise statesmanship which has characterized his entire administration, deserves the unstinted and undivided approval of the taxpayers of Ohio. The constant localized demands after the adjournment of the legislature for a re-hearing of the case of the centennial by calling an extraordinary session of the general assembly, are familiar to the people of Ohio. All that can be said on this phase of the subject has been well stated by the governor in the following letter, which is self explanatory:

STATE OF OHIO, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Office of the Governor.

Columbus, July 3, 1900.

Hon. Samuel M. Jones, Mayor, Toledo, O.

My Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of the 29th inst., wherein you have been directed by the council of the city of Toledo to communicate with me and ascertain from me what I now intend to do in reference to the Ohio Centennial and the appropriation for the same.

There is no official act required by law of the governor to be done, and the only thing I could do unless it is to call the legislature together for the consideration of this question. The constitution provides that the governor may "on extraordinary occasions convene the general assembly by proclamation, and shall state the condition of the state, and the purpose for which they have been convened." I have been importuned to do this. I have given much thought and consideration to this proposed action in connection with the Ohio Centennial, and my final conclusion is that I will not issue a proclamation calling the legislature together. I have reached this determination for the following reasons:

1st. This power ought not to be exercised by the governor unless the circumstances are very grave, and unless a failure to do so would greatly jeopardize the welfare of the people of Ohio. The present situation in regard to the proposed Ohio Centennial I do not deem to be an emergency of this kind.

2nd. In the entire history of Ohio the general assembly has been called together but twice in extraordinary session. Once by Governor Lucas, in 1835, and once by Governor Campbell, in 1859. Governor Lucas called the general assembly to take action on the boundary dispute between the state of Ohio and the territory of Michigan, over which tumults existed and war seemed to be imminent. Governor Campbell called the general assembly to consider the municipal affairs of Cincinnati, which were said to be in a corrupt condition. This last extraordinary session of the general assembly was without benefit to anyone. It continued for ten days and finally resulted in an act, which was declared by the supreme court to be unconstitutional.

3rd. I have no assurance that the general assembly if again brought together would give any relief to the proposed Ohio Centennial Exposition. This subject was placed before the general assembly early at its last session and was under consideration by both houses for a period covering more than three months. It is true that it appropriated the sum of five hundred thousand dollars for the benefit of the Centennial Exposition, but when it did so it knew as well as we know now, after the supreme court has passed upon the question, that the appropriation would not be available without additional legislation authorizing some one to draw the money from the state treasury and be responsible for its expenditure. A bill was pending making these provisions, but finally it was defeated. I believe this was done because a majority of the members of the legislature, after long deliberation, had reached the conclusion that it was not wise for the

state to spend its money in this way. In all this the executive did not desire, or attempt, to influence legislative action, further than to limit the expenditure to a half million dollars. I believe that a majority of the members of the legislature are still of this opinion, and that their numbers have been augmented since having an opportunity to confer with their constituents throughout the state. Thinking as I do, I cannot put the members to the trouble, and the state to the expense, of an extraordinary session in regard to a matter that has been fully deliberated upon and determined.

In justice to myself, and in justice to you, there are some other things which I ought to say. In your letter you say, "The legislature of two years ago passed a bill authorizing the holding of a centennial exposition and located the same at Bay View Park, Toledo. A commission composed of one member from each congressional district, was appointed by the governor to carry out this project." You further say that the city of Toledo accepted the act of the legislature in good faith, entered vigorously upon the work of preparation, and that she and her citizens have expended and authorized to be expended large sums of money, and intimate that it is now an act of bad faith for the state to withdraw from the enterprise. I presume that you have reference to the act of April 26, 1898. This act did provide for the appointment of the commission and fixed its duties. It said that "the duties of said commission shall consist in examining and acquiring itself with the grounds upon which it is proposed that the said exposition shall be held, and the general plans for the improvement, which should receive its approval before adoption, and shall in respect from time to time such improvements and make such suggestions and recommendations as shall appear desirable or necessary, and in obtaining information as to other expositions of like nature which have heretofore been held, or which are now being held, and to obtain suggestions from the citizens of this state as to the nature, extent and character of the exposition which they may desire to have held, and to procure plans and propositions pertaining to said exposition, and recommendations and suggestions generally THAT WOULD BE OF PROFIT IN DETERMINING WHAT THIS STATE SHOULD DO IN FORWARDING SAID EXPOSITION." It further provided that the commission should report its plans, recommendations, suggestions, propositions and information to the next general assembly within ten days from the beginning of its first session, and appropriate five thousand dollars to cover the expenses of the commission. This act contained this proviso: "Provided, however, that nothing in this act shall be construed as obligating the state for any appropriation for such Centennial Exposition, or in any way as expressing the sense of this general assembly THAT AN APPROPRIATION FURTHER THAN THE ONE HEREIN PROVIDED SHOULD BE MADE." The general assembly in this act, in words as plain as any contained in the English language, reserved unto the state the right to consider the plans, recommendations, suggestions, propositions and information of the commission, and then determine what it should do in the premises. It emphatically informed the public that the state was not bound to make further appropriations for the benefit of the proposed centennial. If the city of Toledo and others, in the face of these reservations, went ahead and expended large sums of money, as you intimate, they certainly did so at their own risk and they have no right to charge the state of Ohio with bad faith.

Governor Bushnell in his last message to the general assembly recommended that five hundred thousand dollars be appropriated for the benefit of the proposed centennial. I said in my inaugural address, "I join with Governor Bushnell in asking this general assembly to appropriate the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, to be expended in behalf of the Ohio Centennial in such manner as may be prescribed by you. This sum is as large as the state ought to expend in this direction." These recommendations were made by Governor Bushnell and myself after we had been placed under the obligation. We knew what the resources of the state were, and we knew that a larger appropriation than the one recommended would seriously impair the condition of the state treasury. More money could have been procured by increasing the state debt, but this burden, which is already grievous to be borne, I did not believe should be increased. Possibly the state under the constitution might have borrowed the money for this purpose. This would have but postponed the evil day. It must be paid sometime. I did not believe it was good policy for the state to enter into this exposition upon borrowed capital.

Gentlemen, who seemed to be promoters of the Centennial Exposition during the session of the general assembly, thought that they knew better what the state could afford to give, and ought to give, than did the officers of the state who were placed under the financial affairs. They insisted that they would have a million dollars or nothing. They were taken at their word and got nothing. I do not think that their mistake is an "extraordinary occasion" which justifies me in calling the general assembly together.

You conclude your letter by saying that "Personally I regard it as little less than a calamity that an opportunity of such very great importance from an aesthetic, artistic and patriotic standpoint should be jeopardized by the failure of the legislature in so important a particular." I feel the same much confidence in the people of Ohio to believe that they will be less patriotic, that they will love art less, or be less cultured on account of such failure.

There is one comfort we can all have. Only one-fourth of the blind people in Ohio of school age are cared for by the state. One-half of the deaf and dumb are left to the care of the epileptics, and one-half of the imbeciles do not have that care. Our jails and infirmaries are overflowing with the insane. If a half million or a million dollars are saved by what you esteem a "calamity," it can be used in the amelioration of the condition of these unfortunate. This is a grand opportunity to put into practical operation the precepts of the Golden Rule.

With sentiments of esteem, I am,
Very truly yours,
GEO. K. NASH.

The foregoing facts in connection with the Ohio Centennial are full of fruitful lessons.

It was Colonel Kilbourne's first public position wherein he was charged with any official duties and responsibilities connected with the finances or property of the state. He has failed to meet the requirements necessary in a faithful public officer, and, above all, in one who would aspire to be governor of Ohio. He has shown an utter disregard of the money of the taxpayers of the state, and his whole project and influence were lent to wasteful expenditures.

If he would be so reckless in the use of the people's money in a position of limited power which he occupied, how much more so would he be as governor of Ohio?

Under McKinley the country attained the top-notch of prosperity. McKinley restored prosperity through the application of Republican principles. Therefore, a vote for the Republican party will be a vote for the continuance of its policies and the maintenance of prosperity.

Splitting Headaches

cured speedily with no ill after effects, by

Clinic Headache Wafers
Absolutely harmless, easily taken, do not depress—act as a tonic on the heart.

CLINIC PHARMACAL CO.,
TORONTO, ONTO.
ALL DRUGGISTS, 10 CTS.

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

JAS. A. NORRIS, Manager.

Friday, November 1st.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT

The Great Chinese-American Sensation

KING OF THE OPIUM RING..

The Native Chinese Actors and Children.
The Chinese Smugglers.
The Police Raid on an Opium Joint.

8—Big Vaudeville Acts—8

Prices 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

Saturday, November 2.

A Glad Night of Joy and Surprise.

LINCOLN J. CARTER presents the World's only Indian Actress.

Go—Won—Go Mohawk,

In the Beautiful Western Play

THE... Flaming Arrow

35—Big Special Cast—35

Genuine Indian Brass Band. Magnificent Scenery and Effects.

Prices 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

ONE SOLID WEEK

Commencing November 4.

AMY SPARKLING SPARKLING LEE.

Continuous Performance.

High class specialties will be introduced between acts by Europe's greatest juggler.

"PROVO"

Mr. Fred Conn, eccentric singing and talking comedian; Mr. Wilmott William; Gipsy Mae Ward and Baby Lester.

Monday..... Miss Harum Scamur
Tuesday..... The Clipper
Wednesday..... The New Forges Ferry
Thursday..... Little Detective
Friday..... Hidden Hand
Saturday Matinee to be announced.
Saturday..... A Determined Woman

COLUMBIAN PARK...

WEEK OF OCTOBER 28.

OHIO CENTENNIAL.

Complete History of the Project From Its Inception.

Extravagant Estimates of the State Centennial Commission.

Governor Nash Was Not Opposed to the Exposition.

But Guarded the Interests of the Taxpayers of the State.

Statement Showing What the People of Each County Would Have Paid in Taxes Had the Million-Dollar Plan Carried.

Colonel Kilbourne, the Democratic candidate for governor, seeks, through private electioneering solicitations, carried on by both himself and his friends, to make campaign capital out of the fact that the project for a centennial exposition at Toledo in 1903 failed to be consummated.

He and his friends have in the same manner criticised the position of Governor Nash in regard to the Toledo centennial, and have undertaken to prejudice the governor by reason of such attitude, in various localities of the state.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Democratic platform is absolutely silent in regard to the position of Governor Nash on this subject, and also the further fact that not a single official Democratic utterance, either of its leaders, or of its press, throughout Ohio, has been publicly made in criticism of Governor Nash's position, it is deemed proper to place before the voters of Ohio a full and correct statement of the entire proceedings in connection with the Ohio centennial, all of which will justify the statement that the position of the governor was courageous, wise and statesmanlike.

Governor Nash and the Republican party of Ohio, challenge Democratic criticism of his record in this regard. They are willing to go before the taxpayers of Ohio in this matter, and to that end the statement herein is submitted to the public.

The idea of celebrating the one hundredth year of Ohio's statehood first took shape in 1896, when the general assembly on Feb. 19, of that year, adopted a resolution providing for the appointment of a commission of seven persons by the governor "whose duty it shall be to formulate plans, and devise ways and means for the due observance of the centennial of Ohio in the year 1903, and report the same to the next general assembly in writing." (See Ohio Laws, Vol. 92, pp. 774-775.) This commission made its report to the general assembly on Feb. 24, 1898, and suggested as a proper memorial of the centennial of our statehood, the erection of a state building near the capitol. (See report of centennial commission, House Journal, appendix, 63rd general assembly, pp. 129-130.)

This report was filed, but not acted upon. Afterward, on the 21st of April, 1898, the general assembly passed a joint resolution "to provide for a grand exposition for the purpose of fittingly celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of the admittance of Ohio into the Union as one of the states," and in this resolution it was provided that the general assembly meet in joint session in the hall of the house of representatives on April 20, 1898, and then and there determine at what place said exposition should be held. (See Ohio Laws, Vol. 93, pp. 736-737.)

On the date mentioned the general assembly met in joint session at the place mentioned, and heard the various arguments of the different cities that desired the location of the exposition. The city of Toledo made the most strenuous effort to secure the location, its representatives authoritatively stating to the general assembly that no appropriation would be asked for from the State of Ohio, and that they would cheerfully and generously bear the necessary expenses to make it a complete success. On a vote for the choice of a site at which to hold the centennial celebration, Toledo received 64 votes, Cleveland received nine votes and Columbus received eight votes. The remainder of five votes were given, one each, to other cities. Thereupon, by joint resolution, it was determined that the city of Toledo be selected as the place for holding the Centennial exposition.

Afterward, on April 26, 1898, an act was passed providing for the appointment of a centennial commission, and payment of the expenses thereof. (See Ohio Laws, Vol. 93, pp. 369-370.) This act authorized the governor of the state of Ohio to appoint a commission of 21 members, one from each congressional district of the state. The object of this commission was to examine and acquaint itself with the grounds on which the exposition was to be held and secure all necessary information in order to report to the general assembly what, in their judgment, the state should do as her part towards the maintenance and holding of this exposition, and their plans, arguments, suggestions and information were to be reported to the next general assembly following the passage of the act, within ten days after the beginning of the session of the general assembly.

After outlining the duties of the commission, and appropriating \$5,000

to pay their expenses, the legislature in said act specifically said: "Provided that nothing in this act shall be construed as obligating the state for any appropriation for such centennial exposition, or in any way expressing the sense of this general assembly that an appropriation further than the one herein provided should be made." (See Ohio Laws, Vol. 93, p. 370.)

Up to this date then it was never contemplated by the general assembly, or any of the officers of the state, that there was any obligation of any sort on the part of the state of Ohio to contribute by appropriation, or otherwise, to the preparation, construction and maintenance of this exposition. It was located at Toledo largely upon the assurances of her representative citizens that no appropriation would be asked, and this provision in the act creating the commission was entirely satisfactory to them.

Pursuant to the act of April 26, 1898, Governor Bushnell appointed a commission of 21, which at its first meeting organized by electing Colonel James Kilbourne, the present Democratic candidate for governor, as its chairman.

This commission after being in existence two years filed its report, as provided by law, with the general assembly, which met on the first Monday of January, 1900. The influence of Colonel Kilbourne dominated this commission, and having signed the report as president, he is assuming, and indeed has assumed frequently since, the entire spirit and project therein outlined. The report itself provided for an expenditure of money grossly extravagant and unwarranted by the financial condition of the state of Ohio.

In the report of the commission, signed and recommended by Colonel Kilbourne, it was estimated that it would "require an appropriation of one million (\$1,000,000) dollars to cover the cost of procuring, preparing, transporting and caring for the exhibits to be furnished by the state, and the erection of all the necessary buildings that should be built by the state." (See report of Ohio Centennial commission, 1900, page 16.)

The report further recites: "We submit herewith, and make a part of this report, the reports of the individual committees of the Ohio Centennial commission." (See same report, p. 16.) Among these reports is that of the committee on buildings. The report of this committee recommended as an expenditure FOR BUILDINGS ALONE, one million three hundred and sixteen thousand five hundred (\$1,316,500.00) dollars.

In order that the taxpayers of the state may have definite and specific information as to the extravagant scale to which Colonel Kilbourne's commission proposed to commit the state of Ohio, and which has been approved and endorsed by him, the following items from the report of the committee on buildings are given: They recommend first that a grand feature be made of the administration building, and say—"This building should be used solely for the officers and administration of the affairs of the centennial, and should contain not less than 15,000 square feet of floor space, and cost sixty-five thousand (\$65,000.00) dollars." (See same report, p. 85.) This vast sum of money was to be expended from the treasury of Ohio, for the sole purpose of furnishing luxurious accommodations to Colonel Kilbourne and his commission.

The report provides further:—

A building devoted to the display of manufactures and the liberal arts, to contain not less than 125,000 square feet of floor space, and to cost two hundred thousand (\$200,000) dollars.

A building devoted to machinery and the display of the mechanical arts and power, to contain not less than 100,000 square feet of floor space, and to cost one hundred and twenty thousand (\$120,000) dollars.

A building devoted to agriculture, horticulture and floriculture to contain not less than 90,000 square feet and to cost one hundred and ten thousand (\$110,000) dollars.

A building devoted to fine arts and to sciences, to contain not less than 40,000 square feet and to cost seventy-five thousand (\$75,000) dollars.

A building devoted to mines and mining, to contain not less than 20,000 square feet, and to cost twenty-eight thousand (\$28,000) dollars.

A building devoted to the department of electricity, to contain not less than 20,000 square feet, and to cost twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars.

An auditorium building for the purpose of public entertainments and assemblies, to contain not less than 25,000 square feet and to cost twenty-two thousand (\$22,000) dollars.

A building or buildings for the department of public comfort, safety and service, to contain not less than 10,000 square feet and to cost twelve thousand five hundred (\$12,500) dollars.

A building devoted to the display of transportation to contain not less than 80,000 square feet and to cost ninety-five thousand (\$95,000) dollars.

A building or buildings devoted to hygiene and sanitation, to contain not less than 50,000 square feet and to cost forty-two thousand (\$42,000) dollars.

A building devoted to archaeological and ethnological displays, to contain not less than 20,000 square feet and to cost forty-five thousand (\$45,000) dollars.

A building devoted to education and schools, to contain not less than 18,000 square feet and to cost eighty-five thousand (\$85,000) dollars.

A building dedicated to the uses of the people of the state of Ohio. This building, in our opinion should be built from materials that are produced from this state, should be permanent in character and should cost not less than three hundred thousand (\$300,000) dollars.—(See same report, pp. 86-87.)

It should be borne in mind that the above items, amounting as stated above to the enormous sum of \$1,316,500, is the cost of construction alone of the buildings named. The above expense does not provide for the cost of furnishing, maintaining and caring for the buildings, nor does it include the expense of executive administration; neither does it include the cost of transportation and caring for exhibits.

The commission, in addition to the

specific sums named necessary to construct the buildings, seem to have this in mind, for they close their report with the following language:

"It is the opinion of your committee that this commission will need in funds to erect suitably, and maintain and equip the buildings that may come under their jurisdiction and care, the sum of \$800,000, all of which is respectfully submitted." (See same report, p. 87.) If they needed \$800,000 to furnish and equip the buildings that came under their care, it would make the total amount recommended by Colonel Kilbourne's commission to be taken from the Ohio treasury for the purpose of conducting a sentimental celebration, amount to \$2,016,500.

The full scope and operation of this project will be better understood if the taxpayers of the state take into consideration that the exposition itself was to be under the control of and conducted by a private corporation organized in the city of Toledo, and known as the "Ohio Centennial company." This corporation was composed of stockholders, nearly all residents of Toledo, and organized for the purpose of conducting the exposition, selling its concessions and privileges, collecting and receiving its gate receipts and all other sources of income, and also receiving all profits arising in any manner whatsoever by reason of the operation and continuance of the centennial exposition.

For the purpose of carrying out the plan of the exposition as outlined by Colonel Kilbourne's commission, and in order to authorize this private corporation above referred to, to conduct the exposition and exercise other powers, House Bill number 385, by Mr. Griffin, "providing for making an exhibit of the natural and artificial products of the state of Ohio, and of objects illustrating its history, progress, moral and material welfare and future development at the Ohio Centennial and Northwest Territory exposition" was introduced on the 13th day of February, 1900. (See House Journal, 74th general assembly, page 218.) This bill provided:—

First: That the Ohio Centennial company, for the purpose of conducting said exposition, shall exercise and maintain full police power and regulations looking to the maintaining of peace and good order, and the preservation of the exhibits of this and other states and countries, and shall also have the right to assign space on said exposition ground.

Second: Said company was to have had the right to grant concessions and privileges, and charge for the same and provide for the exhibition of all exhibits of every kind and character, except those provided by the state of Ohio.

Third: This company was authorized to collect and receive all the gate receipts and other sources of income, and receive all the profits which should arise from the holding of the exposition.

Fourth: The centennial commission was authorized to expend at once not to exceed one million dollars for the purpose of making the exhibit for the state of Ohio. To secure this amount, \$500,000 was to be appropriated immediately out of the state treasury, and \$500,000 in bonds, at not exceeding four (4) per cent., were to be issued, the proceeds of which, also to be immediately available.

This, then, was the financial phase of the Ohio Centennial exposition which Governor Nash resisted. The Kilbourne commission, by the bill proposed, wanted a million dollars at once. According to the statement of their report this was not sufficient by half as much again to carry out the exposition as projected by it. The appropriation of a million dollars was but an entering wedge for the appropriation of a million more before the exposition was commenced. This demand by the friends of the centennial for one million dollars was in direct conflict with the recommendation of Governor Bushnell in his last message to the general assembly on Jan. 1, 1900, wherein he said: "I would recommend to the general assembly that at its session there be appropriated the sum of \$500,000, to be expended upon a state exhibit, and in such other ways as meet your views." (Governor Bushnell's message, Jan. 1, 1900, pp. 26-27.) Governor Nash agreed with Governor Bushnell, and in his inaugural address on Jan. 8, 1900, he said: "It has been provided that an Ohio Centennial shall be held at Toledo in the near future. It is my desire that this celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the admittance of Ohio into the Union shall be made as successful as possible, and I join with Governor Bushnell in asking this general assembly to appropriate the sum of \$500,000, to be expended in such manner as may be prescribed by you. This sum is as much as the state ought to expend in this direction." (See Governor Nash's inaugural address, p. 11.)

In the face of these official recommendations, the bill for the appropriation of one million dollars was vigorously insisted upon by Colonel Kilbourne and his commission, and it was long a subject of contest and debate in the general assembly. Governor Nash maintained the position taken by his predecessor as well as himself, and insisted that but \$500,000 should be appropriated for that purpose.

If the million dollar bill was passed it would have charged upon the people of Ohio that amount, and the interest on the bonds, which would aggregate \$1,090,000. This amount would have to be collected from the taxpayers of this state, and would be levied upon the various counties, according to the compilation made by the auditor of state, as follows:

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Ashtabula	11,215	Lucas	26,273

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Hancock	13,032	Stark	24,862
Harrison	7,187	Summit	20,115
Harrison	6,867	Trumbull	11,815
Henry	4,159	Tuscarawas	5,946
Hocking	6,922	Union	6,409
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Lawrence	4,174	Wyandot	6,961

If the recommendations of Colonel Kilbourne's commission were carried out, the taxpayers of Ohio before they would be through with this centennial exposition would be charged with two and a half times the above amount.

The conflict which arose in the legislature, resulted in the failure to pass any bill providing for the continuance of the commission, and the representation of Ohio at the exposition. The friends of the centennial insisted that they should have "a million or nothing." Governor Nash insisted that \$500,000 was an ample and generous contribution of the state to an enterprise of this kind. His position has proved unassailable. Many of the institutions of the state were not receiving the financial support that their circumstances and surroundings demanded, and the governor being aware of this, and holding to the old-fashioned idea that his business was to protect the finances of the state from extravagance, did all that he could do to reduce taxation instead of encouraging lavish and unwarranted expenditures. The friends of the centennial preferred to decline all favorable legislation, based on an appropriation of \$500,000, if they could not get the extravagant amount of a million dollars, and consequently the legislature adjourned without passing any such legislation. In the meantime, the general appropriation bills had appropriated \$500,000, in accordance with the suggestion of the governor, but inasmuch as the legislature had failed to establish any board or authority to make this expenditure, the supreme court of Ohio afterwards decided that the \$500,000 was not available, for the reason that there was no legal agency in existence under the law that was authorized to disburse it.

So it will be seen that Governor Nash, standing by his recommendation, as well as that of his predecessor, and representing the conservative and wise statesmanship which has characterized his entire administration, deserves the unstinted and undivided approval of the taxpayers of Ohio. The constant localized demands after the adjournment of the legislature for a re-hearing of the case of the centennial by calling an extraordinary session of the general assembly, are familiar to the people of Ohio. All that can be said on this phase of the subject has been well stated by the governor in the following letter, which is self explanatory:

STATE OF OHIO, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
Office of the Governor.

Columbus, July 3, 1900.

Hon. Samuel M. Jones, Mayor, Toledo, O.
My Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your favor of June 30th. You inform me that you have been directed by the council of the city of Toledo to communicate with me and ascertain from me what I now intend to do in reference to the Ohio Centennial and the appropriation for the same.

There is no official act required by law of me as governor to be done, and there is nothing I could do unless it is to call the legislature together for the consideration of this question. The constitution provides that the governor may "on extraordinary occasions convene the general assembly by proclamation, and shall state to both houses when assembled the purpose for which they have been convened." I have been importuned to do this. I have given much thought and consideration to this proposed action in connection with the Ohio Centennial, and my final conclusion is that I will not issue a proclamation calling the legislature together. I have reached this determination for the following reasons:

First: This power ought not to be exercised by the governor unless the circumstances are very grave, and unless a failure to do so would greatly jeopardize the welfare of the people of Ohio. The present situation in regard to the proposed Ohio Centennial I do not deem to be an emergency of this kind.

Second: The entire history of Ohio the general assembly has been called together but twice in extraordinary session. Once by Governor Lucas, in 1835, and once by Governor Campbell, in 1890. Governor Lucas asked the general assembly to take action on the boundary dispute between the state of Ohio and the territory of Michigan, over which tumults existed and war seemed to be imminent. Governor Campbell asked the general assembly to consider the municipal affairs of Cincinnati, which were said to be in a corrupt condition. This last extraordinary session of the general assembly was without benefit to anyone. It continued for ten days and finally resulted in an act, which was declared by the supreme court to be unconstitutional.

Third: I have no assurance that the general assembly if again brought together would do anything for the proposed Ohio Centennial Exposition. This subject was placed before the general assembly early at its last session and was under consideration by both houses for a period covering more than three months. It is true that it appropriated the sum of five hundred thousand dollars for the benefit of the Centennial Exposition, but when it did so it knew as well as we know now, after the supreme court has passed upon the question, that the appropriation would not be available without additional legislation authorizing some one to draw the money from the state treasury, and be responsible for its expenditure. A bill was pending making these provisions, but finally it was defeated. I believe this was done because a majority of the members of the legislature, after long deliberation, had reached the conclusion that it was not wise for the

state to spend its money in this way. In all this the executive did not desire, or attempt, to influence legislative action, further than to limit the expenditure to a half million dollars. I believe that a majority of the members of the legislature are still of this opinion, and that their numbers have been augmented since having an opportunity to confer with their constituents throughout the state. Thinking as I do, I cannot put the members to the trouble, and the state to the expense, of an extraordinary session in regard to a matter which has been fully deliberated upon and determined.

In justice to myself, and in justice to you, there are some other things which I ought to say. In your letter you say, "The legislature of two years ago passed a bill authorizing the holding of a centennial exposition and located the same at Bay View Park, Toledo. A commission, composed of one member from each congressional district, was appointed by the governor to carry out this project." You further say that the city of Toledo accepted the act of the legislature in good faith, entered vigorously upon the work of preparation, and that she and her citizens have expended and authorized to be expended large sums of money, and intimate that it is now an act of bad faith for the state to withdraw from the enterprise. I presume that you have referred to the act of April 26, 1898. This act did provide for the appointment of the commission and fixed its powers and duties. It said that "the duties of said commission shall consist in examining and acquainting itself with the grounds upon which it is proposed that the said Exposition shall be held, and the general plan for the improvement, which should receive its approval before adoption, and shall inspect from time to time such improvements and make such suggestions and recommendations as shall appear desirable or necessary, and in obtaining information as to other exposition of like nature which have heretofore been held, or which are now being held, and to obtain suggestions from the citizens of this state as to the nature, extent and character of the exposition which they may desire to have held, and to prepare plans and propositions pertaining to said exposition, and recommendations and suggestions generally THAT WOULD BE OF PROFIT IN DETERMINING WHAT THIS STATE SHOULD DO IN FORWARDING SAID EXPOSITION." It further provided that the commission should report its plans, recommendations, suggestions, propositions and information to the next general assembly within ten days from the beginning of its first session, and appropriate five thousand dollars to cover the expenses of the commission. This act contained this proviso, "Provided, however, that nothing in this act shall be construed as obligating the state for any appropriation for such Centennial Exposition, or in any way as expressing the sense of this general assembly that an appropriation further than the one herein provided should be made."

The general assembly in this act, in words as plain as any contained in the English language, reserved unto the state the right to consider the plans, recommendations, suggestions, propositions and information of the commission, and then determine whether it should do in the premises. It emphatically informed the public that the state was not bound to make further appropriations for the benefit of the proposed centennial. If the city of Toledo and others, in the face of these reservations, went ahead and expended large sums of money, as you intimate, they certainly did so at their own risk and they have no right to charge the state of Ohio with bad faith.

Governor Bushnell in his last message to the general assembly recommended that five hundred thousand dollars be appropriated for the benefit of the proposed centennial. I said in my inaugural address, "I join with Governor Bushnell in asking this general assembly to appropriate the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, to be expended in behalf of the Ohio Centennial in such manner as may be prescribed by you. This sum is as large as the state ought to expend in this direction." These recommendations were made by Governor Bushnell and myself after we had fully conferred with each other. We knew what the resources of the state were, we knew what her necessities were, and we knew that a larger appropriation than the one recommended would seriously impair the condition of the state treasury. More money could have been procured by increasing the rate of taxation. This burden, which is already grievous to be borne, I did not believe should be increased. Possibly the state under the constitution might have borrowed the money for this purpose. This would have been postponed the evil day. It must be paid sometime. I did not believe that it was good policy for the state to enter into this position upon borrowed capital.

Gentlemen, who seemed to be promoters of the Centennial Exposition during the session of the state general assembly, thought that they knew better what the state could afford to give, and ought to give, than did the officers who were placed in charge of her financial affairs. They insisted that they would have a million dollars or nothing. They were taken at their word and got nothing. I do not think that the mistake is an "extraordinary occasion" which justifies me in calling the general assembly together.

You conclude your letter by saying that "Personally I regard it as little less than a calamity that an opportunity of such very great importance from an economic, artistic and patriotic standpoint should be jeopardized by the failure of the legislature in so important a particular." I have too much confidence in the people of Ohio to believe that they will be less patriotic, that they will love art less, or be less cultured on account of such a thing. There is one comfort we can all have. Only one-fourth of the blind people in Ohio of school age are cared for by the state. One-half of the deaf and dumb, one-half of the epileptics, and one-half of the imbeciles do not have that care. Our jails and infirmaries are overflowing with the insane. If a half million or a million dollars are saved by what you esteem a "calamity," it can be used in the amelioration of the condition of these unfortunate. This is a grand opportunity to put into practical operation the precepts of the Golden Rule.

With sentiments of esteem, I am,
Very truly yours,
GEO. K. NASH.

The foregoing facts in connection with the Ohio Centennial are full of fruitful lessons.

It was Colonel Kilbourne's first public position wherein he was charged with any official duties and responsibilities connected with the finances or property of the state. He has failed to meet the requirements necessary in a faithful public officer, and, above all, in one who would aspire to be governor of Ohio. He has shown an utter disregard of the money of the taxpayers of the state, and his whole project and influence were lent to wasteful expenditures.

If he would be so reckless in the use of the people's money in a position of limited power which he occupied, how much more so would he be as governor of Ohio?

Under McKinley the country attained the top-notch of prosperity. McKinley restored prosperity through the application of Republican principles. Therefore, a vote for the Republican party will be a vote for the continuance of its policies and the maintenance of prosperity.

They Never Fail.

Splitting Headaches

cured speedily with no ill after effects, by

Clinic Headache Wafers

Absolutely harmless, easily taken, do not depress—act as a tonic on the heart.

CLINIC PHARMACAL CO.,
TORONTO, ONT.
ALL DRUGGISTS, 10 CTS.

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

JAS. A. MORRIS, Manager.

Friday, November 1st.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT

The Great Chinese-American Sensation

KING OF THE OPIUM RING.

The Native Chinese Actors and Children.
The Chinese Smugglers.
The Police Raid on an Opium Joint.

8—Big Vaudeville Acts—8

Prices 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

Saturday, November 2.

A Glad Night of Joy and Surprise.

LINCOLN J. CARTER presents the World's only Indian Actress.

Gc-Won-Go Mohawk,

In the Beautiful Western Play

THE... Flaming Arrow

35—Big Special Cast—35

Genuine Indian Brass Band. Magnificent Scenery and Effects.

Prices 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

ONE SOLID WEEK Commencing November 4.

AMY SPARKLING

SPARKLING LEE.

Continuous Performance.

High class specialties will be introduced between acts by Europe's greatest juggler

"P R O V O"

Mr. Fred Cohn, eccentric singing and talking comedian; Mr. Wilmont William; Gipsy Mae Ward and Baby Lester.

Monday.....Miss Harum Scrum
Tuesday.....The Clapper
Wednesday.....The New Fogs Perry
Thursday.....Little Detective
Friday.....Hidden Hand
Saturday.....The New Fogs Perry
Saturday.....A Determined Woman

COLUMBIAN PARK...

WEEK OF OCTOBER 26.

DANCING

Monday evening.....Private
Wednesday evening.....Masquerade Ball
Friday evening.....Private
Saturday evening.....Public

Note—Costumer at Lakel Hotel Wednesday afternoon until 6:30, then at Columbian Park reminder of evening.
Dancing school at Wellsville Thursday evening.

Shenkie's Orchestra.
Joseph Cassidy, Mgr.

ROCK SPRINGS PARK BOWLING ALLEYS

Open every evening and on Saturday Afternoons.

Courteous Attendants

Special Service for Private Parties.

FOOT BALL!

Y. M. C. A. vs. Sebring Athletic Club

WEST END PARK

Saturday, November 2.

Admission 25c Ladies Free

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Trial of Rev. Dr. Swallow.
Harrisburg, Nov. 1.—The trial of Dr. Silas C. Swallow for falsehood has been prolonged for a greater time than had been at first expected, and the court representing the Central Pennsylvania Methodist conference was in session much of yesterday. Although the hearing was behind closed doors and nothing as to the proceedings was given out, it is known that a great deal of animus exists between the principles, and lively scenes occurred more than once. The business of the court is now nearing completion and the committee will adjourn tonight.

Government Stops Work on Tipple.

Wheeling, Nov. 1.—The Flendale Coal company has been compelled by government authorities to stop work upon its pier and tipple in the Ohio river because of the fact that it is 32 feet beyond the harbor line. The company will appeal to the war department for permission to carry out its plans.

Moonshiners Captured.

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 1.—Deputy United States Marshal Cunningham and two other officers captured three men, Everett Lilly, Wirt Roles and O. C. Harvey, all moonshiners, in Raleigh county. This is the most important raid upon illicit distillers in this state for many years.

Congressman Burton Ill.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 1.—Congressman Burton, who was stricken with a serious attack of rheumatism a few days since at Hartford, Conn., arrived here and was immediately removed to a hospital. His campaign engagements in Ohio have been cancelled.

Three Victims of Boiler Explosion.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1.—James Dawson, aged 35 years, who was burned in the explosion of a boiler which killed John Golden and Edward Meskan, at the Baldwin Locomotive works, died at a hospital. The explosion set fire to Dawson's clothing.

SOME NEWS IN BRIEF.

Henry C. Frick, of Pittsburgh, has presented to Fayette county, Pa., a fine portrait of General Lafayette, after whom the county is named.

Three new cases of smallpox developed at Newark, O. The Central school building was ordered closed.

Eleven young men of Westmoreland county, Pa., have enlisted themselves in the marine service of the United States navy.

James Manley, a notorious Pittsburgh crook, was sentenced to serve 12 years in the Ohio penitentiary for assaulting and robbing Michael Edleman in Findlay, O., three years ago.

John Irvine, a hunter, was burned to death in an old shanty near Warren, Pa., and his companion, Gene Christman, suffered terrible injuries.

At Huntington, Pa., fire of incendiary origin destroyed the knitting factory of Harvey E. Funk and the blank book factory of J. B. Koons. Funk's loss is \$12,000; insurance, \$2,000; Koons' loss, \$6,000; insurance, \$2,400.

Send the Alien Anarchist Back Home Instantly

By HENRY LABOUCHERE, M. P.



ANARCHISTS are the enemies of the human race, and the civilization against which they war has a right to suppress them like venomous snakes. But this right, however, does not help us in showing how it can be exercised. It is easy to say

that international measures should be taken to protect society against anarchists. But it is not so easy to explain how measures are to be devised which would find international assent.

A MAN CANNOT BE PUNISHED FOR HIS OPINIONS, according to our view, nor can any collection of men be punished for enunciating among themselves such opinions. But there are countries in which it is held that they can. Here is the initial difficulty of general action against the anarchist creed in all nations. A criminal opinion only becomes a punishable crime when an individual or an association of individuals confederates together to give effect to it against some other individual.

I believe that no international agreement can be arrived at in regard to anarchists, and I should be sorry were we to be a party to one. Each country, however, owes it to the common bond which unites civilized nations to do what it can to put an end to its being used as an asylum from which assassins can plot and carry out their designs against citizens of other countries, whether the victim be a sovereign or the humblest of workmen. So far as countries like the United States are concerned, the only thing that can be done is to strengthen the power of the executive over aliens and, as is usually the case in the United States, over foreigners who have acquired nationality. WITHOUT ANY PROCESS OF EXTRADITION, I SHOULD BE IN FAVOR OF ARMING THE EXECUTIVE WITH POWER TO SHIP OFF ANY ALIEN IN REGARD TO WHOM THERE IS REASONABLE GROUND FOR BELIEVING THAT HE IS AN ANARCHIST AND TO LAND HIM IN THE LAND OF HIS BIRTH, DUE NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN TO THE AUTHORITIES THERE OF HIS ARRIVAL. Beyond this I would not go one step. We have always been proud of England being an asylum to all who on political grounds are driven out of their own country. It ought still to remain an asylum to those who rightly or wrongly are desirous to secure liberty by revolution in those lands where it does not exist.

BUT WE MUST NOT HOLD THAT CRIME CEASES TO BE CRIME BECAUSE SOME SCOUNDREL OR FANATIC TELLS US THAT IT IS A POLITICAL PRINCIPLE WITH HIM TO COMMIT IT.

When aliens admit that they are herded together like oriental hags to commit murder and when they make our country their home, I see no reason why they should be tolerated. It is only right and proper that they should be expelled.

WORKINGMEN,

How Do You Like This Democratic Record?

Were Alabama's Constitution In Force In Ohio, How Many of You Would Have a Vote?

Whether force or fraud have carried the Southern states at their elections in the last 25 years, it is evident that the office-holding class, who have profited by what has been done, are getting mighty anxious lest they lose their grip upon their salaries, and hence, we see all along the line in the ranks of the Democratic office-holders of those states, eagerness to clamp themselves into their positions by state constitutions. The latest attempt in this line is that just framed for submission to the people of Alabama, with a provision which prohibits a change in representation by an amendment to the constitution; that is to say, that seeks to tie the hands of the people for all time to come from making any future change in the constitution itself. The remarkable feature of the constitution just enacted entirely by Democratic votes,—132 to 12,—is that it hits the poor white man of the state as hard as it does the black voter. There are in Alabama still a few outspoken citizens and newspapers that point out pretty clearly this remarkable phase of the pending constitution, and denounce it as it deserves. The discrimination against the white voter who is a poor man pretty effectually refutes the claim of the Democratic party made in the Northern states that it is the poor man's friend. In this section, that party would stand no change except by such a claim; but the political machinery in the Southern states it has controlled so long, irrespective of the wishes of the vast body of voting citizens, permits it to do as it may please there, and to enact such legislation as it likes. Thus the Alabama measure may be taken as a fair gauge of what the Democrats would do anywhere if their party had the power; not all Democrats, of course, but the office-seeking managers, for it is one of their boasts that their party is the same always and everywhere, never has changed, and never will change. The Alabama constitution proposes to make \$300 of property the main test of suffrage after 1903, whether a man has it himself or has a wife who has it. The Birmingham Times, among its comments, has these caustic expressions:

"When Kolb was elected governor of the state of Alabama in 1892, he was elected by white men, and the Democrats counted him out, and devised the Sayer Election law for the purpose of disfranchising, not colored men, but white men, in future, and 18 days only being given in which to register did disfranchise many. The new constitution does not require the registrars to give more than one day to each beat for registration, and it is natural to presume that there was a purpose in so making the law, and that the intention is to have thousands to fail to register.

"Why should the poor be disfranchised; and did not the same God make the rich and the poor?"

"Three registrars in each county can perpetrate all frauds they see proper without fear of punishment.

"The only way the poor and illiterate can save themselves from disfranchisement is to go out in mass and vote against the new constitution.

"The Democrats have pretended to be the friend of the poor white man, but now they say they must disfranchise him in order to disfranchise the negro."

DUTY OF REPUBLICANS.

The Republican party is armed and equipped at all points. It is the dominant party in Ohio, because it is the party of progress and the party of fidelity to its pledges; because the people of Ohio are intelligent and patriotic, and because the Republican party has been faithful to them in all things. It is the duty of each and every Republican in Ohio to see that the record of the state is not dimmed, even by a lessening of the normal Republican majority, and to remember with Governor Nash, that if a hostile blow is to be struck at the policy of President McKinley—the policy of the Republican party—"Ohio should be the last state in the Union to strike the blow."

The country experienced a Mark(ed) improvement just as soon as the statesman from Canton and the statesman from Cleveland could get the industrial and financial machinery of the country into safe working order. And since that time, everything in this country has been Mark(ed) by prosperity and success.

HE HAS
SORE THROAT
And is Gargling With
TONSILINE
That's one way of using it.
Take it, gargle, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails, 25 and 50 cents. All druggists. The Tonsiline Company, Canton, Ohio.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE TO BUY A HOME CHEAP

In the most beautiful residence section of the city.

One new 6 roomed house, lot 40x100, \$1,500.00
One new 5 roomed house, lot 40x100, \$1,500.00
One new 4 roomed house, lot 40x100, \$1,325.00

Houses are fitted with gas and water and are located in Grandview.

Terms of Sale:—Small cash payment and balance in easy payments.

Inquire of

HERBERT & TRAVIS

Opera House Block or J. W. Gipner.

EAST LIVERPOOL BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The HOFFMAN HOUSE.
Corner Fourth and Market Sts.
"THE BUFFET"
Furnished Rooms for rent by day or week.
C. C. TELEPHONE 158.

Oysters served in every style.
J. B. Rowe
RESTAURANT AND DINING PARLOR
QUICK LUNCH.
Cor. Third and Washington Sts.

BURNS & McQUILKIN,
LIVERY AND UNDERTAKING.
262 West Market Street.
Both Phones 10

ABRAHAM BURLINGAME
Wucherer's Addition,
Up-to-date Carpet Cleaning, latest improved machinery. Will take up, clean and relay carpet at reasonable rates.

FURNISHED Rooms For Rent with Use of Bath.
—THE—
ANDERSON HOUSE,
Cor. Walnut and Robinson Sts

DRS. TAYLOR & ELDER,
Dentists.
Corner Mulberry and Locust Street. East End.

C. N. MILLER,
176 West Sixth street,
Successor to J. D. West.
Livery and Undertaking.
Latest methods of Embalming. Lady Assistant.
Both Phones No. 38.

Try a News Review "Want" Ad. if you want best results at once

A Safe Investment!

For the next 60 days we will issue
Paid Up Stock
on which we will pay
Six PER CENT Interest
semi-annually from date of certificate.

The Union Building, Loan & Trust Co.

ICE
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ICE

Have the best, let us serve you with

Union Manufactured Ice.

Prompt attention to all orders.

The Crockery City Brewing Co.



Trochet's Colchicine Salicylate Capsules.
A standard and infallible cure for RHEUMATISM and GOUT, endorsed by the highest medical authorities of Europe and America. Dispensed only in spherical capsules, which dissolve in liquids of the stomach without causing irritation or disagreeable symptoms. Price, \$1 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Be sure and get the genuine.
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., CLEVELAND, OHIO, Sole Props.
Sold at Bert Ansley's Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.

Dr. Fenner's BLOOD AND LIVER REMEDY AND NERVE TONIC.

CURES Billiousness, Constipation, Headaches, Dizziness, Old Sores, Erysipelas, Liver Complaint, Skin Eruptions, Scrofula, "Blues," etc.

For Sale by Druggists everywhere, 50c and \$1. **St. Vitus' Dance**—Sure cure. Circular. Dr. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.
For sale at Hodson's Drug Store.

FOR SALE.

Farm of 105 acres situated in Raccoon Township, Beaver County. A good grain or dairy farm. Well watered by never failing springs, land is very fertile and lays well, part level and part rolling. About 80 acres in cultivation. Good Buildings. 9 Room Frame House. New Stable, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Granary and Out Buildings. Good shipping facilities by water or rail. Farm lies on the Ohio River opposite the town of Industry, 6 miles from Beaver.

Address
JAMES FRIEL & CO.,
135 7th St., Pittsburg.

Atlantic Tea Co.

Our new fruits are coming in and they are of fine quality. Our prices will certainly cause them to move out lively. We were fortunate in securing shipment from first steamer coming in of Valencia Raisins, Figs and Currants.

Price List.

New Valencia Raisins, per lb...10 cts
New Fancy Figs, per lb.....15 cts
New Evap. Apricots, per lb.....15 cts
New Cleaned Currants, 3 pkgs..25 cts
Standard Pkg. Coffee, per lb....10 cts
Will add to our fruit list as the new goods arrive.
Std Gran Sugar, 18 pounds.....\$1.00
Std A Sugar, 19 pounds.....\$1.00
B Sugar, 21 lbs. for.....\$1.00

Atlantic Tea Co.

We lead, let those who can, follow.

THE FIRST NATIONAL....

BANK

OF EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

President—David Boyce.
Vice President—J. M. Kelly.
Cashier—N. G. Macrum.
Asst. Cashier—Thos. H. Fisher.

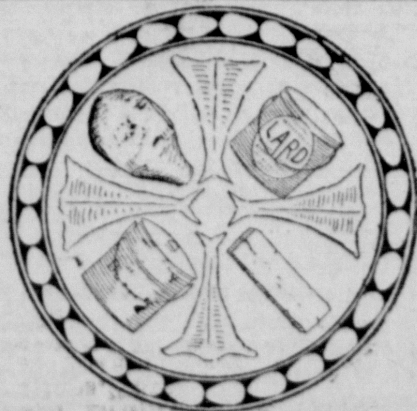
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

David Boyce, W. L. Thompson,
J. M. Kelly, O. C. Vodrey,
B. C. Simms, Jas. N. Vodrey.

CAPITAL - - \$100,000
SURPLUS - - \$100,000

General Banking Business.

Invites Business and Personal Accounts
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.
193 Washington Street.



HOME MADE LARD.

The ordinary lard sold by the grocer is a very poor article when compared to this which we offer. This is produced from specially selected well fed animals and has a most excellent flavor. The process of rendering is carried on in absolutely clean rooms and utensils, thus insuring PERFECT PURITY. We guarantee the quality of this lard to be high grade. Sold by the pound or in 3, 5 and 10 lb. pails.

CHAS. A. TRAJNER,

4-2 East Market, 273 Broad way
Col. 203. Bell 334-2.

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Butler, Pa., Nov. 1.—Relatives and neighbors of James Anderson, who was tortured and robbed of all his money, amounting to \$700, by four masked men about three weeks ago, have raised a purse of \$500 and offer it as a reward for the arrest and conviction of the thieves. They broke into Anderson's house on Brush creek, west of Mars, beat and abused the old man and his niece, and found the money after searching the house. Anderson had refused to disclose its hiding place.

Trial of Rev. Dr. Swallow.

Harrisburg, Nov. 1.—The trial of Dr. Silas C. Swallow for falsehood has been prolonged for a greater time than had been at first expected, and the court representing the Central Pennsylvania Methodist conference was in session much of yesterday. Although the hearing was behind closed doors and nothing as to the proceedings was given out, it is known that a great deal of animus exists between the principles, and lively scenes occurred more than once. The business of the court is now nearing completion and the committee will adjourn tonight.

Government Stops Work on Tiptoe.

Wheeling, Nov. 1.—The Flendale Coal company has been compelled by government authorities to stop work upon its pier and tittle in the Ohio river because of the fact that it is 32 feet beyond the harbor line. The company will appeal to the war department for permission to carry out its plans.

Moonshiners Captured.

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 1.—Deputy United States Marshal Cunningham and two other officers captured three men, Everett Lilly, Wirt Roles and O. C. Harvey, all moonshiners, in Raleigh county. This is the most important raid upon illicit distillers in this state for many years.

Congressman Burton Ill.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 1.—Congressman Burton, who was stricken with a serious attack of rheumatism a few days since at Hartford, Conn., arrived here and was immediately removed to a hospital. His campaign engagements in Ohio have been cancelled.

Three Victims of Boiler Explosion.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1.—James Dawson, aged 35 years, who was burned in the explosion of a boiler which killed John Colden and Edward Meenan, at the Baldwin Locomotive works, died at a hospital. The explosion set fire to Dawson's clothing.

SOME NEWS IN BRIEF.

Henry C. Frick, of Pittsburgh, has presented to Fayette county, Pa., a fine portrait of General Lafayette, after whom the county is named.

Three new cases of smallpox developed at Newark, O. The Central school building was ordered closed.

Eleven young men of Westmoreland county, Pa., have enlisted themselves in the marine service of the United States navy.

James Manley, a notorious Pittsburgh crook, was sentenced to serve 12 years in the Ohio penitentiary for assaulting and robbing Michael Edleman in Findlay, O., three years ago.

John Irvine, a hunter, was burned to death in an old shanty near Warren, Pa., and his companion, Gene Christman, suffered terrible injuries.

At Huntington, Pa., fire of incendiary origin destroyed the knitting factory of Harvey E. Funk and the blank book factory of J. B. Koons. Funk's loss is \$12,000; insurance, \$6,000; Koons' loss, \$5,000; insurance, \$3,400.

Send the Alien Anarchist Back Home Instantly

By HENRY LABOUCHERE, M. P.



ANARCHISTS are the enemies of the human race, and the civilization against which they war has a right to suppress them like venomous snakes. But this right, however, does not help us in showing how it can be exercised. It is easy to say that international measures should be taken to protect society against anarchists. But it is not so easy to explain how measures are to be devised which would find international assent.

A MAN CANNOT BE PUNISHED FOR HIS OPINIONS, according to our view, nor can any collection of men be punished for enunciating among themselves such opinions. But there are countries in which it is held that they can. Here is the initial difficulty of general action against the anarchist creed in all nations. A criminal opinion only becomes a punishable crime when an individual or an association of individuals confederates together to give effect to it against some other individual.

I believe that no international agreement can be arrived at in regard to anarchists, and I should be sorry were we to be a party to one. Each country, however, owes it to the common bond which unites civilized nations to do what it can to put an end to its being used as an asylum from which assassins can plot and carry out their designs against citizens of other countries, whether the victim be a sovereign or the humblest of workmen. So far as countries like the United States are concerned, the only thing that can be done is to strengthen the power of the executive over aliens and, as is usually the case in the United States, over foreigners who have acquired nationality. WITHOUT ANY PROCESS OF EXTRADITION, I SHOULD BE IN FAVOR OF ARMING THE EXECUTIVE WITH POWER TO SHIP OFF ANY ALIEN IN REGARD TO WHOM THERE IS REASONABLE GROUND FOR BELIEVING THAT HE IS AN ANARCHIST AND TO LAND HIM IN THE LAND OF HIS BIRTH, DUE NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN TO THE AUTHORITIES THERE OF HIS ARRIVAL. Beyond this I would not go one step. We have always been proud of England being an asylum to all who on political grounds are driven out of their own country. It ought still to remain an asylum to those who rightly or wrongly are desirous to secure liberty by revolution in those lands where it does not exist.

BUT WE MUST NOT HOLD THAT CRIME CEASES TO BE CRIME BECAUSE SOME SCOUNDREL OR FANATIC TELLS US THAT IT IS. A POLITICAL PRINCIPLE WITH HIM TO COMMIT IT.

When aliens admit that they are herded together like oriental thugs to commit murder and when they make our country their home, I see no reason why they should be tolerated. It is only right and proper that they should be expelled.

WORKINGMEN,

How Do You Like This Democratic Record?

Were Alabama's Constitution In Force In Ohio, How Many of You Would Have a Vote?

Whether force or fraud have carried the Southern states at their elections in the last 25 years, it is evident that the office-holding class, who have profited by what has been done, are getting mighty anxious lest they lose their grip upon their salaries, and hence, we see all along the line in the ranks of the Democratic office-holders of those states, eagerness to clamp themselves into their positions by state constitutions. The latest attempt in this line is that just framed for submission to the people of Alabama, with a provision which prohibits a change in representation by an amendment to the constitution; that is to say, that seeks to tie the hands of the people for all time to come from making any future change in the constitution itself. The remarkable feature of the constitution just enacted entirely by Democratic votes,—132 to 12,—is that it hits the poor white man of the state as hard as it does the black voter. There are in Alabama still a few outspoken citizens and newspapers that point out pretty clearly this remarkable phase of the pending constitution, and denounce it as it deserves. The discrimination against the white voter who is a poor man pretty effectually refutes the claim of the Democratic party made in the Northern states that it is the poor man's friend. In this section, that party would stand no change except by such a claim; but the political machinery in the Southern states it has controlled so long, irrespective of the wishes of the vast body of voting citizens, permits it to do as it may please there, and to enact such legislation as it likes. Thus the Alabama measure may be taken as a fair gauge of what the Democrats would do anywhere if their party had the power; not all Democrats, of course, but the office-seeking managers, for it is one of their boasts that their party is the same always and everywhere, never has changed, and never will change. The Alabama constitution proposes to make \$300 of property the main test of suffrage after 1903, whether a man has it himself or has a wife who has it. The Birmingham Times, among its comments, has these caustic expressions:

"When Kolb was elected governor of the state of Alabama in 1892, he was elected by white men, and the Democrats counted him out, and devised the Eager Election law for the purpose of disfranchising, not colored men, but white men, in future, and 18 days only being given in which to register did disfranchise many. The new constitution does not require the registrars to give more than one day to each beat for registration, and it is natural to presume that there was a purpose in so making the law, and that the intention is to have thousands to fail to register. "Why should the poor be disfranchised; and did not the same God make the rich and the poor? "Three registrars in each county can perpetrate all frauds they see proper without fear of punishment. "The only way the poor and illiterate can save themselves from disfranchisement is to go out in mass and vote against the new constitution. "The Democrats have pretended to be the friend of the poor white man, but now they say they must disfranchise him in order to disfranchise the negro."

DUTY OF REPUBLICANS.

The Republican party is armed and equipped at all points. It is the dominant party in Ohio, because it is the party of progress and the party of fidelity to its pledges; because the people of Ohio are intelligent and patriotic, and because the Republican party has been faithful to them in all things. It is the duty of each and every Republican in Ohio to see that the record of the state is not dimmed, even by a lessening of the normal Republican majority, and to remember with Governor Nash, that if a hostile blow is to be struck at the policy of President McKinley—the policy of the Republican party—"Ohio should be the last state in the Union to strike the blow."

The country experienced a Mark(ed) improvement just as soon as the statesman from Canton and the statesman from Cleveland could get the industrial and financial machinery of the country into safe working order. And since that time, everything in this country has been Mark(ed) by prosperity and success.

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CURES Billiousness, Constipation, Headaches, Dizziness, Old Sores, Erysipelas, Liver Complaint, Skin Eruptions, Scrofula, "Blues," etc.

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For sale at Hodson's Drug Store.

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Price List.

New Valencia Raisins, per lb...10 cts
New Fancy Figs, per lb...15 cts
New Evap. Apricots, per lb...15 cts
New Cleaned Currants, 3 pkgs...25 cts
Standard Pkg. Coffee, per lb...10 cts
Will add to our fruit list as the new goods arrive.
Std Gran Sugar, 18 pounds...\$1.00
Std A Sugar, 19 pounds...\$1.00
B Sugar, 21 lbs. for...\$1.00

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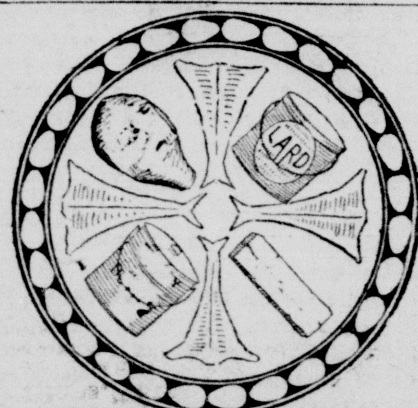
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